



## PSEN sc M 3/5 series

**PILZ**  
THE SPIRIT OF SAFETY

► PSEN sensor technology

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SD means Secure Digital

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# 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Validity of documentation

This documentation is valid for the product PSEN sc M 3/5 series from Version 0.0.

This operating manual explains the function and operation, describes the installation and provides guidelines on how to connect the product.

## 1.2 Using the documentation

This document is intended for instruction. Only install and commission the product if you have read and understood this document. The document should be retained for future reference.

## 1.3 Definition of symbols

Information that is particularly important is identified as follows:



### **DANGER!**

This warning must be heeded! It warns of a hazardous situation that poses an immediate threat of serious injury and death and indicates preventive measures that can be taken.



### **WARNING!**

This warning must be heeded! It warns of a hazardous situation that could lead to serious injury and death and indicates preventive measures that can be taken.



### **CAUTION!**

This refers to a hazard that can lead to a less serious or minor injury plus material damage, and also provides information on preventive measures that can be taken.



### **NOTICE**

This describes a situation in which the product or devices could be damaged and also provides information on preventive measures that can be taken. It also highlights areas within the text that are of particular importance.



**INFORMATION**


This gives advice on applications and provides information on special features.



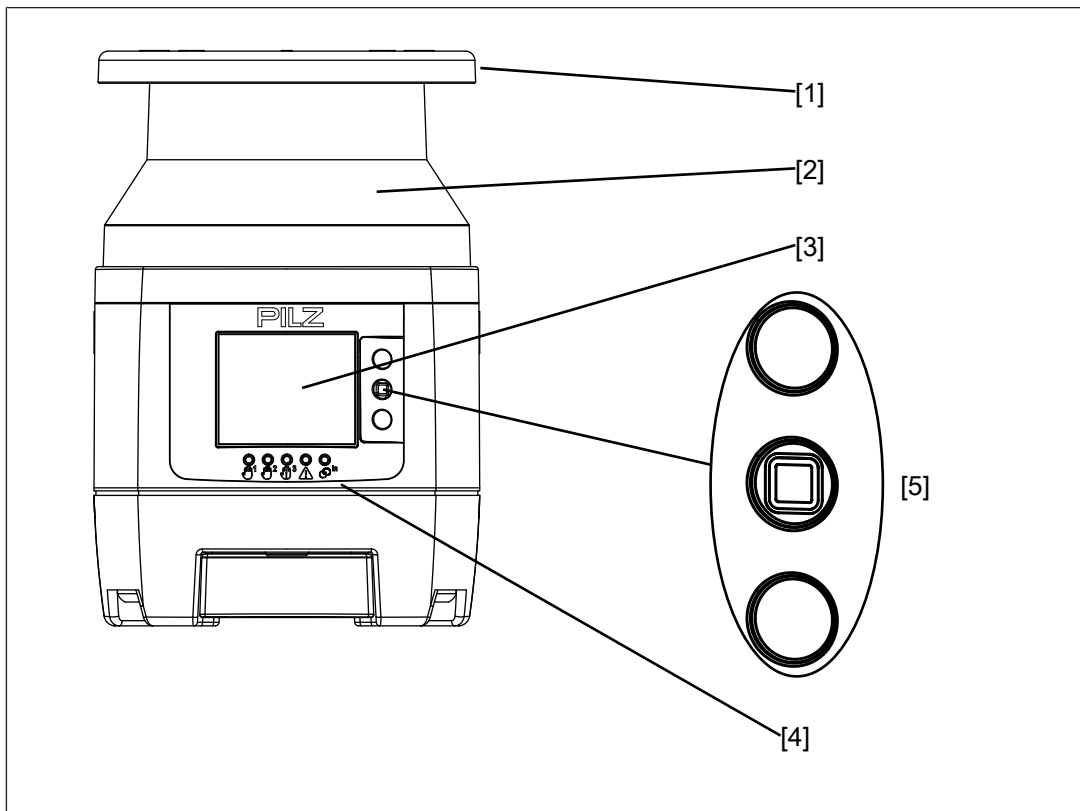
## 2 Overview

### 2.1 Device features




The safety laser scanners of the PSEN sc M 3/5 series are electrosensitive protective equipment (ESPE type: 3) in accordance with EN 61496-3 for workspaces in which machines, robots, and automated systems could endanger the physical integrity of operators.

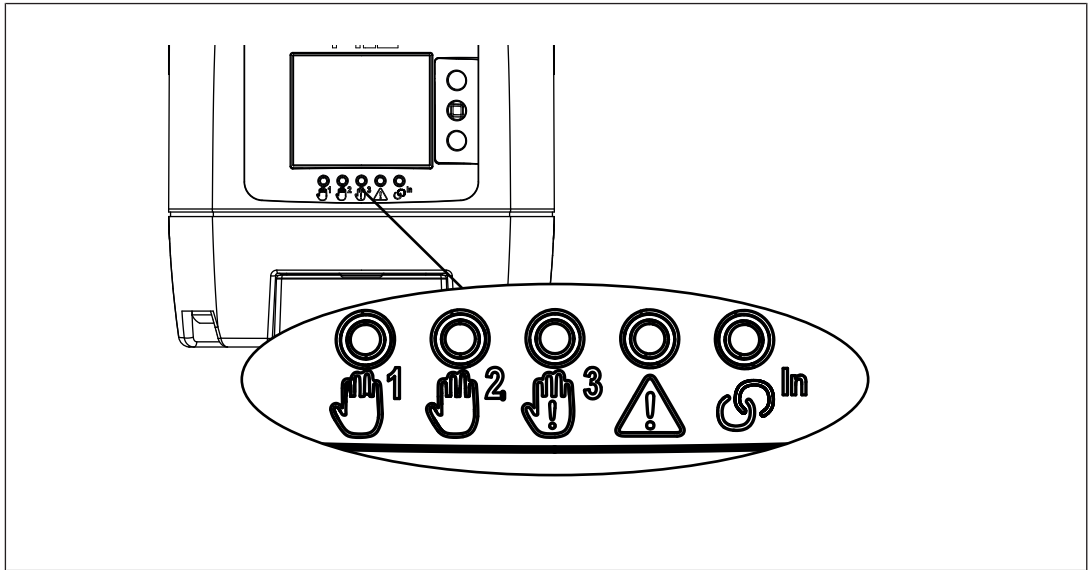
- ▶ Four safety laser scanners can be connected in series (1 master and 3 slaves)
- ▶ In a series connection with the master and slave units the devices can be combined freely in the range and the assigned detection capability the PSENscan Configurator
- ▶ Detection capability: 40 mm, 70 mm
- ▶ 2 protective zones independent of each other (one OSSD pair per protective zone)
- ▶ LED display and display for status information
- ▶ Scan angle: 275°
- ▶ Infrared laser beams build up a 2-dimensional protected area
- ▶ Separation of the protected area in a safety zone and a warning zone
- ▶ Number of **zone sets**  15] that can be switched
  - PSEN sc M with 8-pin connection = 3
  - PSEN sc M with 12-pin connection= 10
- ▶ Enhanced availability by configurable multiple evaluation
- ▶ The safety laser scanner can be installed and operated overhead.
- ▶ Muting
  - Muting in one direction
  - Muting in two directions
  - Dynamic muting

## 2.2 Unit view





### Legend


- [1] Metal cover upper side
- [2] Front panel (exit laser beams)
- [3] Display for device messages
- [4] LEDs as status indicator
- [5] Buttons for scrolling in the display or to confirm the message in the display
-  Scroll up
-  Confirm message in the display
-  Scroll down





**Legend**

- 


 Status of the OSSD 1/2      Lights up green: No object detected in safety zone  
 Lights up red: Object detected in safety zone
  
- 


 Not used
  
- 


 Status of the warning zone 2      off: No object detected in warning zone 2  
 Lights up yellow: Object detected in warning zone 2
  
- 

 Status of the warning zone 1      off: No object detected in warning zone 1  
 Lights up yellow: Object detected in warning zone 1
  
- 

 Locking      Lights up yellow and  


 lights up red:  
 No object detected in safety zone, PSEN sc M 3/5 series waiting for manual restart  
  


 lights up green:  
 No object detected in safety zone, PSEN sc M 3/5 series is ready for operation  
  


 lights up red:  
 Object detected in safety zone, PSEN sc M 3/5 series in OFF state

## 3 Safety

### 3.1 Intended use

The safety laser scanners of the PSEN sc M 3/5 series are electrosensitive protective equipment of ESPE type 3. They are used to protect personnel and systems. The safety laser scanners are designed to

- ▶ safeguard danger zones within buildings,
- ▶ safeguard danger zones of vehicles and
- ▶ access protection within buildings.

The safety laser scanner may only be used for personal protection on machinery if

- ▶ the hazardous state can be removed by the safety laser scanner and
- ▶ the starting of the machine is controlled by the safety laser scanner and
- ▶ the safety assessment prescribes no better detection capability than 40 mm, 70 mm.

The safety level PL d (Cat. 3)/SIL CL 2 is only achieved if

- ▶ The safety outputs must be processed safety-related in 2-channel mode.

The restart of the machine or vehicle can be performed using a manual or an automatic restart.


- ▶ It must not be possible to operate the pushbutton for manual restart from inside the danger zone. The pushbutton must be located at a position from which there is a full, unobstructed view of the danger zone.

Prevent circumvention of the safety zone. This means that other electrosensitive protective equipment and protective measures may be required in addition to the safety laser scanner. These should be determined via a safety assessment based on the specific application range and specific local conditions (e.g. official specifications).

Refer to IEC/TS 62046 to determine other necessary safeguards for securing the danger zone.

Their application must fulfil the site's relevant national regulations (e. g. EN 60204-1, NFPA 79:17-7).

The following is deemed improper use in particular

- ▶ Any component, technical or electrical modification to the product,
- ▶ Use of the product outside the areas described in this manual,
- ▶ Use of the product outside the technical details (see [Technical details](#)  91]).



#### NOTICE

##### EMC-compliant electrical installation

The product is designed for use in an industrial environment. The product may cause interference if installed in other environments. If installed in other environments, measures should be taken to comply with the applicable standards and directives for the respective installation site with regard to interference.

#### **Foreseeable misuse**

- ▶ The safety laser scanner may **not** be accessed and may **not** be used as a step.
- ▶ The PSEN sc bracket H mounted on the safety laser scanner may **not** be accessed and **not** be used as a step
- ▶ The safety laser scanner may **not** be used at an ambient temperature below 0°.
- ▶ The safety laser scanner may **not** be built into an additional housing.

## **3.2 Safety regulations**

### **3.2.1 Safety assessment**

Before using a device it is necessary to perform a safety assessment in accordance with the Machinery Directive.

Functional safety is guaranteed for the product as a single component. However, this does not guarantee the functional safety of the overall plant/machine. In order to achieve the required safety level for the overall plant/machine, define the safety requirements for the plant/machine and then define how these must be implemented from a technical and organisational standpoint.

### **3.2.2 Use of qualified personnel**

The products may only be assembled, installed, programmed, commissioned, operated, maintained and decommissioned by competent persons.

A competent person is a qualified and knowledgeable person who, because of their training, experience and current professional activity, has the specialist knowledge required. To be able to inspect, assess and operate devices, systems and machines, the person has to be informed of the state of the art and the applicable national, European and international laws, directives and standards.

It is the company's responsibility only to employ personnel who

- ▶ Are familiar with the basic regulations concerning health and safety / accident prevention,
- ▶ Have read and understood the information provided in the section entitled Safety
- ▶ Have a good knowledge of the generic and specialist standards applicable to the specific application.

### **3.2.3 Warranty and liability**

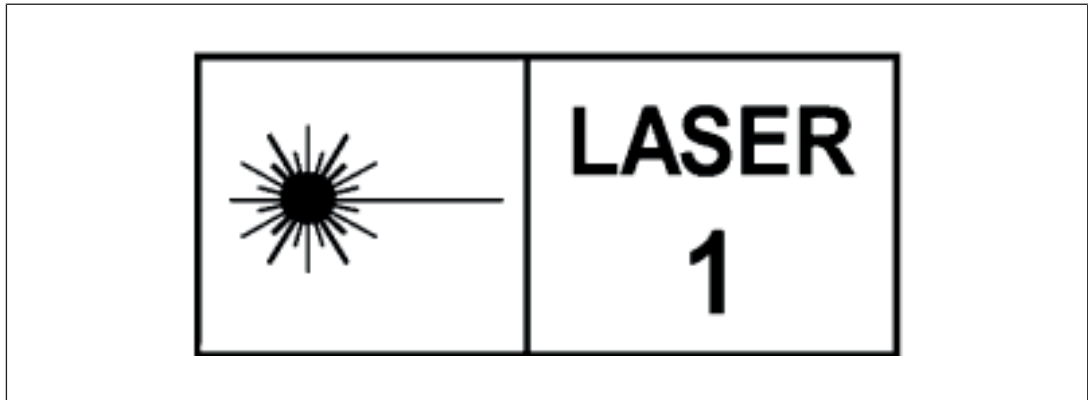
All claims to warranty and liability will be rendered invalid if

- ▶ The product was used contrary to the purpose for which it is intended,
- ▶ Damage can be attributed to not having followed the guidelines in the manual,
- ▶ Operating personnel are not suitably qualified,
- ▶ Any type of modification has been made (e.g. exchanging components on the PCB boards, soldering work etc.).

### 3.2.4 Disposal

- ▶ In safety-related applications, please comply with the mission time  $T_M$  in the safety-related characteristic data.
- ▶ When decommissioning, please comply with local regulations regarding the disposal of electronic devices (e.g. Electrical and Electronic Equipment Act).

### 3.3 For your safety



#### INFORMATION

##### Laser radiation of the safety laser scanner

The safety laser scanner of the PSEN sc M 3/5 series corresponds to the laser class 1 in accordance with EN 60825-1. Additional measures to shield the laser beams are not required (eye-safe).

## 4 Function description

### 4.1 Basic function of the safety laser scanner

#### 4.1.1 Single connection

The safety laser scanner monitors an area that is covered by the light beam emitted by the safety laser scanner.

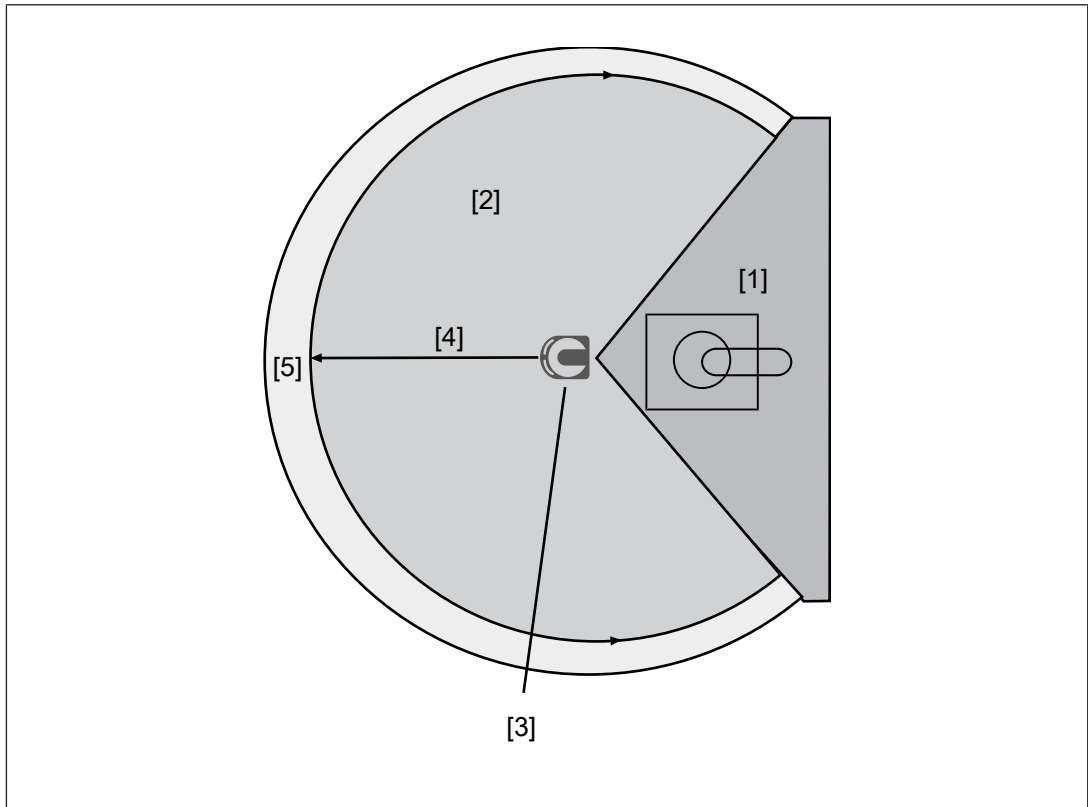


Fig.: Operating principle safety laser scanner

#### Legend

- [1] Danger zone
- [2] Area covered by the laser beam
- [3] Safety laser scanner
- [4] Safety zone
- [5] Warning zone

The area can be divided into a safety zone and a warning zone.

If an object or a person enters the warning zone, corresponding actions can be triggered (e.g. switch on indicator light unit).

If an object or a person violates the safety zone, the OSSDs switch to an OFF state.

### 4.1.2 Series connection

In a series connection, each of the connected safety laser scanners monitors the area that is covered by the light beam emitted from the safety laser scanner.

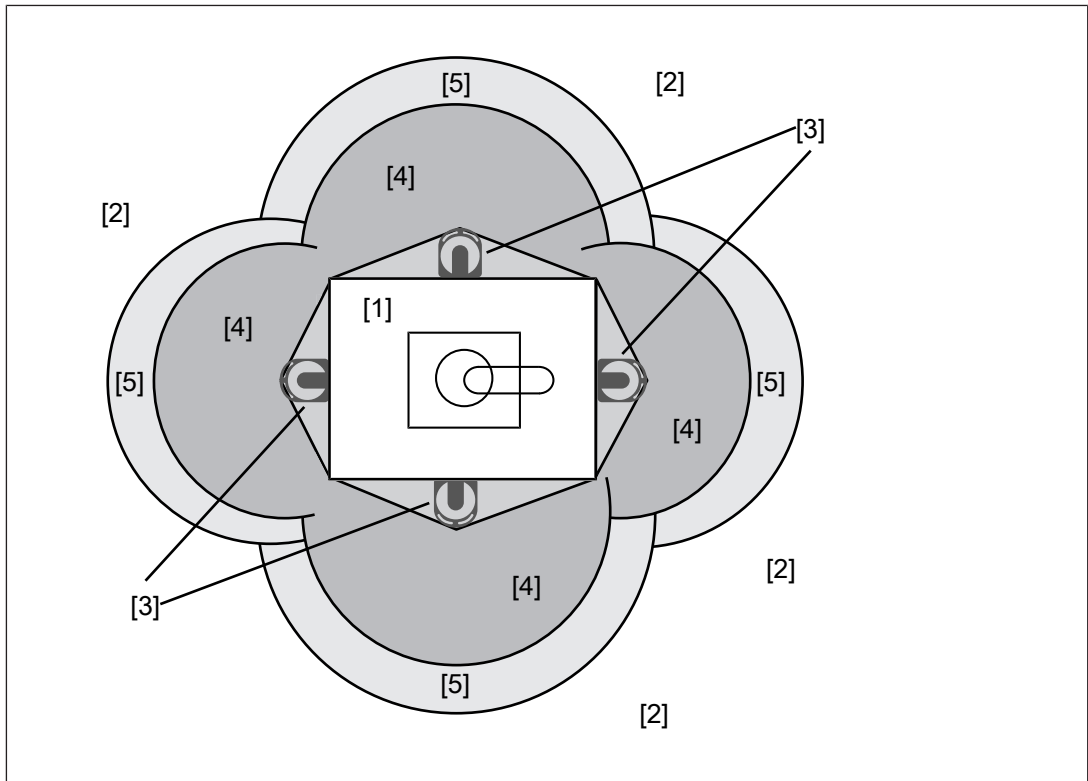


Fig.: Operating principle safety laser scanner with series connection

#### Legend

- [1] Danger zone
- [2] Area covered by the laser beam
- [3] Safety laser scanner
- [4] Safety zone
- [5] Warning zone

The areas can be subdivided independently of each other for every safety laser scanner in a safety zone and a warning zone.

When an object or a person intrudes into the warning zone or safety zone, the status of the relevant safety laser scanner is changed, shown in the display and signalled to the master.

Depending on the violated zone, the master triggers the actions provided for the violated zone.

For a violated safety zone, the OSSDs switch to the OFF state, for a violated warning zone an indicator light unit can be switched on, for example.



## 4.2 Use of zone sets and monitoring cases

A safety zone and one or two warning zone(s) constitute a zone set.

A monitoring case is a defined signal at the control inputs for the current machine state. For **one** specific machine state, **one** specific monitoring case can be assigned.

The safety laser scanner uses the defined signal at the control inputs to activate the zone set, which is assigned to this monitoring case and therefore to a specific machine state.

When a machine has e.g. different operating statuses, a safety laser scanner can be used to monitor several operating statuses.

When using two zone sets, the monitoring of zone set 1 can be switched to the monitoring of zone set 2. The switching is controlled by the configurable inputs.

The standard behaviour when switching the monitoring cases does not plan an overlap of the zone sets.

- ▶ Max. number of zone sets
  - PSEN sc M with use of 8-pin connection: 3
  - PSEN sc M with use of 12-pin connection: 10
- ▶ Max. number of inputs for switching zone sets
  - PSEN sc M with use of 8-pin connection: 3
  - PSEN sc M with use of 12-pin connection: 5

## 4.3 Automatic and monitored start/restart

### Automatic start/restart

After switching on the safety laser scanner or re-release of the safety zone, the safety laser scanner automatically starts, and the OSSDs switch to the ON state under these conditions:

- ▶ Both OSSDs are wired correctly **and**
- ▶ No fault has occurred **and**
- ▶ the safety zone is free.

If the safety zone is violated, the OSSDs switch to the OFF state.

### Monitored manual start/restart

The OSSDs switch to the ON state during operation under the following conditions:

- ▶ Both OSSDs are wired correctly **and**
- ▶ No fault has occurred **and**
- ▶ The safety zone is free **and**
- ▶ at least 80 ms have elapsed since switching to the OFF state **and**
- ▶ The start button has been operated and then released again for a min. 0.5 s and a max. 5 s. The start occurs with a falling edge.

## 4.4 Manual restart

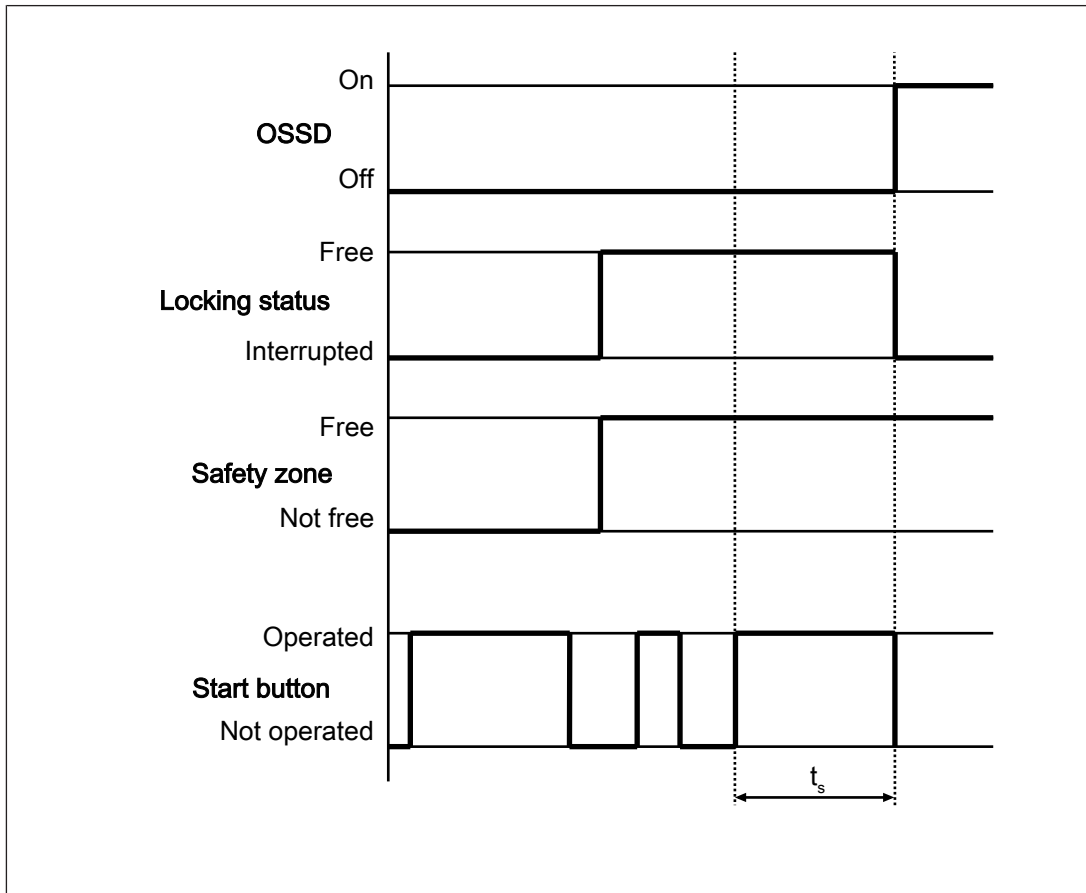


Fig.: Timing diagram for manual restart

### Legend

$t_s$  Operate the start button for 0.5 s to 5 s to trigger a manual restart

## 4.5 OSSD

The switched-on OSSD outputs are permanently checked by monitored test pulses. In the case of detected errors at the OSSD outputs the safety laser scanner switches to the error status.

## 4.6 Reset

The Reset function can be used to set the safety laser scanner back to normal operation, when the safety laser scanner has changed to an error state because of a non-critical error.

The reset pushbutton has to be connected to the reset input.

To trigger a reset, the reset pushbutton has to be pressed for at least 500 ms.

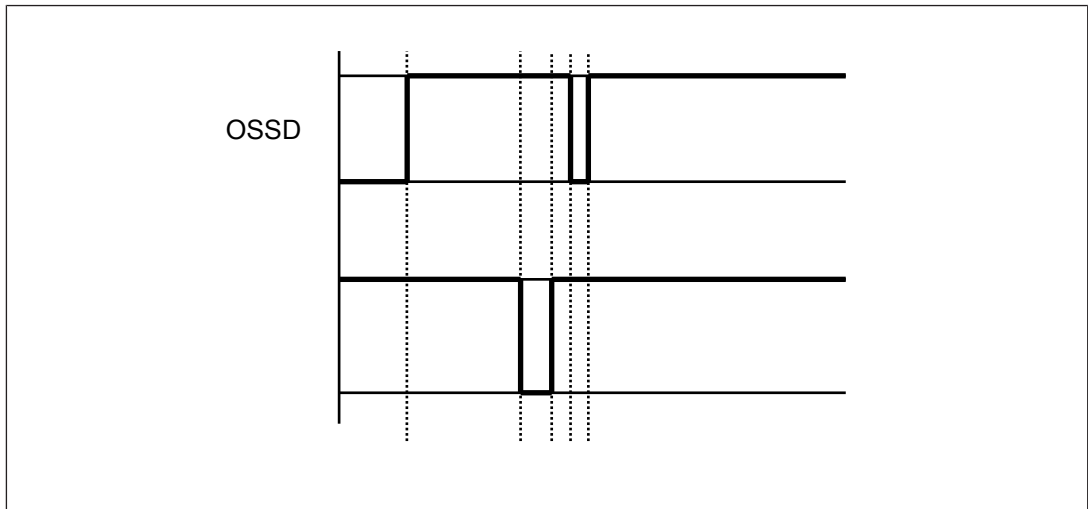


Fig.: Timing diagram reset

## 4.7

### EDM

Contactors outside the safety laser scanner can be monitored (External Device Monitoring = EDM, also known as feedback loop monitoring).

EDM only needs to be activated if the contactors are controlled directly.

A test is performed to see that the N/C contacts switch if the state of the OSSDs changes and so is used to monitor and detect malfunctions on the contactors. If a malfunction is detected, the safety laser scanner switches to a safe condition and stops the connected machine. This check is carried out each time the OSSDs are triggered and before restarting.

The EDM function is available:

- ▶ Only when using the 12-pin connection
- ▶ Only for the OSSD pairs 1 and 2.

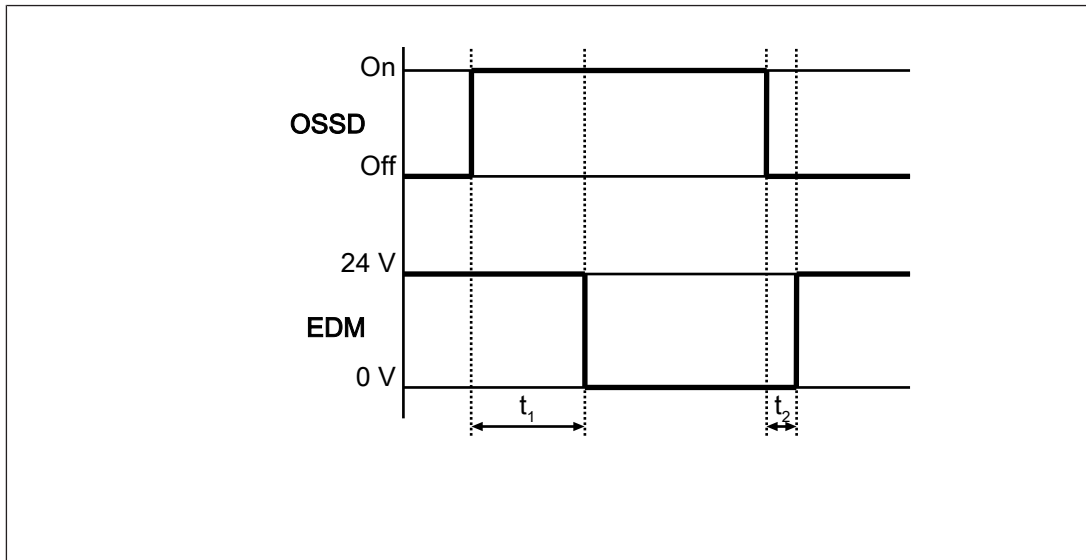


Fig.: Timing diagram for EDM


**Legend**

- $t_1$  After the OSSD outputs are switched on, the EDM circuit must open within 350 ms  
 $t_2$  After the OSSD outputs are switched off, the EDM circuit must close within 100 ms

Use control elements whose dynamics match the times stated at  $t_1$  and  $t_2$ .

The function is activated or deactivated with the [Wiring](#)  48].

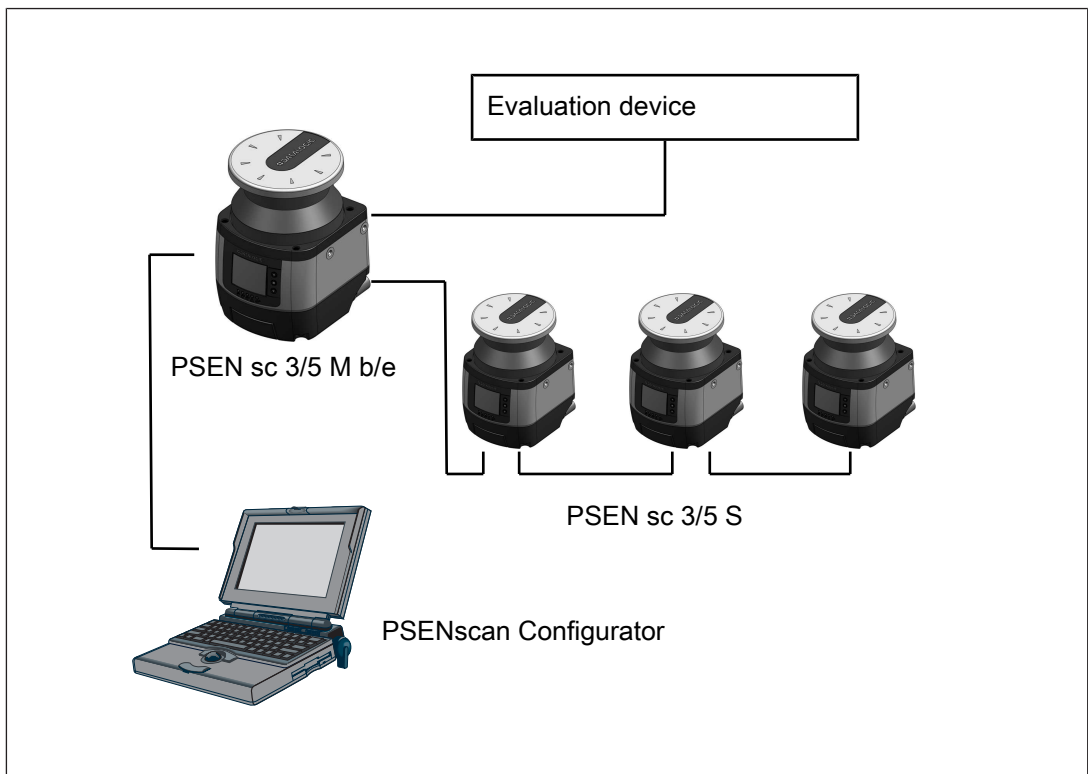
**4.8 Series connection**

In a series connection, the safety outputs of a safety laser scanner PSEN sc M 3/5 are connected to an evaluation device. On this safety laser scanner, max. three safety laser scanners PSEN sc S 3/5 can be connected in series. The safety laser scanner PSEN sc M 3/5 is the master unit, the other safety laser scanners PSEN sc S 3/5 connected to the master unit are slave units (see [Order references](#)  99]).

A safety laser scanner PSEN sc S 3/5 may only be connected to a safety laser scanner PSEN sc M 3/5.

Functions of the master unit in the series connection

- ▶ Supply voltage for the connected slave units
- ▶ Connection to PSENscan Configurator
- ▶ Control of the slave units in accordance with the functionality configured in PSENscan Configurator




## 4.9 Wave

With the wave function, a safety laser scanner that is to be configured in a network can be identified more easily from its position.

When starting the automatic search for a safety laser scanner in a network the wave button can be selected.



The device found registers with the flashing message  in the display.

## 4.10 Muting

The muting function can be used to suspend the safety laser scanner during operation, subject to special operating conditions.

▶ Example of a special operating condition:


Material is transported into the protective zone on a conveyor and the safety laser scanner is overridden for the time it takes the material to pass through.

Muting proves to be particularly suitable when, under certain operating conditions, an object is permitted to pass through the danger zone but a person is not.

Identification of the conveyed material (pallets, vehicles...) must be guaranteed with all

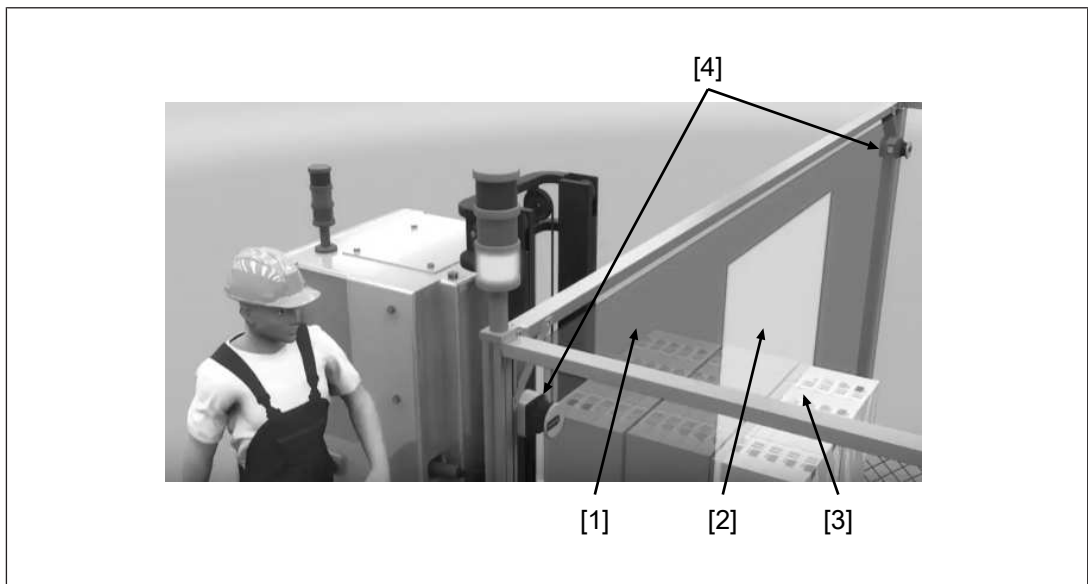
- ▶ Material dimensions and
- ▶ Conveyor speeds

that are intended to arise during operation.

The muting sensors are connected to muting inputs 1 and 2. The muting sensors must be positioned and installed at a right angle to the safety laser scanner (see [Installation and wiring](#) [ 57]).

- ▶ When the muting state of the safety laser scanner is detected, the safety laser scanner triggers the configured actions for the muting state (e.g. switch on warning lamp or warning sound).
- ▶ Muting can be used in various versions.
  - L muting: Transport of material in one direction
  - T muting: Transport of material in two directions
  - Dynamic muting: Available for L muting and T muting

In addition to the conditions for L muting and T muting, activation and deactivation of the muting state can be controlled by the connected safety controller.



#### Legend

- [1] Protective zone
- [2] Muting zone
- [3] Transported material
- [4] Safety laser scanner



#### CAUTION!

##### Risk of injury due to loss of the safety function

In a muting state, the OSSDs continue to be switched on. The connected machine remains in operation and represents a potential hazard.

- Prevent access to the danger zone during muting.

- ▶ The muting state is shown by the muting lamp and in the display of PSEN sc M 3/5 series.

The muting lamp must be connected to the PSEN sc M 3/5 series and positioned so that the muting lamp is clearly visible from the whole danger zone.



- ▶ Use a muting lamp with an LED lamp and a max. current consumption of 250 mA.
- ▶ If the muting lamp is defective, the muting function cannot be activated. Any attempt to activate the function will immediately trigger the PSEN sc M 3/5 series and instantly switch off the OSSDs; the muting lamp fault indicator will also light.

## 4.11 Override

With the override function, a machine can be restarted even though the safety zone is violated by material.

The aim is to clear the danger zone of any material that may have accumulated due to a fault in the operating cycle.

If there is a pallet in the safety zone, for example, and the conveyor can no longer be switched on because the safety laser scanner is keeping the OSSDs switched off (because the safety zone is not free), the accumulated material cannot be transported away from the zone.

Activating the override function allows intervention and enables the conveyor to be restarted.

The safety laser scanner has two connections for override, which are connected via N/O contacts at 24 VDC (Override 1) and 0 VDC (Override 2). Both contacts are closed if the override function is activated.

### Automatic ending of override function

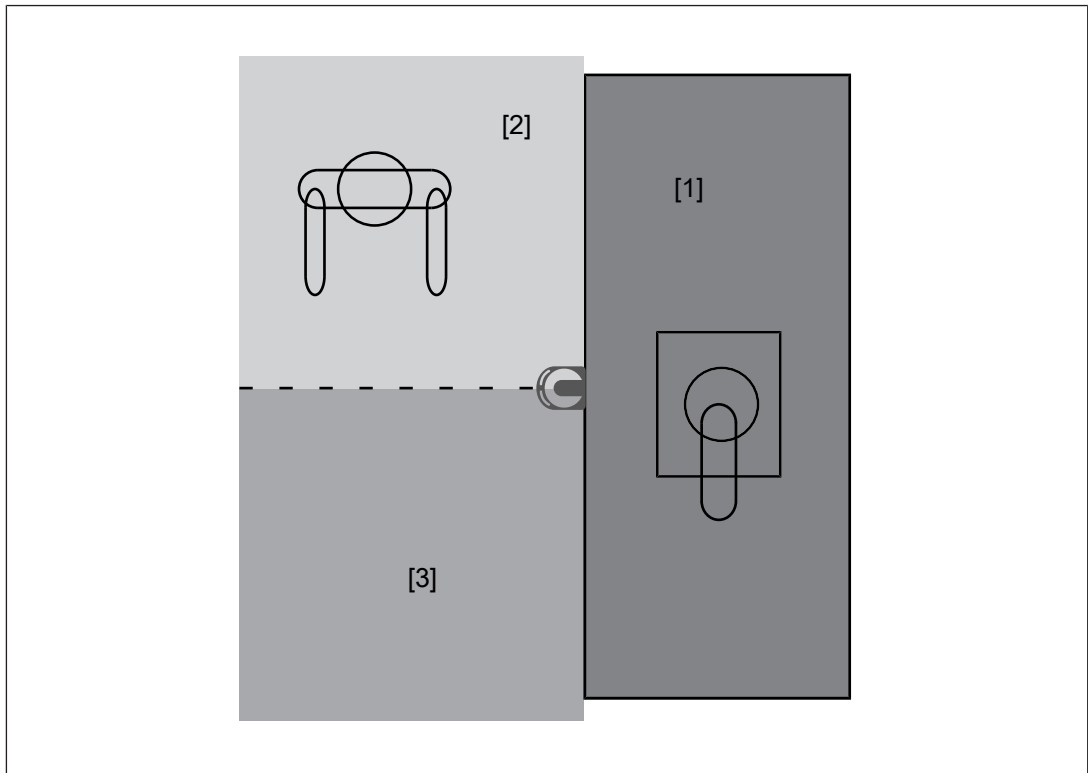
The override function is ended automatically when one of the following conditions is met:

- ▶ Muting timeout has elapsed
- ▶ The conditions necessary for activation are no longer present.
- ▶ Max. duration of override function has elapsed: After 120 s, the safety laser scanner switches back to its normal operating status.
- ▶ No muting sensor is active
- ▶ Safety zone is not violated

## 4.12 Stationary danger zone

Using the safety laser scanner, you can monitor a stationary danger zone, e.g. the environment of a machine that is installed in a fixed position.

The monitored area can be divided into subsections, for which monitoring can be activated and deactivated each.



#### Legend

- [1] Danger zone
- [2] Configured zone 1, monitoring not activated
- [3] Configured zone 2, monitoring not activated

## 4.13 Multiple evaluation

When multiple evaluation is active, an object has to be scanned several times consecutively before the safety laser scanner switches the OSSDs to the OFF state. This reduces the probability that insects, welding sparks or other particles lead to a shutdown of a plant.

If a multiple evaluation of 4 is configured, an object has to be detected 4 times in succession in the safety zone, so that the safety laser scanner switches the OSSDs to the OFF state.

With a multiple evaluation  $> 2$  an allowance has to be made to the response time. The height of the allowance (see [Calculation of the overall response time \[35\]](#)) results from the value of the multiple evaluation and the valid response time (see [Technical details \[91\]](#)).

## 4.14 Monitoring of reference outlines

An outline within the area covered by laser beams can be defined and monitored in PSEnscan Configurator as a reference outline. The outline is formed from reference points.

When PSEN sc M 3/5 series detects a change of the outline, the safety laser scanner switches the OSSDs to the OFF state.



National and international standards recommend reference outlines for vertical applications to reliably detect changes in the installation position of the safety laser scanners. This may be changes due to vibration or changes due to manipulation of the safety laser scanner.

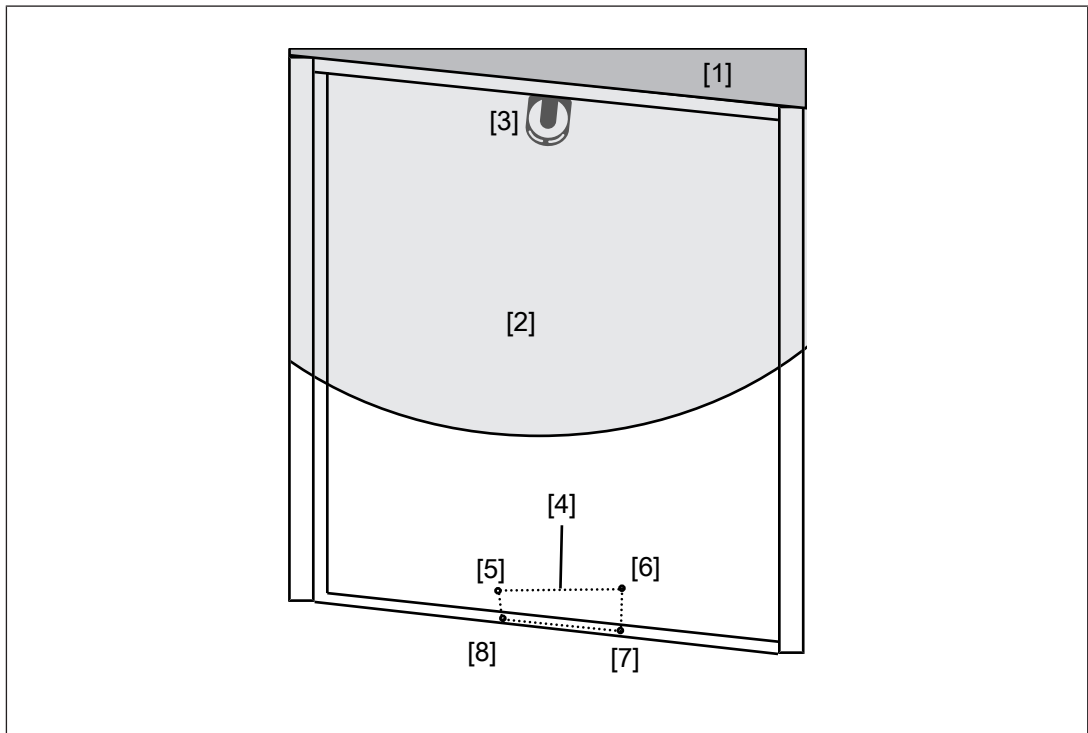


Fig.: Using of a reference outline on a passage

#### Legend

- [1] Danger zone
- [2] Monitored safety zone
- [3] Safety laser scanner
- [4] Reference outline from the reference points [5]-[8]
- [5]-[8] Reference points

## 4.15 Restore configuration

If you experience problems with the configuration, a failed firmware update or any other situation in which the system is no longer functional, it may be necessary to reset the system with a different configuration.

With this function, a configuration can be adopted for further systems and therefore simplify the configuration of further systems.

#### Typical applications for restoring a configuration:

- ▶ Configuration of further systems with a similar design
- ▶ Interrupting the supply voltage during the firmware update
- ▶ Forgotten password
- ▶ Incorrect configuration of the IP address

## 4.16 Examples of application

If a violation of the protective zone is detected, the evaluation device switches off the outputs configured for this. The machine is brought to a safe condition via the connected OSSDs.

If a violation of the warning zone is detected, the actions configured in PSEnscan Configurator are performed. A visual or audible signal can be activated as advance warning.

When using 2 warning zones, different reactions can be configured.

### 4.16.1 Horizontal application

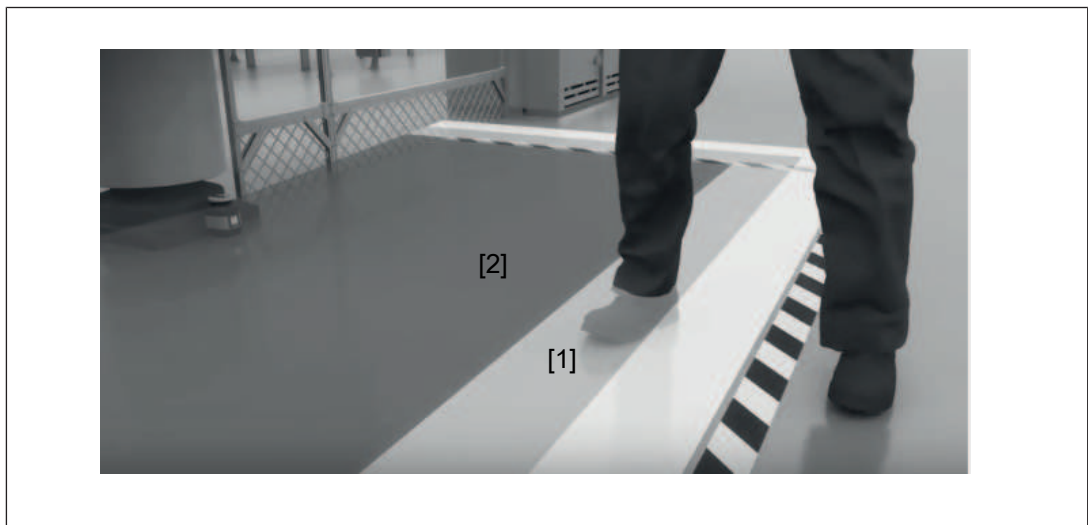


Fig.: Application example PSEnscan safety laser scanner - horizontal configuration

#### Legend

[1] Warning zone

[2] Safety zone

### 4.16.2 Vertical application



Fig.: Application example PSENscan safety laser scanner - vertical configuration

#### Legend

[1] Protective zone

### 4.16.3 Mobile application

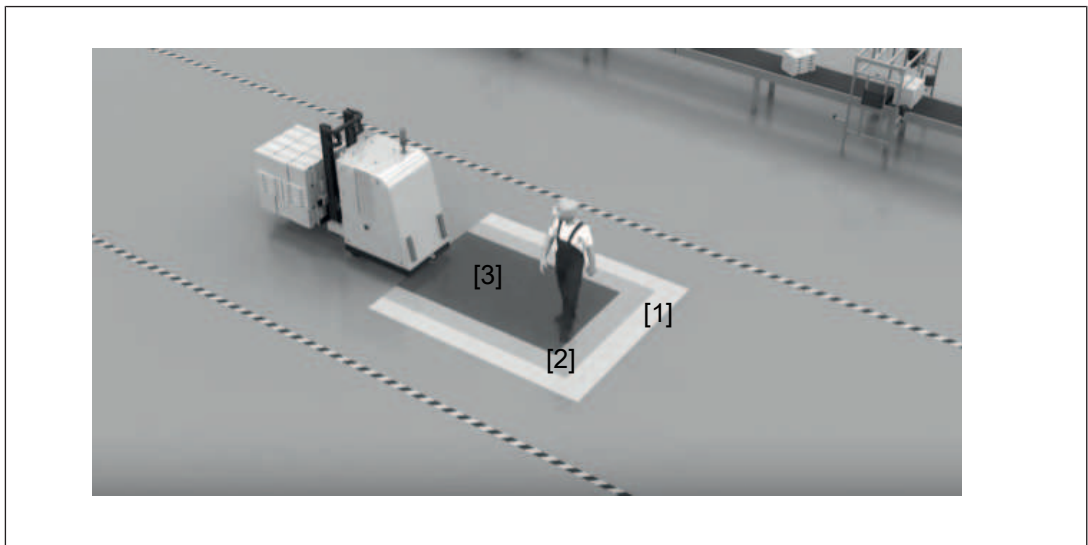


Fig.: Application example PSENscan safety laser scanner - mobile configuration

#### Legend

[1] Warning zone 1

[2] Warning zone 2

[3] Protective zone

The safety laser scanner scans the area in front of an automated guided vehicle system to prevent collisions. When an object or a person is detected, the safety laser scanner sends a signal to the automated guided vehicle system.

- ▶ When the warning zone is violated, an alarm of the automated guided vehicle system can be triggered. The person can leave the route or remove the object from the route.
- ▶ When the protective zone is violated, a stop of the automated guided vehicle is triggered.

#### 4.16.4 Series connection

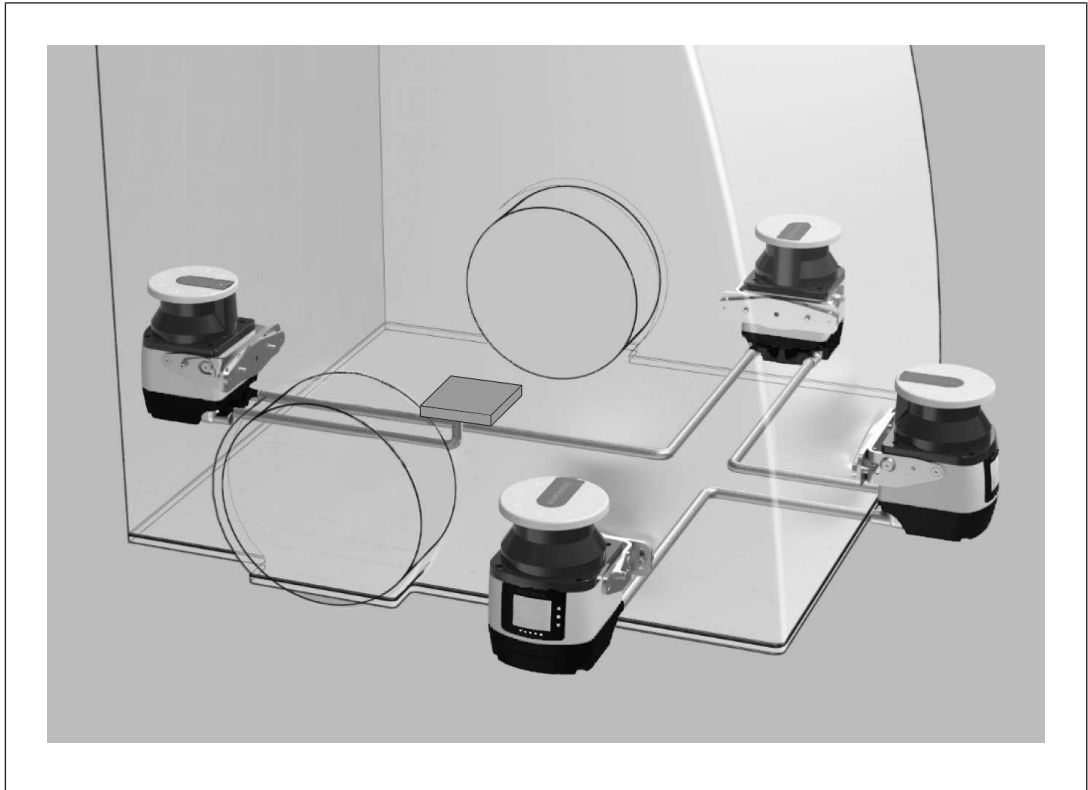


Fig.: Application example PSENscan safety laser scanner in series connection - master with three slaves

#### Legend

[1] Protective zones

## 5 Project configuration

### 5.1 Maintaining the safety distance

#### 5.1.1 General


The minimum distance from the start of the protected area by the safety laser scanner to the hazardous machine component should be such that the operator cannot reach the danger zone until the movement of the hazardous machine part has stopped.

In accordance with the standard

- ▶ EN ISO 13855

this distance depends on the following factors:

- ▶ Overall response time of the safety laser scanner

Time between the interruption of the laser beam and the OSSDs' change to the OFF state (see [Calculating the overall response time](#) [ 35]).

- ▶ Machine's stopping time

Interval between the change of the OSSD to the OFF state and the stopping of the hazardous machine movement (including the reaction time of the connected relay)

- ▶ Approach speed

The speed with which the object to be detected is nearing the danger zone in mm/s

- ▶ Direction of approach

- Orthogonal = vertical application

The object to be detected approaches the danger zone at a right angle to the danger zone.

- Horizontal = horizontal application

The object to be detected approaches the danger zone in parallel to the danger zone.

- ▶ Reflection of the ambient light

- ▶ Preventing stepping behind/circumventing the safeguard

- Height of the scan plane
- Detection capability
- Switchover times

The general formula for calculating the minimum distance in accordance with EN ISO 13855 is:

$$S = (K * T) + C$$

S Minimum distance in mm, measured from the start of the protective zone to the danger source

K Approach speed at which the object (body) to be detected is nearing the danger zone in mm/s

T Overall time from the occurrence of a safety zone violation to the complete stop of the machine

The value is separated for the calculation in  $t_1$  and  $t_2$ , with  $T = t_1 + t_2$ .

- C The allowance depends on the height of the scan plane, the detection capability and the ambient light

### 5.1.2 Horizontal application with stationary danger zone

A horizontal application has been achieved when the safety laser scanner is aligned at an angle of max. 30° with the floor level.

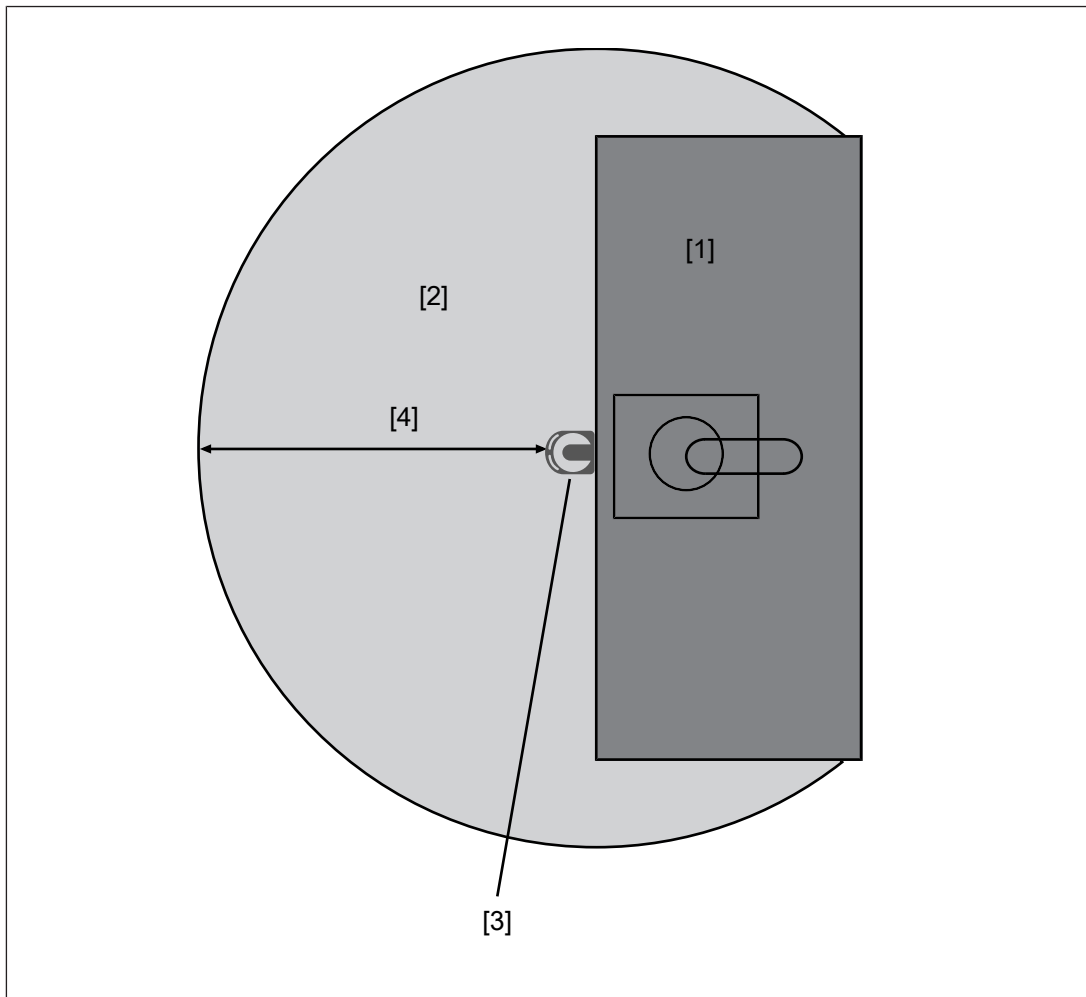


Fig.: Schematic representation minimum distance from the start of the protected area to the danger zone

#### Legend

- [1] Danger zone
- [2] Area covered by the laser beam
- [3] Safety laser scanner
- [4] Minimum distance to the danger zone (corresponds max. to the operating range of the safety laser scanner)

The following applies for these applications:

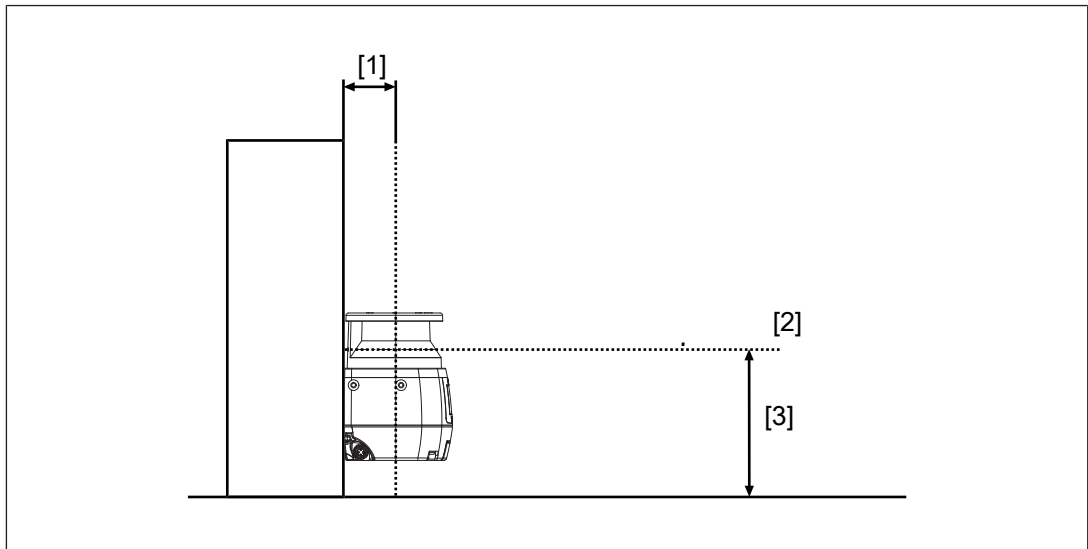
|                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| $S = K * (t_1 + t_2) + Z_T + Z_R + C$ |   |
| S                                     | Minimum distance in mm, measured from the start of the protective zone to the danger source   |
| K                                     | Approach speed with which the object to be detected is nearing the danger zone in mm/s<br>$K = 1600 \text{ mm/s}$ when $S > 500 \text{ mm}$<br>$K = 2000 \text{ mm/s}$ when $S \leq 500 \text{ mm}$   |
| $t_1$                                 | Overall response time of the safety laser scanner in seconds (see <a href="#">Calculation of the overall response time [91]</a> )<br>Time between the violation of a protective zone and signal change at the OSSD output on the safety laser scanner |
| $t_2$                                 | Machine's stopping time in seconds<br>The time required for the machine to stop after the signal at the OSSD output changes   |
| C                                     | Additional distance depending on the height of the scanning plane and the detection capability  |
| $Z_T$                                 | General safety allowance = 150 mm   |
| $Z_R$                                 | Allowance when installing near intense light sources or reflective surfaces (see <a href="#">Distance to intense light sources and to reflective surfaces [91]</a> )  |

**Determining the additional distance C depending on the height of the scanning plane and the detection capability (see EN ISO 13855)**

$$C = (1200 - 0.4H)$$

Please note:

- ▶ Permitted height H of the scanning plane
  - $H \geq 15(d-50)$   
 $d = \text{Resolution}$  (see [Technical details \[91\]](#))
  - Max. 1000 mm
- ▶ When the safety laser scanner is to be placed at a height of  $H > 300 \text{ mm}$ , there is a risk of creeping underneath the safety zone. This is to be taken into account in the risk assessment, and if required additional protective measures must be taken.



**Legend**

- [1] Opening between the origin of the laser beam of the safety laser scanner and the mounting area
- [2] Scanning plane
- [3] Height H between scanning plane and base area



**CAUTION!**

**Risk of injury due to insufficient safeguard**

Reaching into the opening between safety laser scanner and mounting area can lead to injuries.

- Prevent reaching into the opening by using a suitable safeguard.

**5.1.3**

**Horizontal application with automated guided vehicle systems**

The following applies for these applications:

$$S = S_{Br} + (T_{RtV} + t_1) * V_{max} + Z_T + Z_R + Z_F + Z_B$$

|   |   |
|---|---|
| S | Minimum distance in mm, measured from the start of the protective zone to the danger source |
|---|---|

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| $S_{Br}$ | Braking distance of the automated guided vehicle system (AGV) (see Technical details of the AGV) |
|----------|--|

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| $T_{RtV}$ | Response time of the vehicle control system (see Technical details of the vehicle control system) |
|-----------|---|

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| $t_1$ | Overall response time of the safety laser scanner in seconds (see <a href="#">Calculation of the overall response time [35]</a> )<br>Time between the violation of a protective zone and signal change at the OSSD output on the safety laser scanner |
|-------|---|

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| $V_{max}$ | Maximum speed of the automated guided vehicle system (AGV) (see Technical details of the AGV) |
|-----------|---|



|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Z <sub>T</sub> | General safety allowance = 150 mm   |
| Z <sub>R</sub> | Allowance when installing near intense light sources or reflective surfaces (see <a href="#">Distance to intense light sources and to reflective surfaces</a> [📖 37]) |
| Z <sub>F</sub> | Allowance for missing ground clearance (length of a foot)   |
| Z <sub>B</sub> | Allowance for decreasing braking power of the automated guided vehicle system (AGV) (10 %)  |

Please note:

► Height of the scan plane

Pilz recommends a scan plane height of 15 cm.

A person lying on the floor is detected. A lower height would lead to reduced availability because of the increased dust formation on the floor.

► If required, prevent the access to dead zone on the sides of the automated guided vehicle system by additional safeguards.

If this is not possible, the speed of the automated guided vehicle system must be limited to 0.3 m/s.

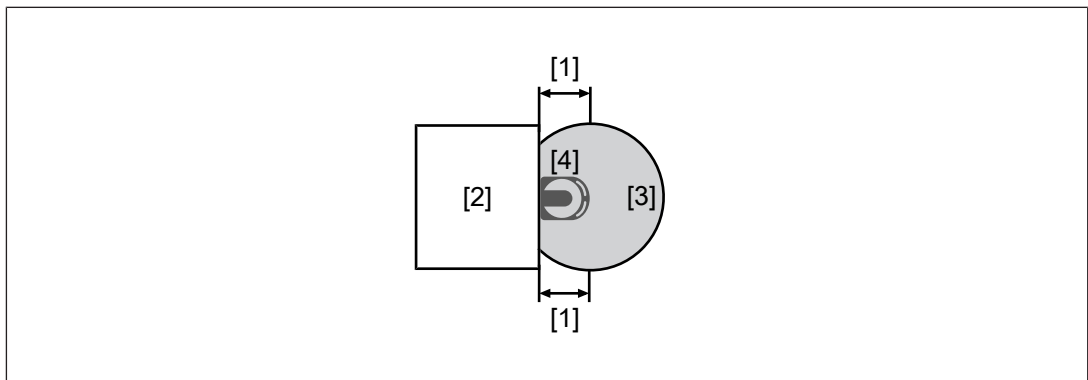


Fig.: Schematic representation of dead zones to the side of the automated guided vehicle system

**Legend**

- [1] Dead zones
- [2] Automated guided vehicle system
- [3] Area covered by the laser beam
- [4] Safety laser scanner



**CAUTION!**

**Risk of injury due to insufficient safeguard**

Reaching into the opening between safety laser scanner and mounting area can lead to injuries.

- Prevent reaching into the opening by using a suitable safeguard.

### 5.1.4 Vertical application

A vertical application is given if the safety laser scanner is aligned at an angle of min. 30° with the floor level.

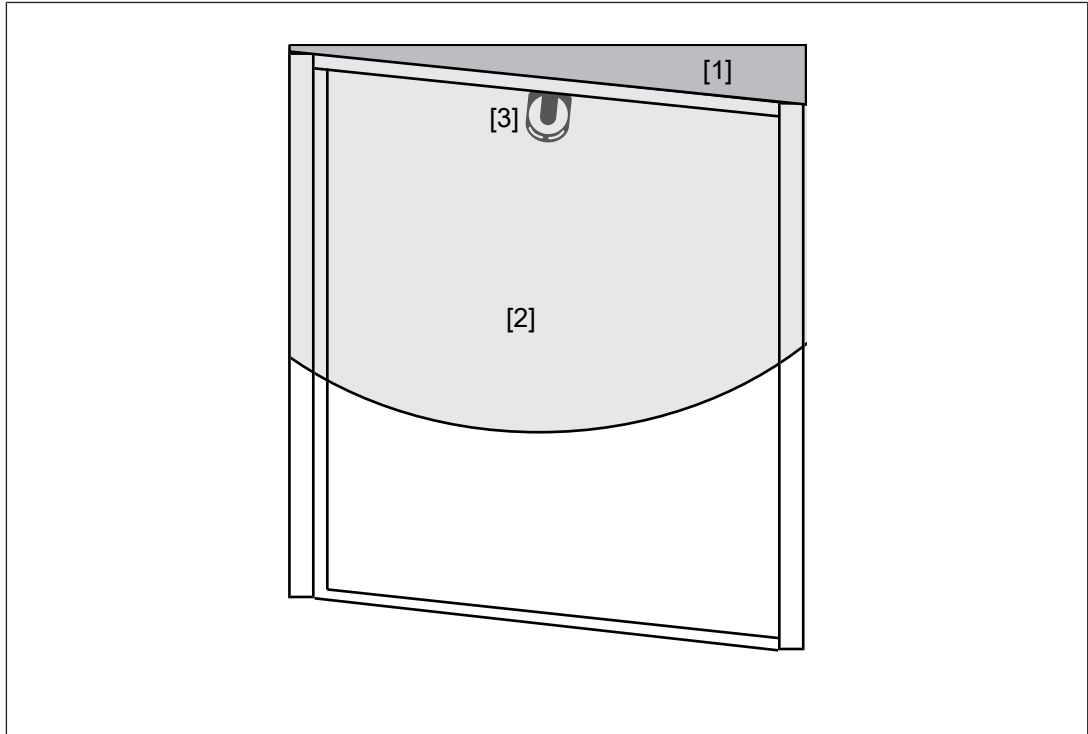


Fig.: Schematic representation of a vertical application on a passage

#### Legend

- [1] Danger zone
- [2] Area covered by the laser beam
- [3] Safety laser scanner

The following applies for these applications:

$$S = K * (t_1 + t_2) + Z_T + Z_R + C$$

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| S     | Minimum distance in mm, measured from the start of the protective zone to the danger source  |
| K     | Approach speed with which the object to be detected is nearing the danger zone in mm/s<br>$K = 1600 \text{ mm/s}$ when $S > 500 \text{ mm}$<br>$K = 2000 \text{ mm/s}$ when $S \leq 500 \text{ mm}$  |
| $t_1$ | Overall response time of the safety laser scanner in seconds (see <a href="#">Calculation of the overall response time</a> [35])<br>Time between the violation of a protective zone and signal change at the OSSD output on the safety laser scanner |
| $t_2$ | Machine's stopping time in seconds<br>The time required for the machine to stop after the signal at the OSSD output changes  |

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| C              | Additional distance depend on the detection capability d<br>C = 8(d-14 mm) with d ≤ 40 mm<br>C = 850 mm/s with d > 40 mm   |
| Z <sub>R</sub> | Allowance when installing near intense light sources or reflective surfaces (see <a href="#">Distance to intense light sources and to reflective surfaces [37]</a> ) |

## 5.2 Calculation of the overall response time

The overall response time results from the response time  $t_1$  (see [Technical details \[91\]](#)), an allowance of 30 ms  $t_{\text{multiple}}$  for each scan > 2 and with a series connection an allowance of 10 ms per slave.

Overall response time  $T_{\text{overall}}$

$$T_{\text{overall}} = t_1 + t_{\text{multiple}}$$

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| $t_1$                 | Response time $t_1$ (see <a href="#">Technical details [91]</a> )                  |
| $t_{\text{multiple}}$ | Allowance 30 ms per rotation of the safety laser scanner (multiple evaluation > 2) |

In a multiple evaluation = 3 the allowance is  $T_{\text{multiple}} = 30$  ms.

Each further increase of the multiple evaluation by 1 increases the allowance  $T_{\text{multiple}}$  by 30 ms.

## 5.3 Reference outline monitoring

To detect body parts in vertical applications, national and international standards recommend monitoring a reference outline.

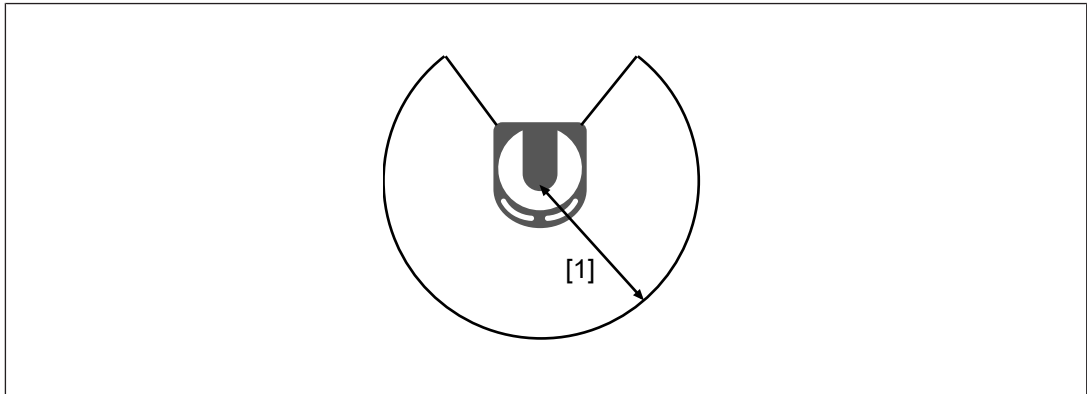
The reference outline is configured during the first installation of PSEN sc M 3/5 series. The distances measured during configuration are used as reference values for monitoring the reference outline.

## 5.4 Area with limited detection capability

In the area of max. 100 mm before the laser scanner there is an areas with limited detection capability.

Please note:

- ▶ The area with limited detection capability must not be accessible for objects or persons.
- ▶ Install the safety laser scanner so that no objects can enter the zone with limited detection capability. Avoid installing the safety laser scanner below cable trays, so that cables cannot enter the area with limited detection capability.



**Legend**

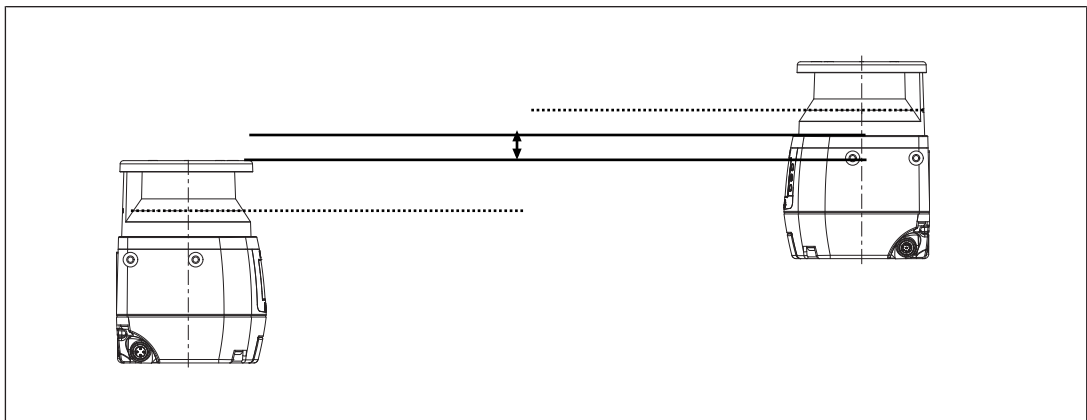
[1] Area with limited detection capability

## 5.5 Installation of several adjacent safety laser scanners

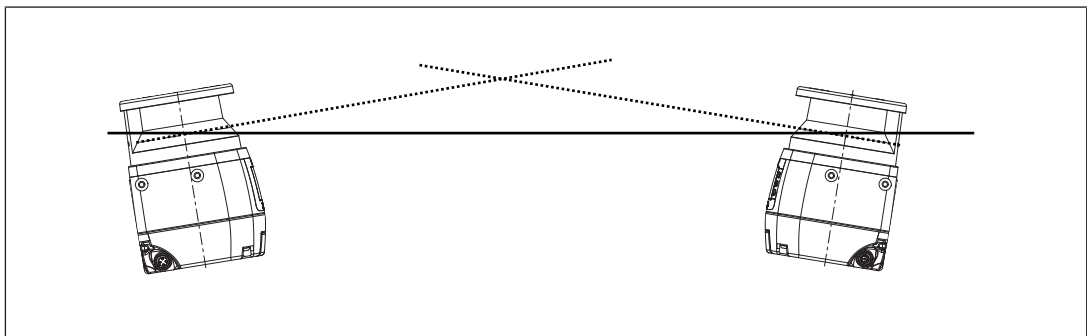
When safety laser scanners have to be installed in an area, it must be ensured that an interference between the safety laser scanners occur at a maximum for the duration of the double rotation time (see [Technical details](#) [91]).

This can be achieved by installing the safety laser scanner in various heights or inclination or by an opaque object between two laser scanners.

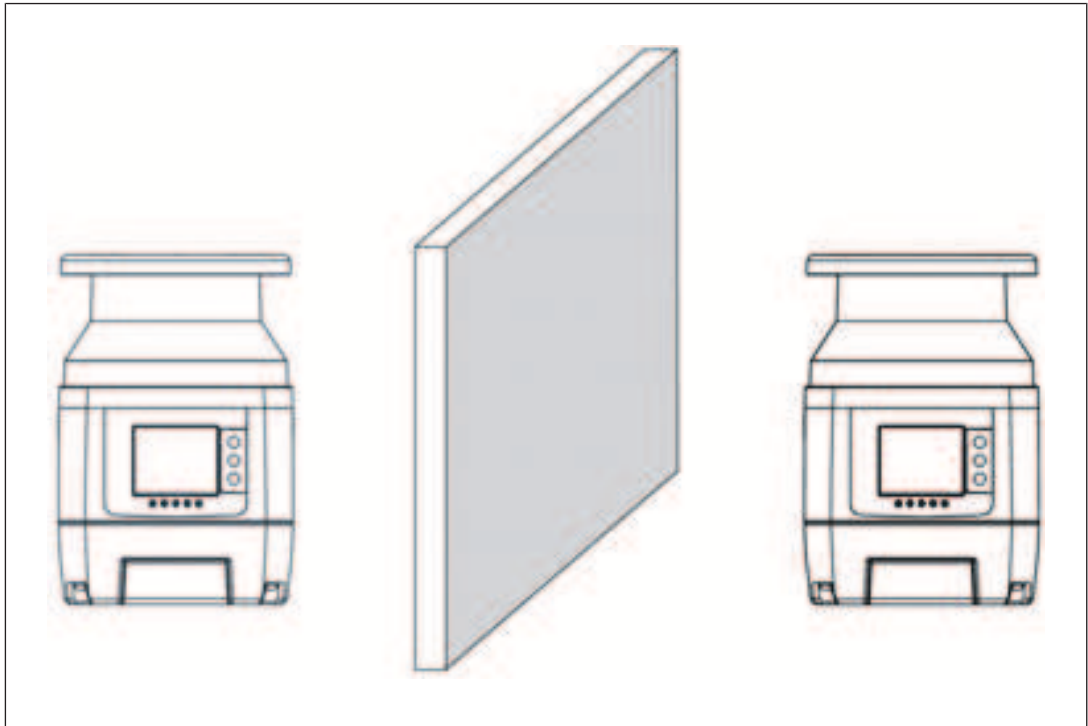
- ▶ Change the height of the safety laser scanners





- ▶ Change the inclination of the safety laser scanners.



- ▶ Place an opaque object between the safety laser scanners



## 5.6 Ambient conditions

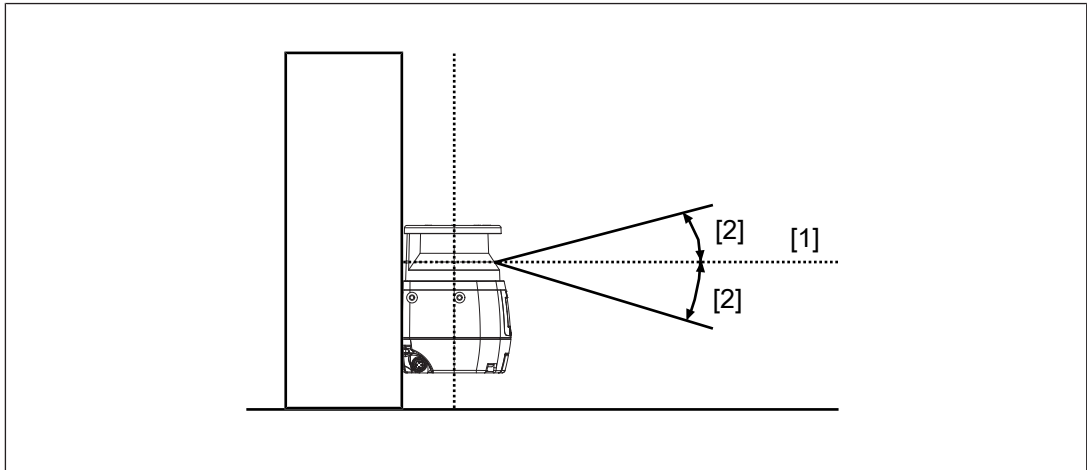
- ▶ Install the safety laser scanner in an environment that corresponds to the environmental data provided in the [Technical details](#) [ 91].
- ▶ If there is a highly reflective background within a distance of 2.5 m from the safety zone perimeter (e.g. a shiny metallic surface), errors in the calculation of the exact distance to the detected object may occur.
  - Reduce the reflection of the background or remove the background **or**
  - add the allowance  $Z_R$  to the minimum safety distance (see [Distance to intense light sources and to reflective surfaces](#) [ 37]).
- ▶ The transmitter of a safety laser scanner must not interfere with another safety laser scanner .
- ▶ Avoid strong electromagnetic interference when operating the safety laser scanner.
- ▶ When operating the safety laser scanner, avoid the development of smoke, mist, or dust that would reduce the safety laser scanner's range.

## 5.7 Distance to intense light sources and to reflective surfaces

### Minimum distance to especially intense or flashing light sources

Pilz recommends that the safety laser scanner is not installed near particularly intense or flashing light sources.

When especially intense or flashing light sources are near the safety laser scanner (area of +/- 5° to the scanning plane, see figure), an allowance has to be considered when calculating the safety distance.



### Legend

- [1] Scanning plane
- [2] Area of +/- 5° to the scanning plane

### Minimum distance from reflective surfaces

If there are reflective surfaces near the laser beams emitted from the safety laser scanner (whether from above, below, or from the side), passive reflections can cause an object within the safety zone to remain undetected.

- ▶ Objects that may be influenced by safety laser scanners through ambient light, must not be placed within the opening angle of the laser beam.
- ▶ Pilz recommends that you install the safety laser scanner at a minimum distance of 2.5 m to reflective surfaces. (The recommendation was determined with a background reflection of  $\frac{cd}{300 \text{ m}^2 \cdot \text{lx}}$ . For highly reflective backgrounds an additional safety assessment is required, taking into account the reflective background. This may result in a higher allowance.)

### Allowance $Z_R$ with distances below the recommended minimum distances to intense light sources or reflective surfaces

If the recommended distances cannot be met, the allowance  $Z_R$  must be considered when [calculating the safety distance](#) [30].

The value for the allowance  $Z_R$  depends on the selected level of the dust filter, on the selected detection capability and on the determined safety distance without this allowance.

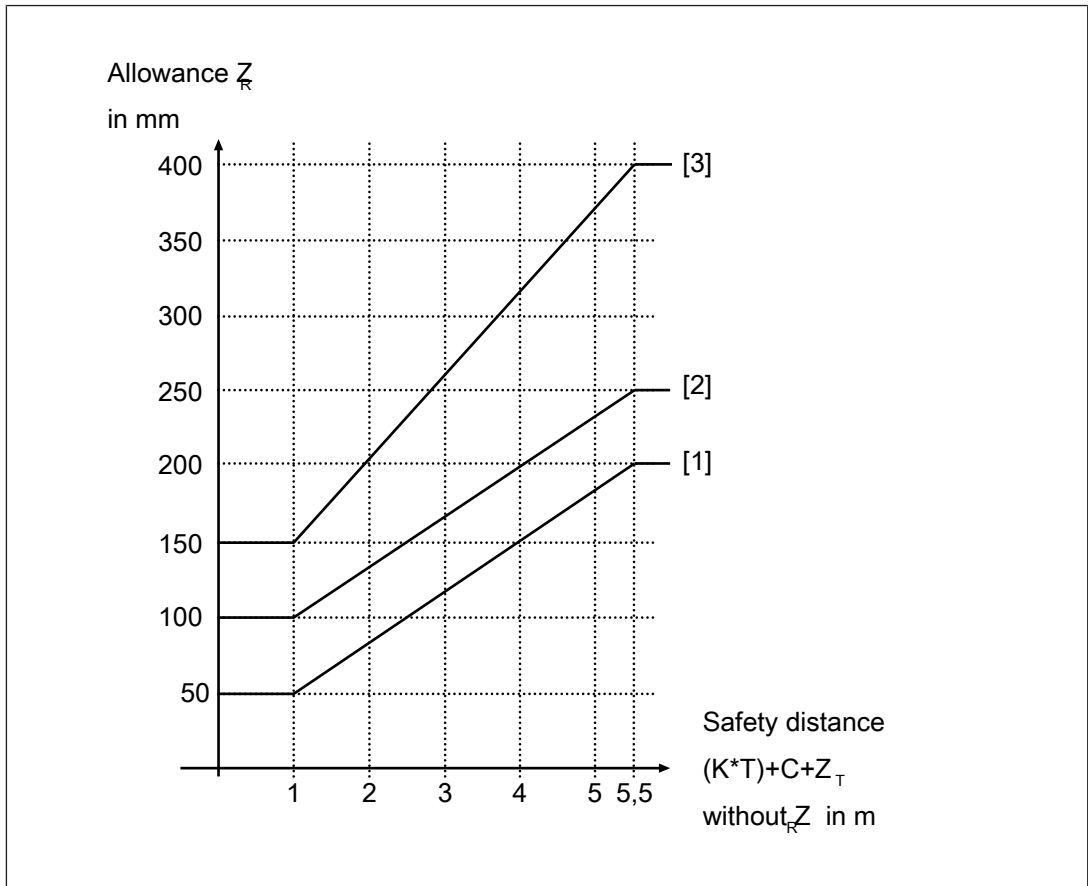


Fig.: Allowance with a detection capability of 70 mm

**Legend**

- [1] Low level
- [2] Medium level
- [3] High level

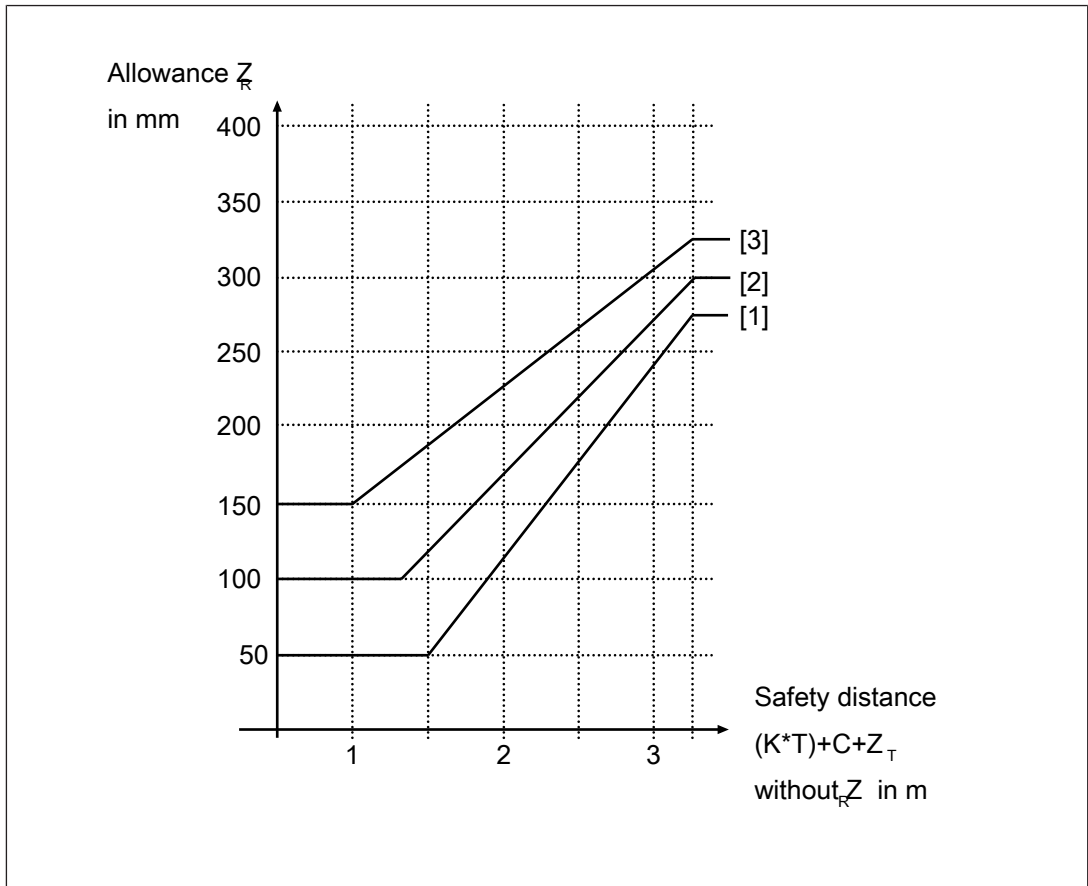


Fig.: Allowance with a detection capability of 40 mm

**Legend**

- [1] Low level
- [2] Medium level
- [3] High level



**INFORMATION**

**Determining of the allowance when the safety laser scanner has to be installed near particularly intense or flashing light sources and a reflective background.**

Use the higher value of the relevant allowances.

**5.8 Distance from walls**

The edges of the safety zone must have a distance of 40 mm to walls or fixed objects on all sides.

With this value, the function of the safety laser scanner is ensured. Depending on the reflective conditions of the walls or objects, higher allowances may be necessary (see [Distance to intense light sources and to reflective surfaces \[37\]](#)).





**INFORMATION**

**Used value of the teach-in function for the distance to the walls**

The PSENscan Configurator teach-in function uses a value of 100 mm.

## 5.9 Planning of safety and warning zones and zone sets

- ▶ Specify the location and the size of the safety zone and the warning zone in accordance with the safety assessment.
- ▶ Specify in what situations the switching operation of the zone sets are to take place.

## 5.10 Switchover time with zone selection

The zone selection is done by digital signals that are controlled by the control system. For the changeover process a maximum switchover time (input delay in PSENscan Configurator) is defined. For this time, non-permitted signals may be present at the entrances to the zone selection. After the switchover time has elapsed, a valid code for a zone must be present at the inputs for zone selection. The switchover time can be adjusted in increments of 30 ms, and it must be adapted to the performance of the control system.

Select the time where the control system can switch an input in a defined way.

## 5.11 Determining the moment of switchover

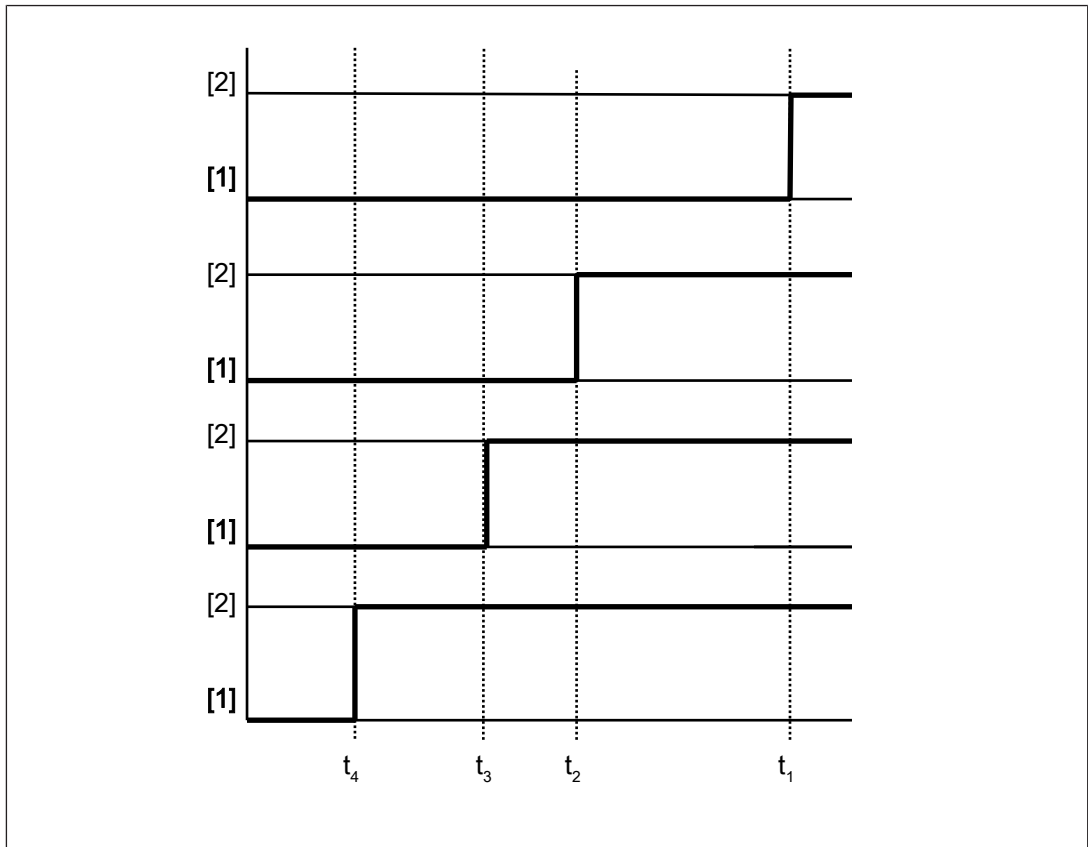


**WARNING!**

**Risk of injury due to loss of the safety function by switching the monitoring too late**

Switching the monitoring of zone sets too late results in the loss of the safety function. There may be people in the safety zone before switching.

- Use switching of monitoring in time or overlapping zone sets to ensure that no person is in the safety zone when this area changes to a danger zone.



**Legend**

- $t_1$  Switchover time without advance
- $t_2$  Advance of the switchover time by the input delay
- $t_3$  Advance of the switchover time when using inputs of another device
- $t_4$  Advance of the switchover time when using inputs of external OSSDs
- [1] Monitoring zone set 1 is active
- [2] Monitoring zone set 2 is active

**5.12 Dust filtration**

The safety laser scanner has a dust filtration function. This changes the sensitivity of the safety laser scanner, and the availability in dusty environments can be improved.

There are three levels:


- ▶ High for high level of dust generation
- ▶ Average for medium level of dust generation
- ▶ Low of low level of dust generation



**WARNING!**

**Loss of safety function due to a safety distance that is too low**

Depending on the application, serious injury or death may result.

- ▶ Depending on the degree of dust filtering, it is necessary to consider an allowance for calculating the safety distance when installing the safety laser scanner near intense light sources or reflective surfaces into account (see [Distance to intense light sources and to reflective surfaces](#) [ 37]).
  - When calculating the safety distance, ensure that the allowance is considered depending on the dust filtering.
  - Ensure that the new safety distance fulfils the specifications of the safety assessment.

## 5.13 Muting

### 5.13.1 General

Please note:



**CAUTION!**

**Risk of injury due to insufficient safeguard.**

Accessing the danger zone can lead to injuries.

- Use an appropriate safeguard to prevent access to the danger zone.

Muting means a temporary suspension of the safety function. For this reason, the muting function must have a time restriction. When the muting sensors are activated and the muting state begins, an internal clock is started. If the muting sensors are still active after 10 minutes (status when delivered), the muting state is cancelled and the safety laser scanner switches to a safe condition.

The time monitoring of the muting function can be set in PSEnscan Configurator.




**CAUTION!**

**Risk of injury due to loss of the safety function.**

If time monitoring for the muting function is set to  $\infty$ , the muting function is not cancelled until the muting sensors are no longer active.

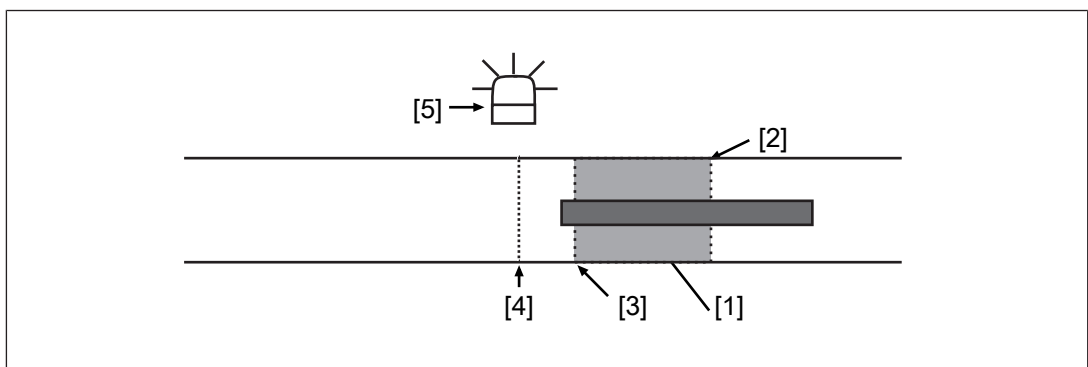
This setting does not comply with the specifications of EN ISO 61496-1.

- Avoid a situation in which sustained muting is not detected.

- ▶ The muting state occurs,
  - when a sensor and the second sensor detect a conveyed material simultaneously or
  - When a sensor has detected a conveyed material and the second sensor also detects it max. 4 s afterwards.
- ▶ A muting activation is not possible when the safety laser scanner is in a safe condition (LED  lights up red, object detected in safety zone).
- ▶ Different conveyor speeds in the area of the PSEN sc M 3/5 series should be prevented.

### 5.13.2 Muting in one direction

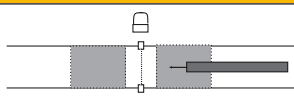
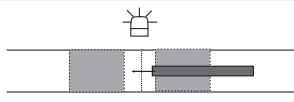
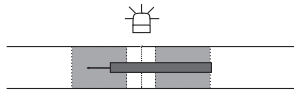
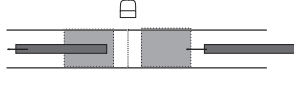
#### Sequence of an L-muting cycle in accordance with flow of material



#### Legend

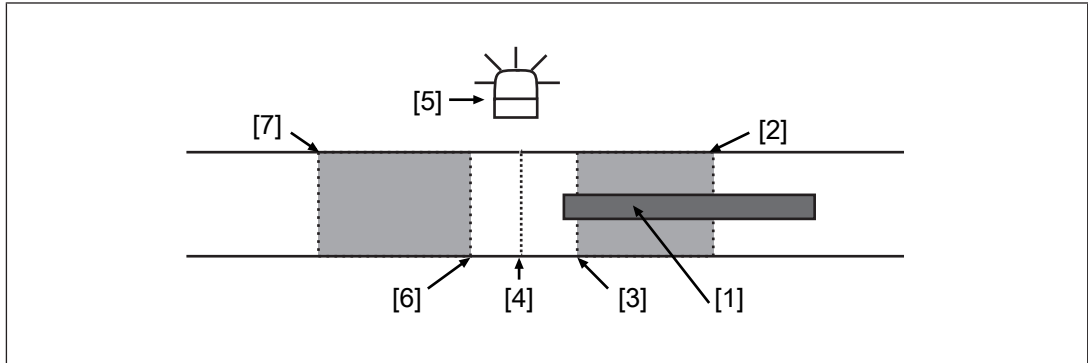
- [1] Conveyed material on conveyor
- [2] First muting sensor on the input side
- [3] Second muting sensor on the input side
- [4] PSEN sc M 3/5 series
- [5] Muting lamp

Please note the following distances and times when installing the safety laser scanner and using the muting function.

| Phase in the muting cycle   | Explanation  |
|---|--|
|  | Material has already passed the first muting sensor and is being transported on the conveyor in the direction of the second muting sensor, muting lamp off.                            |
|  | Material on the conveyor passes the second muting sensor (max. 4 s after the first sensor was passed). Muting lamp flashes, signalling the muting state.                               |
|  | Material on the conveyor passes the PSEN sc M 3/5 series and the first muting sensor on the output side, muting lamp flashes, signalling the muting state.                             |
|  | Material has left the area of the first muting sensor on the output side, muting lamp is off, muting state is ended.<br>The next piece of material arrives at the first muting sensor. |

### 5.13.3 Muting in two directions

#### Sequence for T-muting cycle when material passes from the right-hand side



#### Legend

- [1] Conveyed material on conveyor
- [2] First muting sensor on the input side
- [3] Second muting sensor on the input side
- [4] PSEN sc M 3/5 series
- [5] Muting lamp
- [6] First muting sensor on the output side
- [7] Second muting sensor on the output side

Please note the following distances and times when installing the safety laser scanner and using the muting function.

| Phase in the muting cycle | Explanation   |
|---------------------------|---|
|                           | Material has already passed the first muting sensor and is being transported on the conveyor in the direction of the second muting sensor, muting lamp off.                             |
|                           | Material on the conveyor passes the second muting sensor (max. 4 s after the first sensor was passed). Muting lamp flashes, signalling the muting state.                                |
|                           | Material on the conveyor passes the PSEN sc M 3/5 series and the first muting sensor on the output side, muting lamp flashes, signalling the muting state.                              |
|                           | Material has left the area of the first muting sensor on the output side, muting lamp is off, muting state is ended.<br>The next piece of material arrives at the first muting sensor.  |
|                           | If material is transported from the left-hand side, the cycle is reversed. The output side becomes the input side and the flow starts with the second muting sensor on the output side. |

### 5.13.4 Dynamic muting

When **Activate muting** is selected for one of the inputs 3, 9, 10 or 11, muting can be activated and deactivated dynamically.

- ▶ Conditions for the occurrence of muting
  - One of the inputs 3, 9, 10 or 11 is connected to a controller and it receives a high signal from there when muting is to be activated
  - When configuring the inputs, **Activate muting** is configured for this in PSEnscan Configurator
  - The first sensor has detected a conveyed material and the second sensor also detected it max. 4 s later **or** the first sensor and the second sensor detected conveyed material simultaneously

### 5.14 Override

The override function can be used for the three types according to the timing diagrams.

- ▶ Single-channel pulses
- ▶ Activation by rising edge
- ▶ Activation by rising signal (only when using the 12-pin connection)

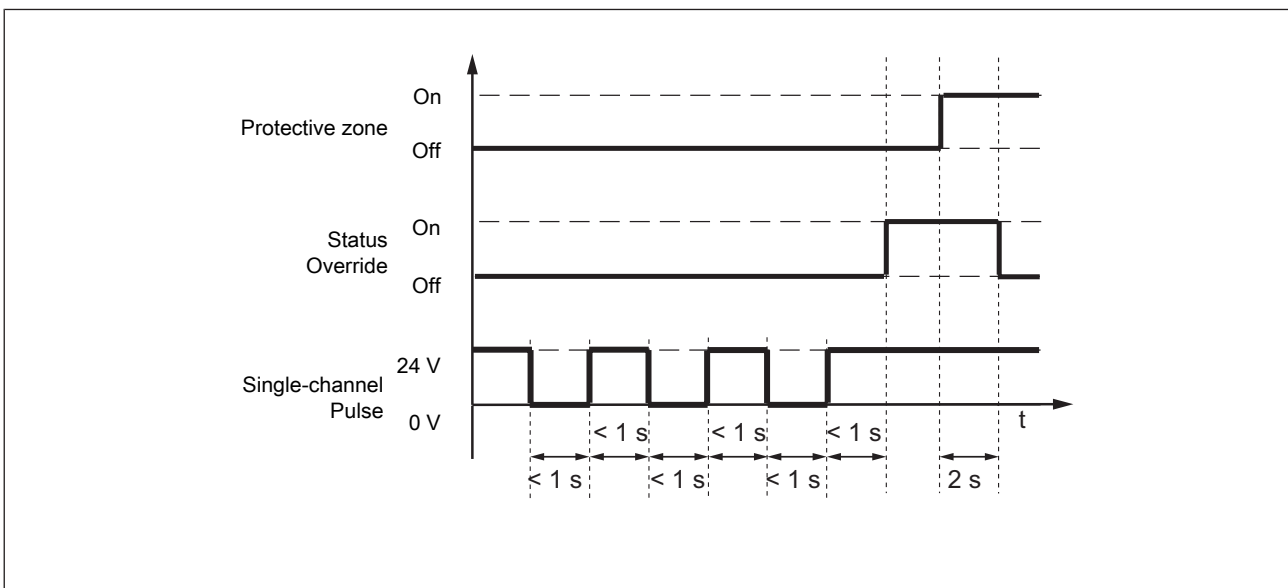


Fig.: Timing diagram for override function single-channel pulses

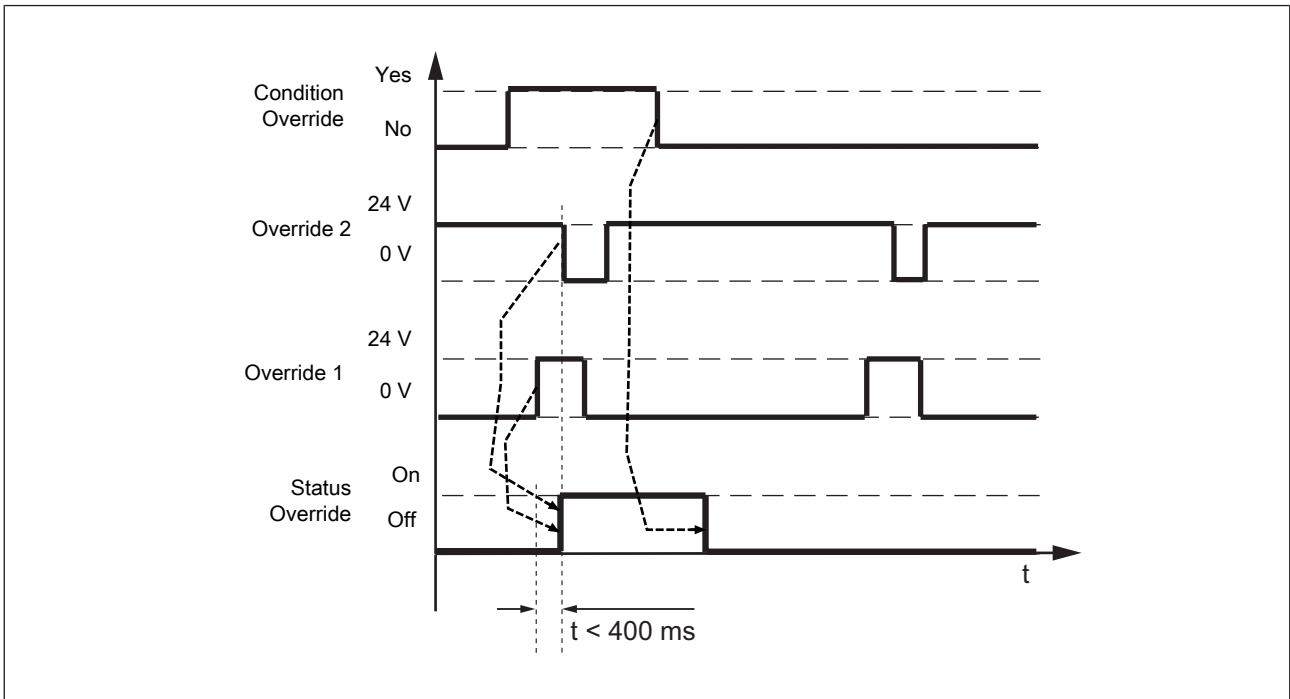


Fig.: Timing diagram for override function edge-triggered

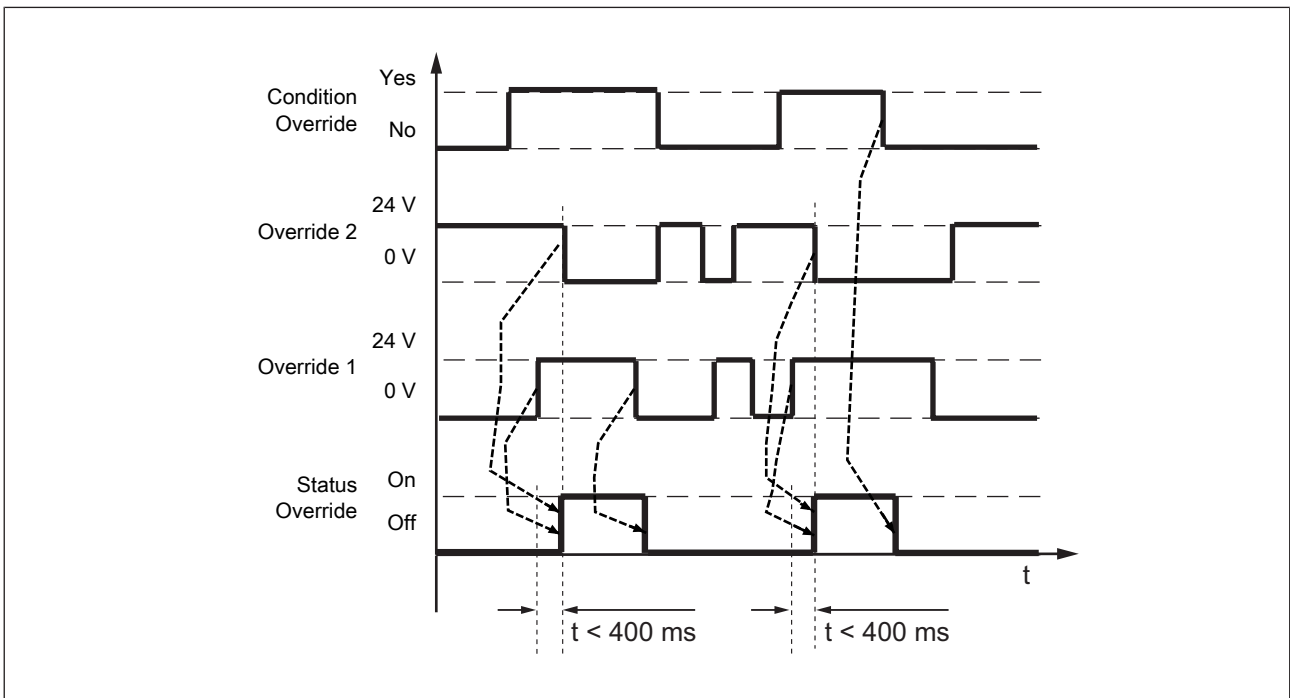


Fig.: Timing diagram for override function signal-triggered

## 6 Wiring

### 6.1 General guidelines

- ▶ Information given in the [Technical details \[91\]](#) must be followed.
- ▶ Do not lay the connecting cable near or in contact with cables that carry high or highly volatile currents.
- ▶ Use separate cables to connect the wires to the OSSDs of different safety laser scanners or safety switches.
- ▶ For supply voltage, use only PELV/SELV power supplies that have a voltage buffer in accordance with EN 60204-1.
- ▶ The protection type (see [Technical details \[91\]](#)) can only be achieved by using the Pilz connection leads available as an accessory.
- ▶ Connection to evaluation devices
  - Use the cables listed in the order reference (see [Order references for accessories \[99\]](#))
  - The clamps for connection to the evaluation device must be kept in a locked control cabinet. This prevents unauthorised modifications.
- ▶ Ensure compliance with permissible cable bending radii (see [Technical details \[91\]](#)).

### 6.2 Connector pin assignment

#### 6.2.1 Master unit

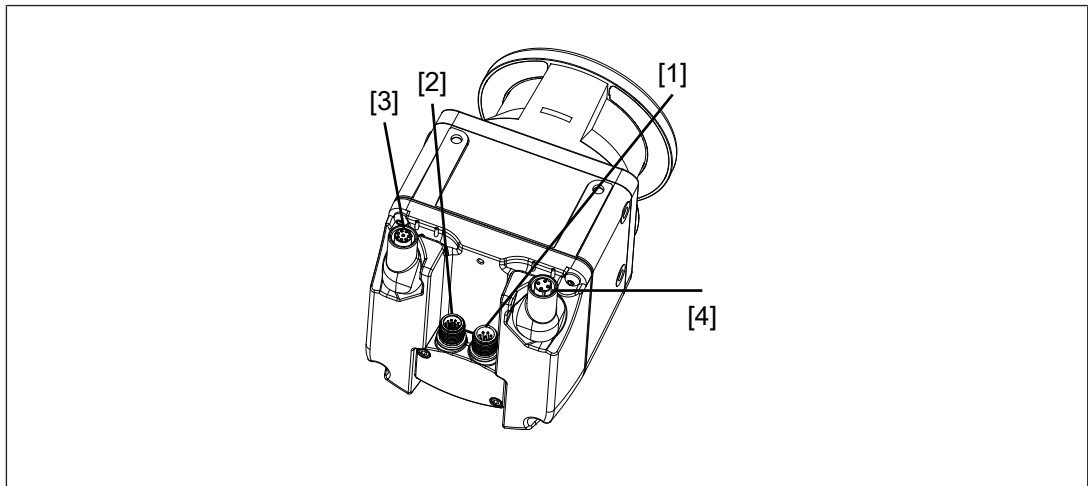
The safety laser scanner PSEN sc M 3/5 series has configurable inputs and outputs. In PSENscan Configurator these can be configured for the specific application.

The safety laser scanner PSEN sc M 3/5 series has an 8-pin male connector and a 12-pin male connector for connecting to the evaluation device and the supply voltage.

Use **one** of the two male connectors. The selected use has to be specified in PSENscan Configurator.

- ▶ Usage criteria of the 8-pin male connector
  - Two configurable inputs, one configurable input/output
  - Max. 3 zone sets
- ▶ Usage criteria of the 12-pin male connector
  - One configurable input, four configurable inputs/outputs
  - Max. 10 zone sets





**Legend**

- [1] M12 8-pin male connector for connection to an evaluation device and the supply voltage
- [2] M12 12-pin male connector for connection to an evaluation device and the supply voltage
- [3] M12 4-pin female connector, hinged, for connection with a configuration PC
- [4] M12 8-pin female connector, hinged, for connection with a slave unit

- ▶ M12 8-pin male connector for connection to an evaluation device and the supply voltage
  - An OSSD pair
  - Two configurable inputs
  - One configurable input/output
  - Supply voltage
  - Functional earth

| Pin/colour |        | Description               |
|------------|--------|---------------------------|
| 2          | Brown  | 24 V DC                   |
| 7          | Blue   | 0 V DC                    |
| 3          | Green  | Configurable input        |
| 4          | Yellow | Configurable input        |
| 1          | White  | Configurable input/output |
| 5          | Grey   | OSSD 1                    |
| 6          | Pink   | OSSD 2                    |
| 8          | Red    | Functional earth          |

- ▶ M12 12-pin male connector for connection to an evaluation device and the supply voltage
  - An OSSD pair
  - One configurable input
  - Four configurable inputs/outputs
  - Two inputs for supply voltage
  - Functional earth

| Pin/colour |           | Description               |
|------------|-----------|---------------------------|
| 1          | Brown     | 24 V DC                   |
| 4          | Green     | 24 V DC                   |
| 2          | Blue      | 0 V DC                    |
| 6          | Yellow    | 0 V DC                    |
| 3          | White     | Configurable input        |
| 7          | Black     | Configurable input/output |
| 9          | Red       | Configurable input/output |
| 10         | Purple    | Configurable input/output |
| 11         | Grey/pink | Configurable input/output |
| 8          | Grey      | OSSD 1                    |
| 5          | Pink      | OSSD 2                    |
| 12         | Red/blue  | Functional earth          |

- ▶ M12 8-pin socket, hinged
  - Connection to the slave unit
- ▶ M12 4-pin socket, hinged
  - Connection of the safety laser scanner to the configuration PC

The configurable inputs and outputs can be used for both input signals and output signals.

The configurable inputs can be used for all input signals.

- ▶ Restart and reset
- ▶ EDM (when using the 12-pin connection)
- ▶ Switching the monitoring of zone sets
- ▶ Dynamic and static muting

## 6.2.2 Slave unit

The slave unit of the safety laser scanners PSEN sc M 3/5 series has two 8-pin M12 sockets for connecting to the master unit or to a different slave unit. In PSENscan Configurator this configuration also has to be made when creating a new configuration.

- ▶ Two hinged 8-pin M12 sockets for connecting to a master unit or a slave unit
  - Two inputs at the socket to the master or at an upstream slave unit
  - Two outputs at the socket to the master or at an upstream slave unit
  - Two connections each for the supply voltage by the master unit and the functional earth

### 6.2.3 Configurable inputs

When using the 8-pin connection, the configurable inputs at PIN 3 and 4 can be used for the following functions:

- ▶ Restart
- ▶ Reset
- ▶ Restart or reset
- ▶ Zone set switching
- ▶ Muting 1 and 2
- ▶ Dynamic activation of the muting state

When using the 12-pin connection, the configurable input at PIN 3 can be used for the following functions:

- ▶ Restart
- ▶ Reset
- ▶ Restart or reset
- ▶ EDM
- ▶ Zone set switching
- ▶ Muting 1 and 2
- ▶ Dynamic activation of the muting state

### 6.2.4 Configurable inputs/outputs

When using the 8-pin connection, configurable input/output at PIN 1 can be used for the following functions:

- ▶ Warning output
- ▶ Alarms 1 or 2
- ▶ Muting lamp

When using the 12-pin connection, the configurable inputs/outputs at PIN 7, 9, 10 and 11 can be used for the following functions:

- ▶ Warning output
- ▶ Alarms 1 or 2
- ▶ Muting lamp

## 6.3 Wiring of the configurations

The configuration of the safety laser scanner PSEN sc M 3/5 series is carried out in PSENscan Configurator on a configuration PC.

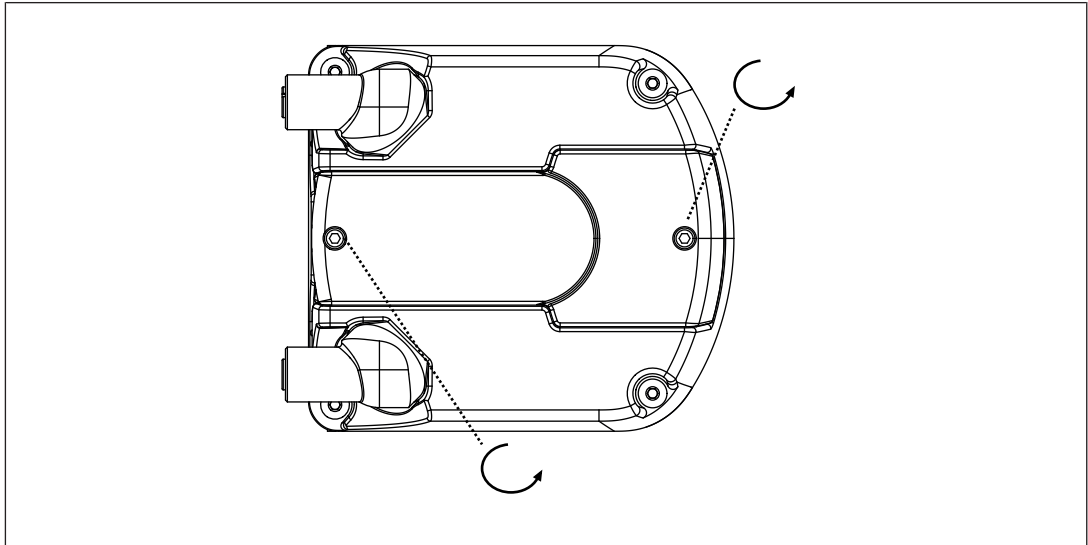
The wiring has to match the specifications in PSENscan Configurator.

## 6.4 Connect supply voltage and safety controller

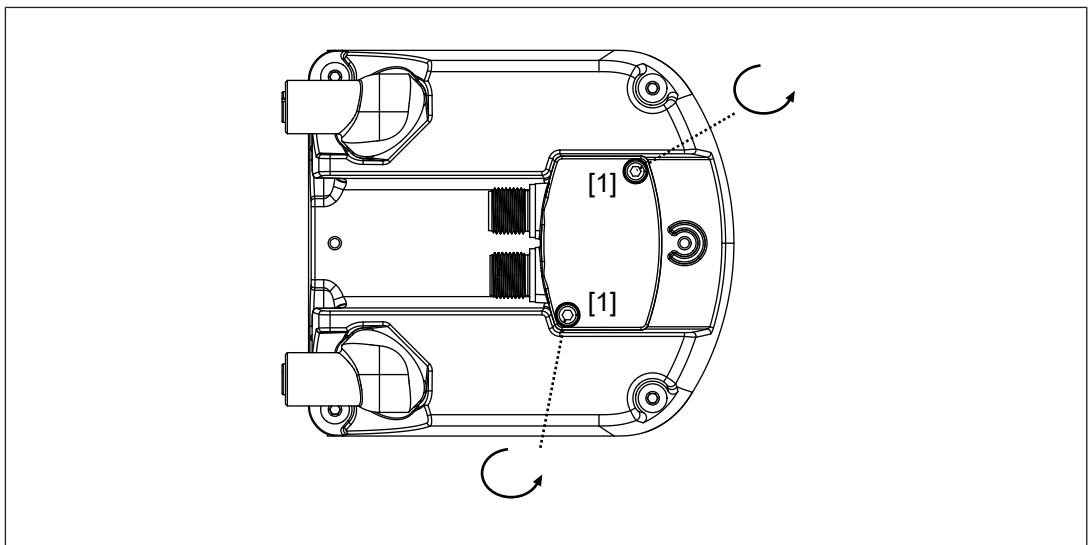
The connection for the supply voltage is underneath a memory module. The memory module can be uninstalled for simpler connection.

1. Turn the safety laser scanner PSEN sc M 3/5 series for better access to the memory module.

2. Loosen the M3 screws of the protective cover and remove the protective cover.  
The screws are secured against loss and they cannot be removed.



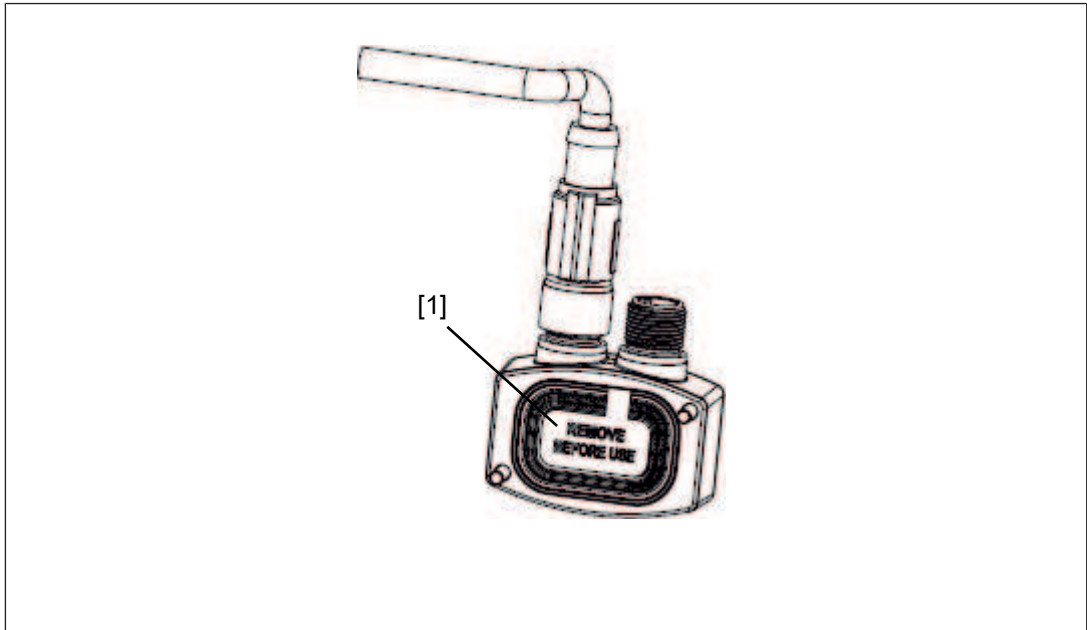
3. Loosen the M3 screws [1] of the memory module and pull out the memory module.  
The screws are secured against loss and they cannot be removed.



**Legend**

[1] M3 screws for fixing the memory module

4. Connect the supply voltage and the safety controller to the 8-pin or the 12-pin socket on the memory module.



**Legend**

[1] Protective membrane

5. Remove the label [1] from the memory module and insert the memory module at the safety laser scanner.
6. Fix the screw of the memory module with a torque of 1 Nm.
7. Place the protective cover at the safety laser scanner and screw the protective covers with 1 Nm.

## 6.5 Connection to PSENscan Configurator

The configuration of the safety laser scanner PSEN sc M 3/5 series is carried out in PSENscan Configurator on a configuration PC.

Please note:

- ▶ Ensure that the software PSENscan Configurator is installed on the configuration PC.
- ▶ Ensure that the safety laser scanner is switched off when creating a connection to the configuration PC.

**100BaseTX cable**

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| Bit rate            | 100 MBit/s  |
| Max. segment length | 100 m   |
| Medium              | STP<br>(shielded twisted pair) *1<br>2 pairs<br>Category 5 *2 |
| Connection          | 4-pin M12 male connector /4-pin RJ45 male connector           |
| Topology            | Point-to-point/hub<br>(hub, switch)                           |

\*1

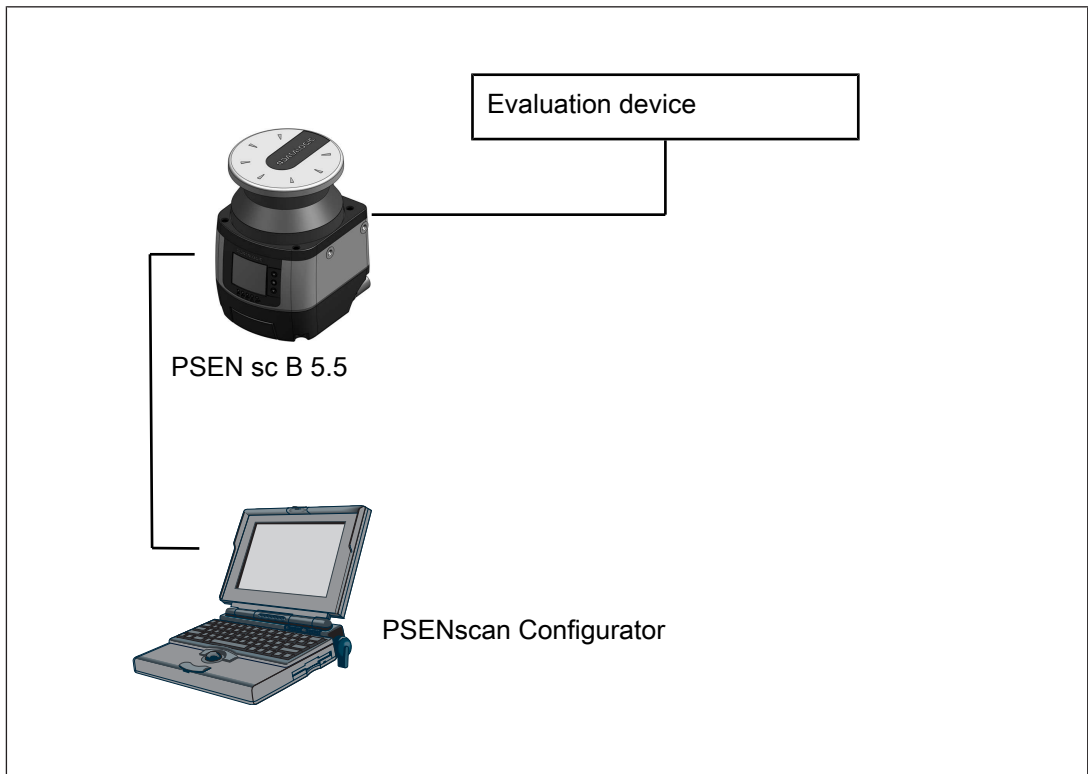
For use in an industrial environment, Pilz recommends double-shielded twisted pair cables (S/STP). Only **shielded RJ45 connectors** should be used.

\*2

Twisted pair cables (TP cable) consist of twisted core-pairs. Twisted pair cables are divided into categories in accordance with their electrical features (attenuation, cross-talk). **Category 5 cables are specified** for transferring data with Pilz Ethernet interfaces.

TP cables for Ethernet applications generally have an impedance level of 100 Ohm.

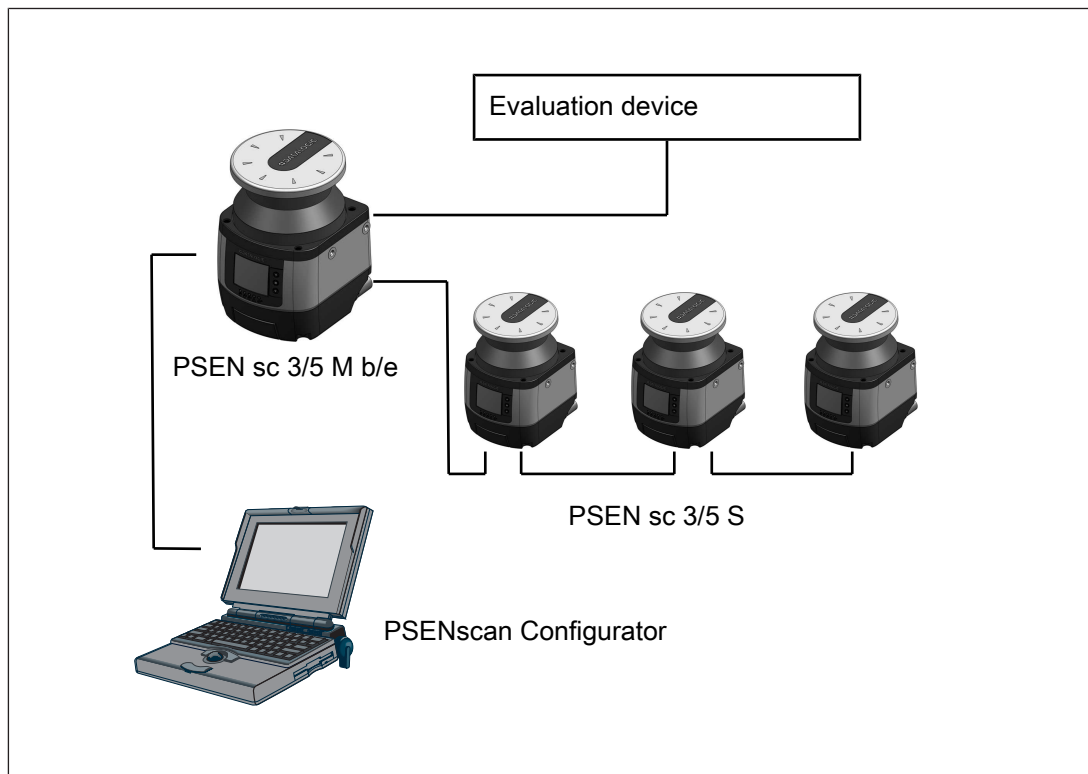
### 6.5.1 Single connection



#### Procedure:

1. Use a 4-pin cable (see [Order references \[99\]](#)) to connect the configuration PC to the safety laser scanner.
2. Use the safety laser scanner with an 8-pin cable (see [Order references \[99\]](#)) with the supply voltage and an [evaluation device \[69\]](#).
3. Switch the safety laser scanner on.
4. [Configure the safety laser scanner in PSENscan Configurator. \[65\]](#)

## 6.5.2 Series connection



### Procedure:

1. Use a 4-pin cable (see [Order references \[📖 99\]](#)) to connect the configuration PC to the safety laser scanner.
2. Use a 8-pin cable (see [Order references \[📖 99\]](#)) to connect the master unit to the slave unit.  
With several slave units, connect the slave unit to the following slave unit.
3. Use the safety laser scanner with an 12-pin cable (see [Order references \[📖 99\]](#)) with the supply voltage and an [evaluation device \[📖 69\]](#).
4. Switch the safety laser scanner on.
5. [Configure the safety laser scanner in PSENscan Configurator. \[📖 65\]](#)

## 6.6 Connections for muting sensors

Wire the muting sensors as shown in the following diagrams.

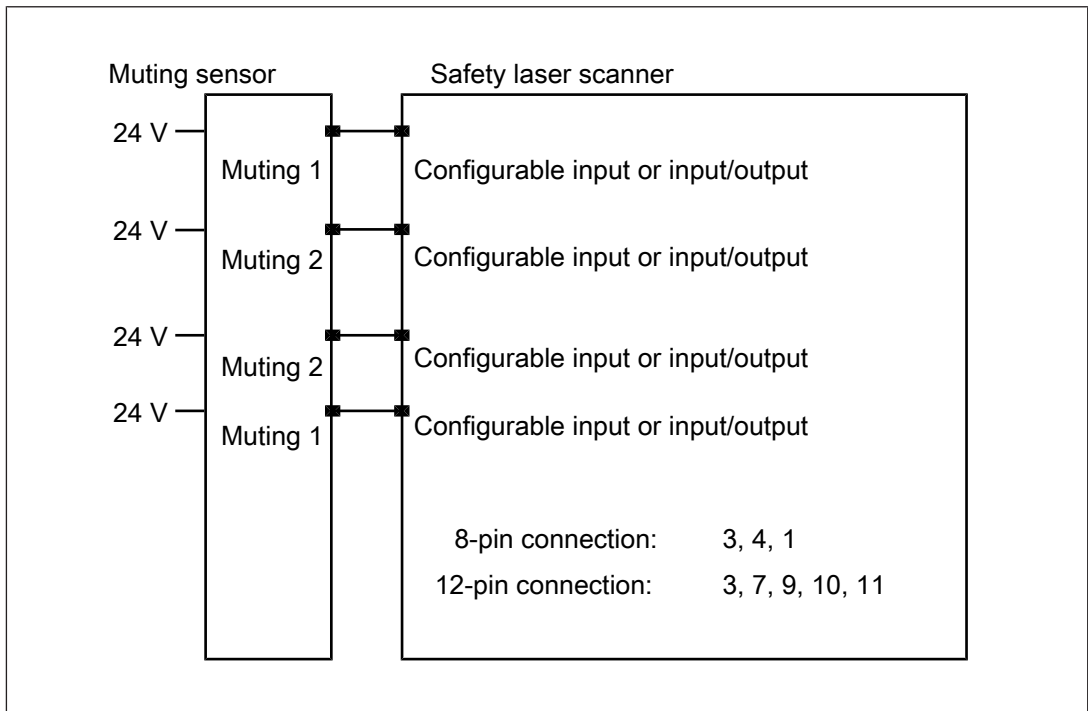


Fig.: Wiring of 4 muting sensors on the master unit

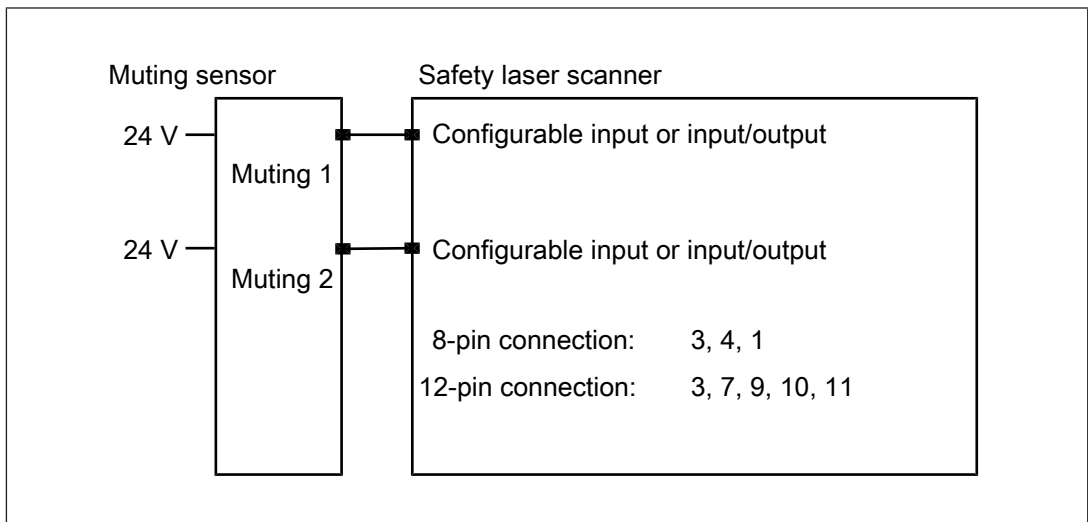


Fig.: Wiring of 2 muting sensors on the master unit



## 7 Installation and alignment

### 7.1 Installation options

The safety laser scanner can be installed in various ways.

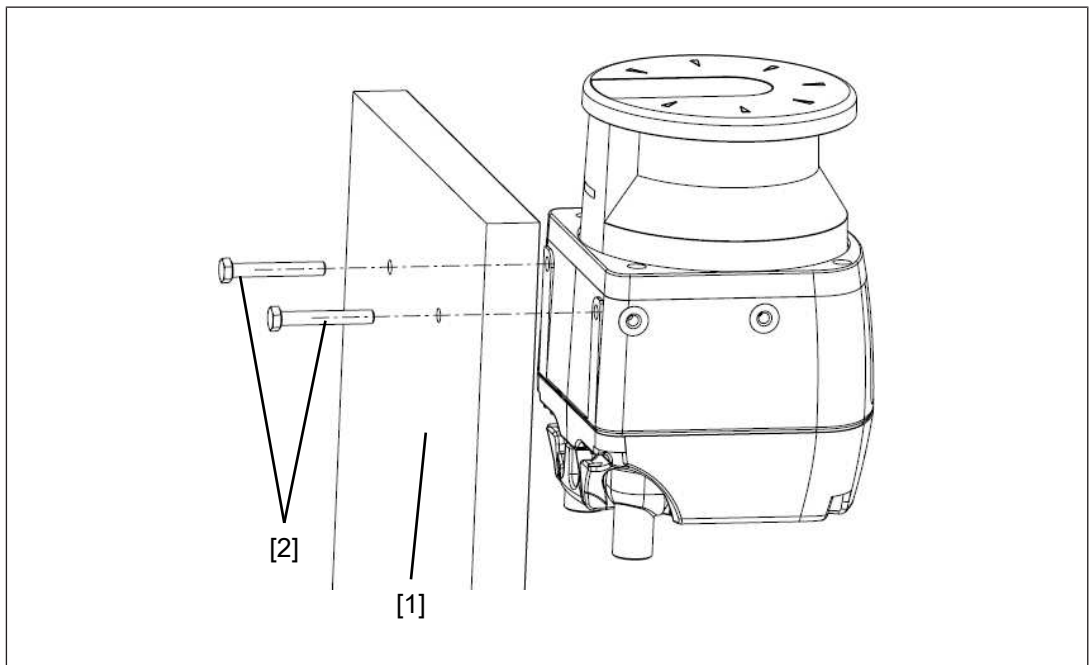
- ▶ Installation directly at the mounting surface [\[57\]](#)
- ▶ Installation with protective bracket PSEN sc bracket H [\[58\]](#)
- ▶ Installation with PSEN sc bracket PR for inclination to the side or to the top or bottom [\[59\]](#)
- ▶ Installation with PSEN sc bracket P for inclination to the top and bottom [\[61\]](#)

### 7.2 Installation without PSEN sc bracket H

For direct installation of the safety laser scanner at the mounting surface, two threaded holes are provided at the rear of the safety laser scanner.

Please note:

- ▶ With direct installation of the safety laser scanner at the mounting surface, the accessory PSEN sc bracket H cannot be used.
- ▶ With direct installation of the safety laser scanner at the mounting surface, the safety laser scanner cannot be inclined to the side or to the top/bottom.
- ▶ Ensure that the front panel of the safety laser scanners is not covered by a wall or another plane. Note the [distance to the walls \[40\]](#).
- ▶ To fix the safety laser scanner, use M5 screws for a max. screw depth of 10 mm.



#### Legend

- [1] Mounting surface
- [2] M5 screws

**Prerequisites**

- ▶ Mounting surface with 2 through-holes for screws M5x10 mm, distance 73 mm horizontally towards each other for fixing the bracket of the safety laser scanner.
- ▶ The mounting surface has to be accessible from both sides for installation.

**Procedure:**

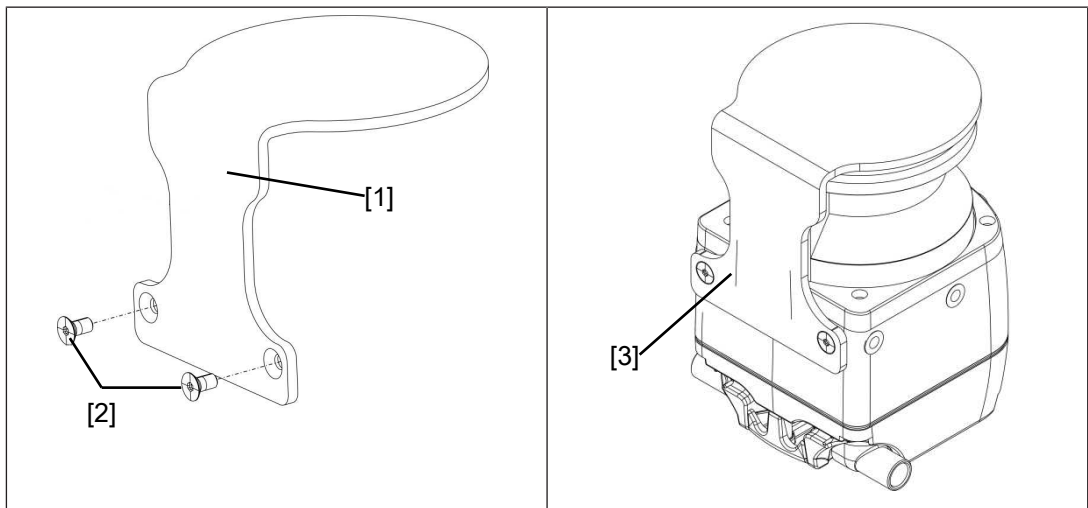
1. Turn the safety laser scanner when the safety laser scanner is to be operated with the top side down.
2. Use two M5 screws to fix the safety laser scanner to the mounting surface. Tighten the screws to 3 Nm.

### 7.3 Installation of the protective bracket PSEN sc bracket H at the safety laser scanner

For easy and flexible installation of the safety laser scanner, the safety laser scanner is fixed to a protective bracket PSEN sc bracket H (see [Order reference accessories \[99\]](#)). The protective bracket protects the safety laser scanner against damage by falling objects.

With this protective bracket the safety laser scanner can be used in both brackets PSEN sc bracket PR or PSEN sc bracket P (see [Order reference accessories \[99\]](#)).

1. Turn the safety laser scanner when the safety laser scanner is to be operated with the top side down.
2. Fix the PSEN sc bracket H at the rear of the safety laser scanner with two M5 screws and tighten both screws with 3 Nm.



**Legend**

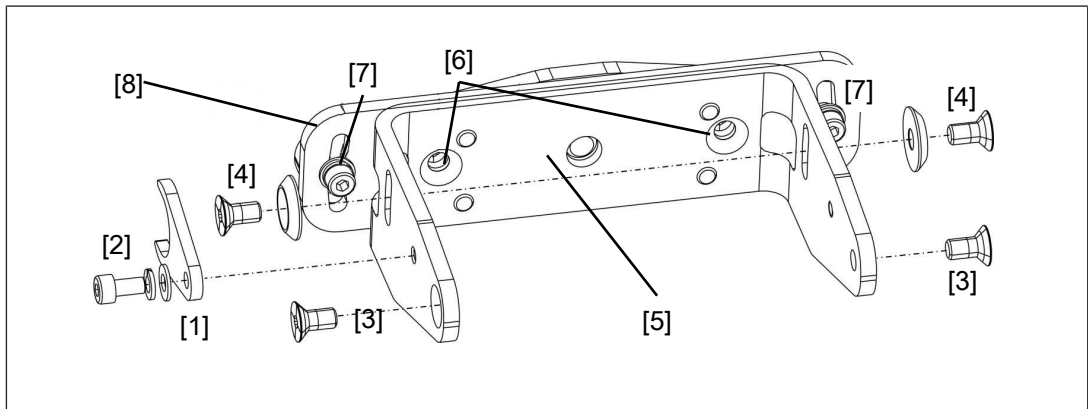
- [1] PSEN sc bracket H (protective bracket for safety laser scanner)
- [2] M5 screws for fixing the PSEN sc bracket H at the safety laser scanner
- [3] PSEN sc bracket H installed at the safety laser scanner

## 7.4 Installation with setting of angle of inclination/roll angle - bracket PSEN sc bracket PR

- ▶ The setting of the angle of inclination of the safety laser scanner is not changed when exchanging the safety laser scanner.

### Prerequisites

- ▶ Mounting surface with 2 drill holes, 10 mm deep, distance 73 mm horizontally towards each other for fixing the PSEN sc bracket PR or PSEN sc bracket P
- ▶ The protective bracket PSEN sc bracket H must already be fixed at the safety laser scanner (see [Installation of the protective bracket PSEN sc bracket H at the safety laser scanner](#) [58]).

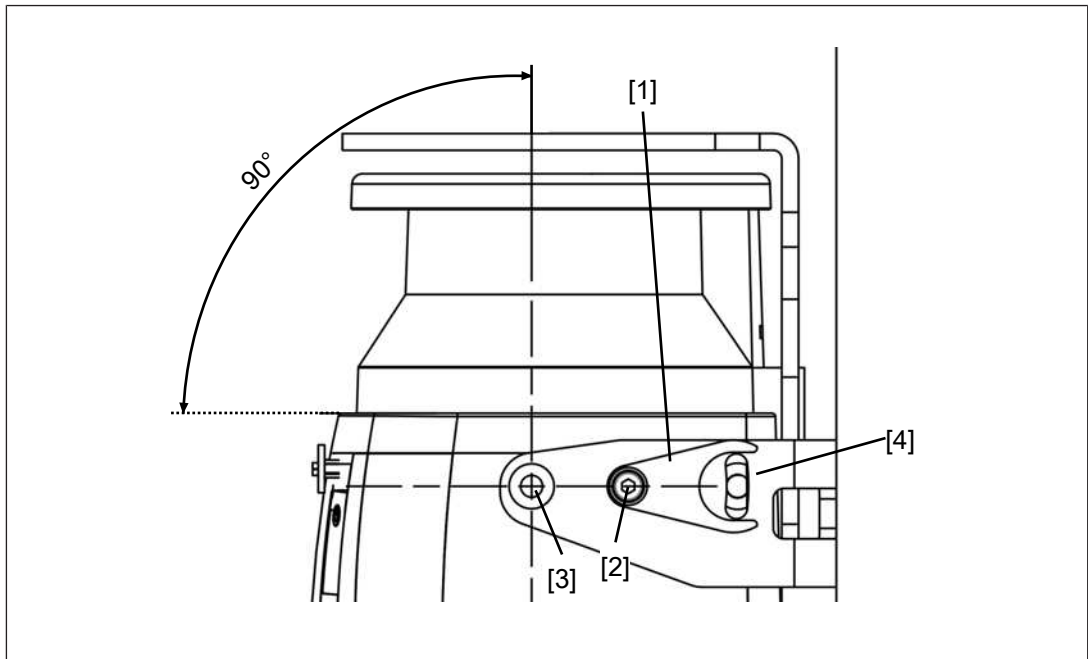


### Legend

- [1] Adjusting disc for angle of inclination
- [2] Set screw for adjusting disc for angle of inclination
- [3] Fixing screws for safety laser scanner
- [4] Fine adjustment screws for the incline of the safety laser scanner
- [5] Front part of the PSEN sc bracket PR
- [6] Fixing screws for fixing to the mounting surface
- [7] Roll angle fine adjustment screws
- [8] Rear part of the PSEN sc bracket PR

### Procedure:

1. Loosen the roll angle fine adjustment screws [7] of PSEN sc bracket PR slightly, if required, and align the front part [5] of PSEN sc bracket PR to the rear part [8].  
The bracket is pre-assembled.
2. Fix PSEN sc bracket PR with the fixing screws [6] to the mounting surface and tighten the fixing screws [6] alternately and evenly with 3 Nm.
3. Fix the adjusting disc for angle of inclination [1] with the set screw and washers [2] at PSEN sc bracket P (right or left).
4. Align the middle of the adjusting disc for angle of inclination [1] with the center of the fixing for the safety laser scanner [3] and tighten the set screw for the adjusting disc for angle of inclination [2] with 2,5 Nm.



**Legend**


- [1] Adjusting disc for angle of inclination
  - [2] Set screw for the adjusting disc for angle of inclination
  - [3] Fixing screws for safety laser scanner
  - [4] Fine adjustment screws for the incline of the safety laser scanner
5. Insert the safety laser scanner in PSEN sc bracket PR with the bracket PSEN sc bracket H to the top and fix the safety laser scanner with the screws [3] and [4]. Tighten all four screws to 3 Nm.

|                                      |                                       |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|                                      |                                       |
| <p>Inclination to the top/bottom</p> | <p>Inclination to the side (roll)</p> |

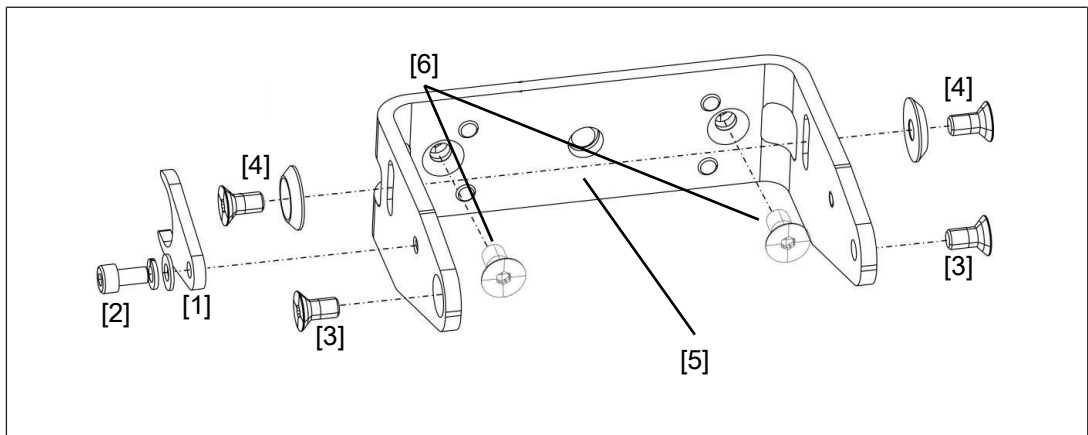
## 7.5 Installation with angle of inclination setting - holder PSEN sc bracket P

- ▶ The setting of the angle of inclination of the safety laser scanner is not changed when exchanging the safety laser scanner.

### Prerequisites

- ▶ Mounting surface with 2 drill holes, 10 mm deep, distance 73 mm horizontally towards each other for fixing the PSEN sc bracket PR or PSEN sc bracket P
- ▶ The protective bracket PSEN sc bracket H must already be fixed at the safety laser scanner (see [Installation of the protective bracket PSEN sc bracket H at the safety laser scanner](#) [ 58]).

### Procedure:



### Legend

- [1] Adjusting disc for angle of inclination
- [2] Set screw for adjusting disc for angle of inclination
- [3] Fixing screws for safety laser scanner
- [4] Fine adjustment screws for the incline of the safety laser scanner
- [5] PSEN sc bracket P
- [6] Fixing screws for fixing to the mounting surface

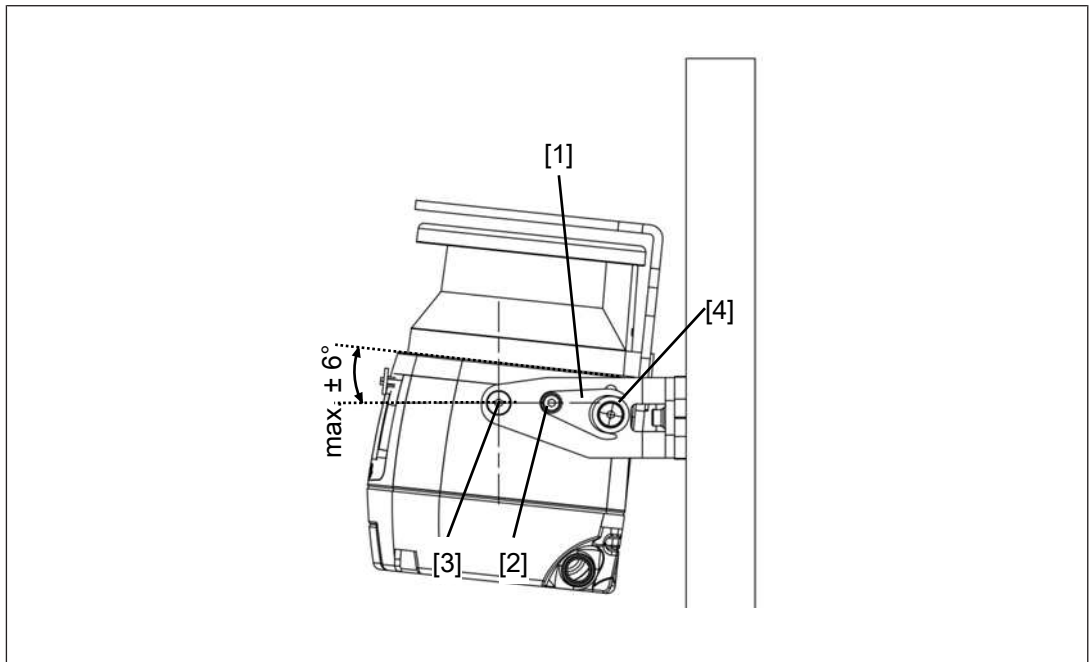
### Procedure:

1. Fix PSEN sc bracket P with the fixing screws [6] to the mounting surface and tighten the fixing screws [6] alternately and evenly with 3 Nm.
2. Fix the adjusting disc for angle of inclination [1] with the set screw and washers [2] at PSEN sc bracket P (right or left).
3. Align the middle of the adjusting disc for angle of inclination [1] with the center of the fixing for the safety laser scanner [3] and tighten the set screw for the adjusting disc for angle of inclination [2] with 2,5 Nm.

## 7.6 Set the angle of inclination of the safety laser scanner

### Procedure:

1. Change the inclination of the safety laser scanner within the permitted range of  $\pm 6^\circ$ .  
If necessary, loosen the fixing screws for the safety laser scanner [3], the fine adjustment screws for the inclination of the safety laser scanner [4] and the set screw for the adjusting disc for angle of inclination [2].



### Legend



- [1] Adjusting disc for angle of inclination
  - [2] Set screw for adjusting disc for angle of inclination
  - [3] Fixing screws for safety laser scanner
  - [4] Fine adjustment screws for the incline of the safety laser scanner
2. Tighten the fixing screws for the safety laser scanner [3] with 3 Nm and tighten the fine adjustment screws for the inclination of the safety laser scanner [4].
  3. Tighten the set screw for the adjusting disc for angle of inclination [2] with 2,5 Nm.

## 7.7 Set the side inclination of the safety laser scanner

### Prerequisites

- ▶ The bracket PSEN sc bracket PR has to be installed at the mounting surface.

### Procedure:

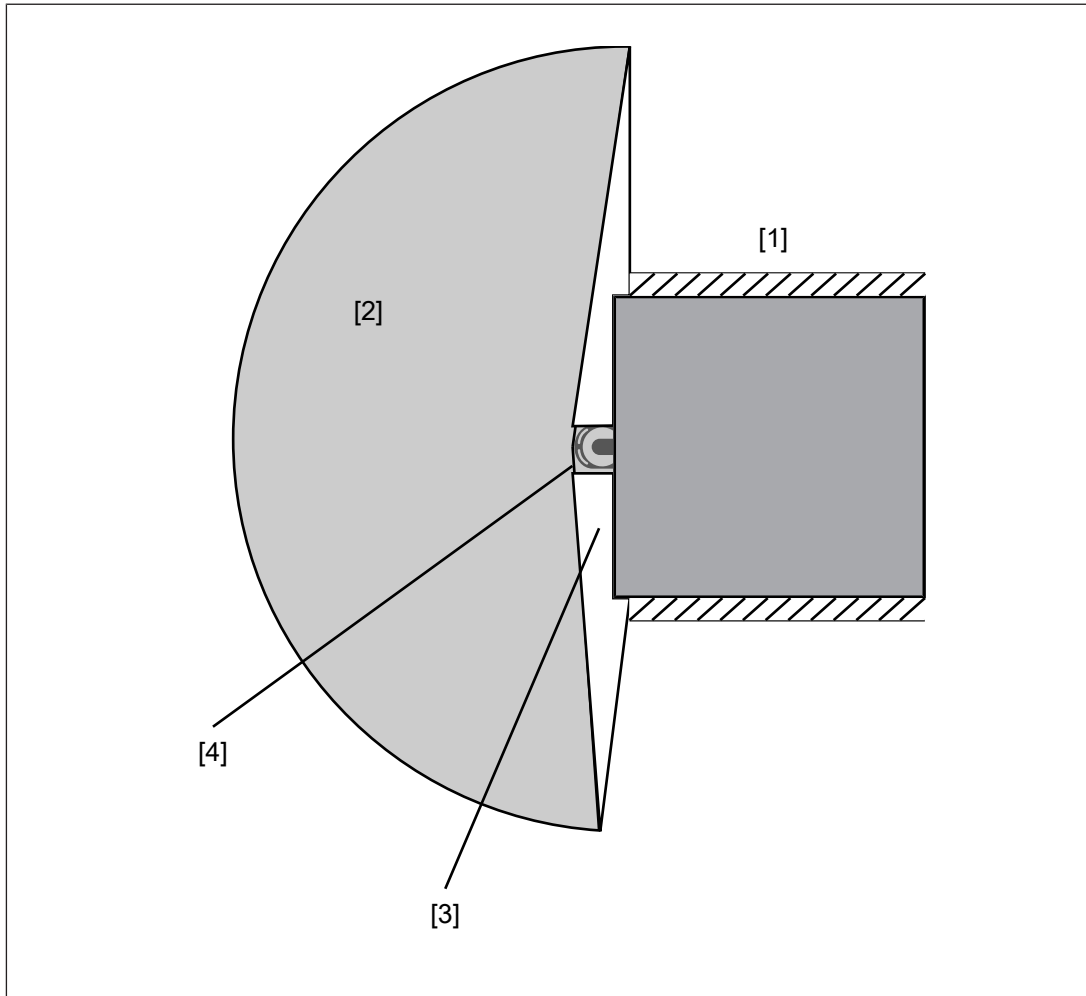
1. Change the side inclination of the safety laser scanner within the permitted range of  $\pm 8.5^\circ$ .  
If required, loosen the roll angle fine adjustment screws [7] (see figure [Installation with setting of angle of inclination/roll angle - bracket PSEN sc bracket P](#)  59).
2. Tighten the roll angle fine adjustment screws [7] (see figure [Installation with setting of angle of inclination/roll angle - bracket PSEN sc bracket P](#)  59) with 2,5 Nm.

## 7.8 Measures to safeguard unsecured areas

When installing the PSEN sc M 3/5 series areas may result that are not detected by the safety laser scanner.

If required, install additional protective devices to safeguard the danger zone.

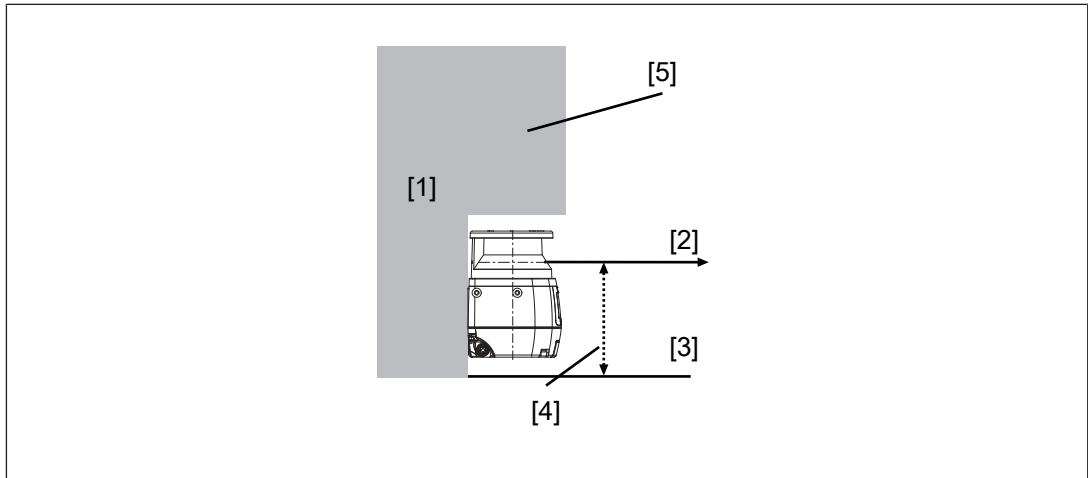
### Prevent stepping behind



### Legend

- [1] Danger zone with fence
- [2] Safeguarded area
- [3] Not safeguarded area - safeguard against stepping behind
- [4] Safety laser scanner

### Prevent creeping underneath



### Legend

- [1] Mounting surface
- [2] Scanning plane
- [3] Base area
- [4] Safeguard area against creeping underneath
- [5] Edge at the mounting surface



## 8 PSEnscan Configurator

### 8.1 Basics

The PSEnscan Configurator is a graphic tool

- ▶ For configuration of the safety laser scanners of the PSEN sc M 3/5 series,
- ▶ For incorporation of the safety laser scanner into the network,
- ▶ For monitoring the safety laser scanners in the network,
- ▶ For creating reports,
- ▶ For password administration of the safety laser scanner of the PSEN sc M 3/5 series

### 8.2 Installation

#### 8.2.1 System requirements

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Operating system:           | Windows 7, 10 or XP (32 Bit and 64 Bit)   |
| Processor:                  | Pentium 4, min. 2 GHz<br>3 GHz recommended  |
| RAM:                        | Min. 2 GB   |
| Available hard drive space: | Approx. 70 MB   |
| Graphics card:              | Min. 1024 x 768 pixel resolution, 65536 colours<br>For optimum performance of the system, a current graphics card with 3D acceleration should be used, and the 3D acceleration should be activated. |
| To view the documentation:  | Adobe Acrobat Reader, from Version 7.1.0  |
| Interfaces:                 | A free 100 Mbps Ethernet interface for data transfer to the safety laser scanner  |
| Access rights:              | Network access for PSEnscan Configurator, profile <b>Private</b>  |

#### 8.2.2 Install PSEnscan Configurator

##### Procedure:

1. Switch on your computer and start up the operating system.
2. Download the software PSEnscan Configurator from the download area on the Pilz homepage under <http://www.pilz.com/support/downloads/>.
3. Double-click on the unpacked file.

The software PSEnscan Configurator is installed.

The installer will guide you through the installation.

**INFORMATION**

To ensure that PSENScan Configurator functions correctly, the files and directories in the installation directory of PSENScan Configurator must not be modified manually once installed (e.g. with the Windows Explorer or a text editor).

## 8.2.3 Ethernet Connections

### 8.2.3.1 Factory default settings for the IP addresses

The factory-set default of the IP address of the safety laser scanner: 192.168.0.10.

**INFORMATION****Use the correct IP address**

A second address has been set up for internal functions of the safety laser scanner. This address always follows directly after the IP address, specified in the network settings.

- Ensure that only one IP address is used when the following IP address is not assigned.

### 8.2.3.2 Create firewall rule

A firewall or any other security mechanisms on the PC and network may prevent the PSENScan Configurator from communicating correctly with the connected devices. In this case, it will be necessary to adjust the security settings and firewall settings.

Firewalls allow access to explicitly registered programs. The following program must have access to the profile **Private**:

- ▶ PSENScan Configurator

### 8.2.3.3 Connect automatically


The PSENScan Configurator offers the option of automatically finding a device available in the network.

1. Select **Device -> Search device**.

The network is searched for connected devices of the PSEN sc M 3/5 series.

Connected devices of the PSEN sc M 3/5 series are listed under **Network environment**.



To locate the PSEN sc M 3/5 series click the button . The wave symbol is shown on the display of the selected PSEN sc M 3/5 series.

2. Double-click the safety laser scanner from **Network environment**.

The safety laser scanner is displayed in the work window with IP address, firmware version and status information.

In a safety laser scanner with a connected slave unit or several slave units all the safety laser scanners are displayed as an arrangement.

3. Select **Settings -> Change network settings**.

Enter the password for the safety laser scanner (the factory default setting for the password is **admin**).

4. Enter the network data for connecting to the network and click **OK**.
5. The safety laser scanner switches to the OFF state. Click **OK** to continue.
6. The safety laser scanner is displayed automatically with an updated IP address.
7. Double-click on the device to create a new configuration.

## 8.3 Download configuration to device

You can use the **Download configuration to device** function to download the configuration in the PSEnscan Configurator to a connected device. Once the configuration test has been completed, the new configuration in the connected device can be accepted or rejected.

### **Load configuration**

1. Make sure that the **Download configuration** work window shows a report, listing the differences between the existing configuration on the connected device and the configuration in the PSEnscan Configurator.

The configuration on the connected device is labelled DEV.

The configuration in the PSEnscan Configurator is labelled GUI.

2. Check the whole report to ensure it is correct.
3. Click on Load.


The configuration in the PSEnscan Configurator is downloaded to the connected device. The connected device goes offline as the configuration is being downloaded. The configuration settings will not be available again until you **Accept** or **Reject** the configuration.

4. Select **Monitoring** and check the downloaded configuration.
5. Select **Download configuration** and **Accept** or **Reject** the downloaded configuration.

### **Check**

- ▶ Click **Accept** to activate the downloaded configuration in the connected device and reject the existing configuration on the connected device.
- ▶ Click **Reject** to reject the downloaded configuration in the connected device and continue to use the existing configuration on the connected device. The downloaded configuration in the connected device will be deleted.

## 8.4 Create backup copy of a configuration

For restoring an existing configuration (see [Restore configuration](#) [ 83]) you need a backup copy of this configuration.

**Procedure:**

- ▶ Select Project -> Save.

The dialogue box for saving is opened. Please enter a name for the MIB file.

The MIB file includes all the data for configuration.

## 9 First commissioning

### 9.1 Requirements for commissioning

Please note:

- ▶ Ensure that the window of the safety laser scanner is clean, intact and without fingerprints.



#### CAUTION!

#### Detection of safety zones being violated deteriorates

If the safety laser scanner is commissioned in other conditions, the detection the safety zones being violated may deteriorate.

- Ensure that the conditions for commissioning are met.

### 9.2 System connection

Make sure that the selected evaluation device has the following property:

- ▶ OSSD signals are evaluated through 2 channels with plausibility monitoring

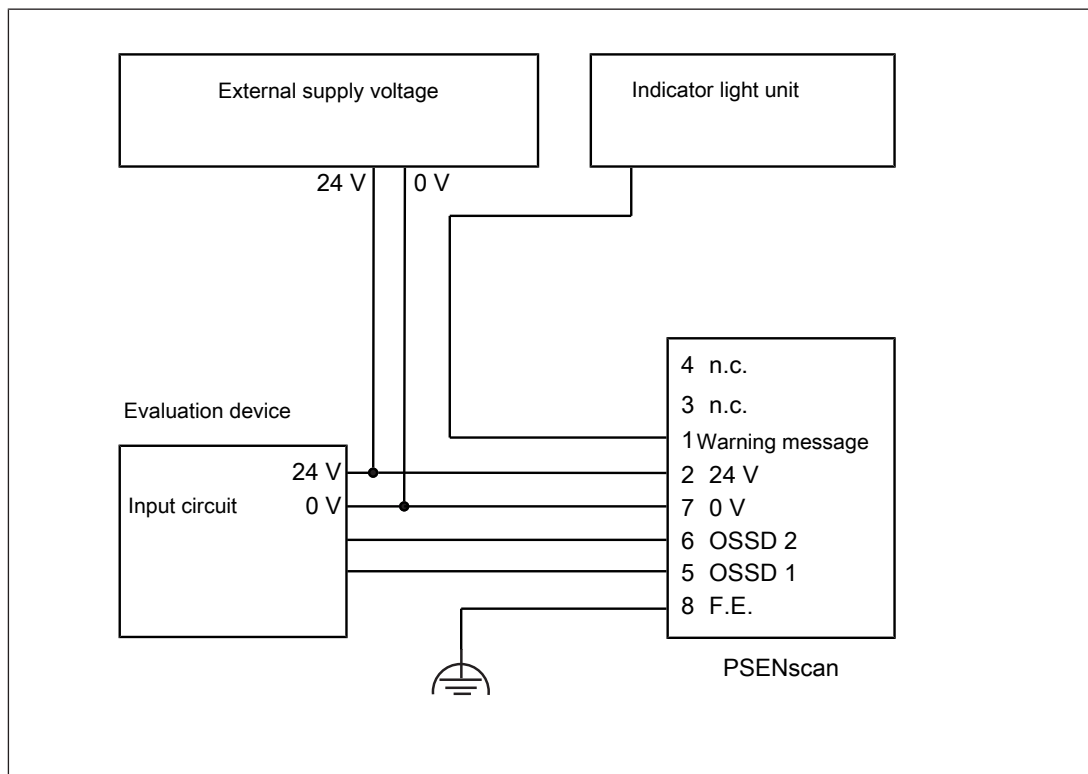


Fig.: Dual-channel connection of the safety laser scanner on the input circuit of an evaluation device (1 zone set, warning message, automatic restart)

Suitable Pilz evaluation devices are, for example:

- ▶ PNOZmulti for monitoring safety laser scanners  
Configure the safety laser scanner in PNOZmulti Configurator as a function element "Light curtain" with switch type 3.

- ▶ Automation system PSS 4000

The correct connection to the respective evaluation device is described in the operating manual for the evaluation device. Connect the evaluation device according to the specifications in the selected evaluation device's operating manual.

## 9.3 Configuration of zones


For simultaneous monitoring of several zones and the switching of monitoring of zone sets, the configurable inputs of the safety laser scanner must be configured appropriately.

- ▶ Configuration of a static zone set  
No configurable inputs are required.
- ▶ Configuration of two zone sets  
Configure two configurable inputs.
- ▶ Configuration of three zone sets  
Configure three configurable inputs.

### 9.3.1 Example for an 8-pin connection

Sample settings in PSEnscan Configurator for a safety laser scanner with 8-pin connection: Vertical application with reference outline monitoring, 1 zone set, no warning, automatic re-start, dynamic muting in one direction

**Procedure:**

1. From the start page, select **Create new configuration**.  
The window **Device selection** is displayed with one tab each **Online** and **Overview of all types**.
2. Select a device from **Overview of all types**. Double-click the device.  
The device is displayed in the work window and it can be configured.
3. Under **Application**, select VERTICAL and **8-pin connection**.  
**Configuration**  
You can enter a title for the configuration under **Name**.  
You can enter the name of the person who created the configuration under **Author**.  
You can describe the configuration in detail under **Description**.  
The **Configurator Version** is entered by the system and cannot be changed.  
The **Check sum** is entered by the system and cannot be changed.  
The **Creation date** is entered by the system and cannot be changed.  
**Device**  
You can enter a title for the connected device under **Name**.  
Click on the arrow . The next window is opened: **Output configuration**. The number of OSSD pairs is already selected.
4. Select **Warning zone = 0**.  
If **Warning zone = 0**, the warning zone is deselected. The output Pin 1 is automatically set to NOFUNCTION. The output cannot be used.

Select **Muting = Activated**

The outputs Pin 5 and 6 are reserved for OSSD 1 and OSSD 2 and cannot be changed.

Click on the arrow . The next window **Configure zone sets** is opened.

5. Click on the arrow . The next window **Configure zone sets** is opened.

Zone set = 1 is already selected. Further settings are not required.

Click on the arrow . The next window **Input configuration** is opened

6. For **Restart** select the value **Automatic** and define the **Recovery time** (min. 200 ms, max. 60000 ms).

Select the **Muting type** and specify the value for **Muting activation delay [ms]**.

For **Muting type = L muting** a factor can be specified for an increase of the activation delay.

If necessary, specify a value for time monitoring of the muting function (**Time exceeded [min] (0 = no time exceeded)**)

In **Input wiring** select the PINs to which the muting sensors are connected. For dynamic activation of the muting state, **Activate muting 1** must also be assigned to a PIN.




**CAUTION!**

**Risk of injury due to loss of the safety function.**

If time monitoring for the muting function is set to  $\infty$ , the muting function is not cancelled until the muting sensors are no longer active.

This setting does not comply with the specifications of EN ISO 61496-1.

- Avoid a situation in which sustained muting is not detected.

7. Click on the arrow . The next window **Configure detection capability** is opened.
8. Under **Multiple evaluation**, define the number of consecutive scans needed for detection.

Increasing the number of consecutive scans will increase the response time of the safety laser scanner.

9. Select the **detection capability [mm]** for this safety laser scanner. Define the value for **Safety zone** or for **Warning zone**.

**Please note:**

With a resolution of 40 mm, the range of the safety zone expands to 3 m, and the range of the warning zone expands to 22 m.


10. Select **Dust filter level** (level 1 = low, level 3 = high).  
A higher level of dust filtering requires a longer safety distance.




**WARNING!**

**Loss of safety function due to a safety distance that is too low**

Depending on the application, serious injury or death may result.

- ▶ Depending on the degree of dust filtering, it is necessary to consider an allowance for calculating the safety distance when installing the safety laser scanner near intense light sources or reflective surfaces into account (see [Distance to intense light sources and to reflective surfaces](#) [ 37]).
  - When calculating the safety distance, ensure that the allowance is considered depending on the dust filtering.
  - Ensure that the new safety distance fulfils the specifications of the safety assessment.

11. Click on the arrow  . The next window **Configure zones** is opened.

Create the zones using the symbols in the tool bar on the right-hand side.



12. Click on  .

Specify at least 3 (max. 15) reference points. Specify a max. permitted tolerance for each reference point. **Tol -** is the tolerance for the side that faces the safety laser scanner, **Tol +** is the tolerance for the side that is facing away from the safety laser scanner.

### 9.3.2 Example for an 12-pin connection

Settings in PSEnscan Configurator for a safety laser scanner with 12-pin connection: Vertical application with reference contour monitoring, 1 zone set, 1 warning, manual restart

**Procedure:**

1. From the start page, select **Create new configuration**.

The window **Device selection** is displayed with one tab each **Online** and **Overview of all types**.

2. Select a PSEN sc M device from **Overview of all types**. Double-click the device.

The device is displayed in the work window and it can be configured.

3. Under **Application**, select VERTICAL and **12-pin connection**.

**Configuration**

You can enter a title for the configuration under **Name**.

You can enter the name of the person who created the configuration under **Author**.

You can describe the configuration in detail under **Description**.

The **Configurator Version** is entered by the system and cannot be changed.

The **Check sum** is entered by the system and cannot be changed.

The **Creation date** is entered by the system and cannot be changed.




### **Device**

You can enter a title for the connected device under **Name**.

### **Safety laser scanner arrangement**

You can enter a title for the safety laser scanner arrangement under **Name**.

You can enter names for the devices in the safety laser scanner arrangement under **Device**.

Click on the arrow . The next window is opened: **Output configuration**. The number of OSSD pairs is already selected.

4. Select **Warning zone** = 0.

If **Warning zone** = 0, the warning zone is activated. The output Pin 1 is automatically set to NOFUNCTION. The output cannot be used.

Outputs Pin 5 and 6 are reserved for OSSD 1 and OSSD 2 and cannot be changed.

Click on the arrow . The next window **Configure zone sets** is opened.

5. Select **Zone set** = 3 and enter for the PINs 1, 3 and 4 each the **Zone switching**. Enter the input delay.

For the configuration of switchable zones the PINs 1, 3 and 4 have to be assigned to the zone sets. You can make the assignment automatically using PSEnscan Configurator or perform it manually.

### **Automatic assignment using PSEnscan Configurator**



Click  for automatic specification of the coding of zone sets

### **Manual assignment**

For **Zone set 1** enter **AS3 = 1**.

For **Zone set 2** enter **AS2 = 1**.

For **Zone set 3** enter **AS1 = 1**.

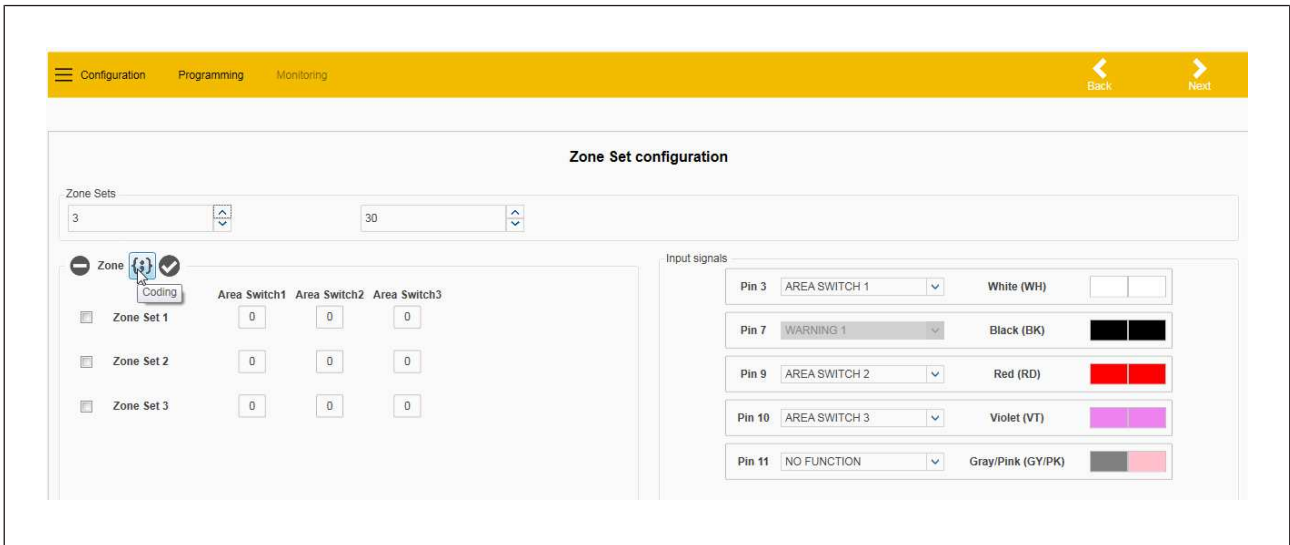
### **Assignment of input signals**

For PIN 1, enter AREA SWITCH 3.

For PIN 3, enter AREA SWITCH 1.

For PIN 4, enter AREA SWITCH 2.

Click on the arrow . The next window **Input configuration** is opened.



6. For **Restart** select the value **Automatic** and define the **Recovery time** (min. 200 ms, max. 60000 ms).  
 Select whether **EDM** is to be activated. When EDM is activated, a PIN must be assigned to the EDM input.
7. Click on the arrow . The next window **Configure detection capability** is opened.
8. Under **Multiple evaluation**, define the number of consecutive scans needed for detection.  
 Increasing the number of consecutive scans will increase the response time of the safety laser scanner.
9. Select the **detection capability [mm]** for this safety laser scanner. Define the value for **Safety zone** or for **Warning zone**.
10. Select **Dust filter level** (level 1 = low, level 3 = high).  
 A higher level of dust filtering requires a longer safety distance.



**WARNING!**

**Loss of safety function due to a safety distance that is too low**

Depending on the application, serious injury or death may result.

- ▶ Depending on the degree of dust filtering, it is necessary to consider an allowance for calculating the safety distance when installing the safety laser scanner near intense light sources or reflective surfaces into account (see [Distance to intense light sources and to reflective surfaces \[37\]](#)).
  - When calculating the safety distance, ensure that the allowance is considered depending on the dust filtering.
  - Ensure that the new safety distance fulfils the specifications of the safety assessment.

11. Click on the arrow . The next window **Configure zones** is opened.  
 Create the zones using the symbols in the tool bar on the right-hand side.



12. Click on

Specify at least 3 (max. 15) reference points. Specify a max. permitted tolerance for each reference point. **Tol -** is the tolerance for the side that faces the safety laser scanner, **Tol +** is the tolerance for the side that is facing away from the safety laser scanner.

13. In a safety laser scanner arrangement you can configure the detection capability and the zones for each slave unit separately.

When configuring a safety laser scanner arrangement, configure the detection capability and the zones separately for each slave unit.

Select the slave unit(s) you want to configure one after the other and configure the detection capability, the zones and the reference outlines, as required.

## 9.4 Testing

Before finally commissioning the safety laser scanner after the installation and alignment, final inspections must be carried out.



### INFORMATION

This inspection may only be carried out by qualified personnel.

### Check safety function of the safety laser scanner

#### Procedure:

As a test piece, use an opaque object with a height of at least 300 mm and a diameter that corresponds to the selected detection capability.

Move the test piece at various points along the safety zone into the safety zone:


The OSSDs must switch to the OFF state with each entry of the test piece.

### Check ambient conditions and installation

#### ▶ Correct alignment and fixing

Check that the fixing screws of the safety laser scanner are firmly seated.


#### ▶ Safety distance

The safety distance must comply with the requirements in [Maintaining the safety distance](#) [ 30].

#### ▶ Circumventing the safety zone


The danger zone must be safeguarded so that it is impossible to access by circumventing the safety zone.

#### ▶ Safety zone perimeters

The safety zone perimeters (see [Project configuration](#) [ 29]) must completely safeguard the danger zone, making it inaccessible.


#### ▶ Position of the pushbutton for manual restart

It must not be possible to operate the pushbutton for manual restart from inside the danger zone. The pushbutton must be located at a position from which there is a full, unobstructed view of the danger zone.

- ▶ Response time and stopping time must fulfil the requirements in [Maintaining the safety distance](#) [ 30].

Ensure that the safety laser scanner's response time and the machine's stopping time fulfil the requirements Maintaining the safety distance.


- ▶ Intense or flashing light sources in the vicinity

The allowance  $Z_R$  for particularly intense or flashing light sources near the safety laser scanner (range of +/- 5° to the scan level or highly reflective background within a distance of 2.5 m to the safety zone perimeter) has been considered when calculating the safety distance (see [Distance to intense light sources](#) [ 37]).

- ▶ Ambient conditions

Please observe the [environmental conditions](#) [ 37].

- ▶ Check the safety laser scanner's front panel.

- Scratched front panel: Change the safety laser scanner.
- Dirty front panel: [Clean the front panel](#) [ 87].

#### **Create backup copy of a configuration**

- ▶ After successfully checking the installation and configuration of the safety laser scanner, create a backup copy of the configuration.

#### **Procedure:**













- ▶ Select Project -> Save.



The dialogue box for saving is opened. Please enter a name for the MIB file.

The MIB file includes all the data for configuration.









## 10 Operation

### 10.1 Display during normal operation

| Message in the display  |                 | Status   | Description/measure  |
|---|-----------------|--|--|
| Icon  | Text            |  |  |
|    | CLEANW2         | The front panel must be cleaned  | Decommission the safety laser scanner and <a href="#">clean</a>  86] the front panel of the safety laser scanner. |
|    | DLDNC           | Download of a configuration or a report  | A configuration or a report is downloaded.   |
|    |                 | The status of the network is checked   | The status of the safety laser scanner in the network is checked.  |
|   | ITLOCK1         | Safety laser scanner in interlock condition  | The safety laser scanner is in interlock condition. Normal operation is possible only after a successful restart of the safety laser scanner.  |
|  | INPUTCF1        | Faulty input   | Faulty input, e.g. wrong number of inputs that are used for switching the zone sets.   |
|  | NOCONF          | No configuration available   | No configuration for the safety laser scanner could be found.  |
|  |                 | The wave function is activated.  | The symbol flashes. Select the safety laser scanner in PSEnscan Configurator and configure it.   |
|  | MUT<br>TIMEOUT  | Muting has elapsed (timeout).  |  |
|  | MUTING ERR      | Could not activate muting because the specifications for activating the muting sensors were not met. |  |
|  | MUTING          | Muting on OSSD1 is active.<br>The OSSDs are in the ON state.   |  |
|  | OVERRIDE<br>ERR | Could not activate override because the specifications for activation were not met.                  |  |

| Message in the display  |                | Status                | Description/measure |
|---|----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Icon  | Text           |                       |                     |
|  | OVERRIDE       | Override is active.   |                     |
|  | OVR<br>TIMEOUT | Override has elapsed. |                     |

## 10.2 Display of the monitoring status

| Icon  |   | Status  | Description/measure  |
|---|---|---|--|
| Valid configuration   | Configuration not yet accepted  |   |  |
|   |   | Device is switched on and ready for operation |  |
|  |  | Warning zone has been violated                | A violation of the warning zone has been detected. The configured action for a violation of the warning zone has been triggered.   |
|  |  | Safety zone has been violated                 | A violation of the safety zone has been detected. The OSSDs are in the OFF state.  |
|  |  | Change detected in the reference outline      | A violation of the reference outline has been detected. The area of change is highlighted in blue.<br><br>Check the cause for the change and eliminate the cause or adapt the reference outline. |





## 10.3 Diagnostic information

### 10.3.1 Error






| Message in the display  |          | Error/cause  | Description/measure   |
|---|----------|--|---|
| Icon  | Text     |  |   |
|    | CLEANW1  | The front panel of the safety laser scanner must be cleaned. | <a href="#">Clean front panel</a>   |
|    | INPUTCF1 | Error in the configuration or the wiring.                    | Check whether the <a href="#">wiring [48]</a> and the <a href="#">configuration [70]</a> will match.              |
|    | INPUTCF2 | Configuration error.   | In the configuration, check the configured state transitions and switching operations.                            |
|   | INTF1    | An error occurred during the system test.                    | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner [85]</a> .<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|  | INTF2    | An error occurred during the system test.                    | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner [85]</a> .<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|  | INTF3    | An error occurred during the system test.                    | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner [85]</a> .<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|  | INTF4    | An error occurred during the system test.                    | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner [85]</a> .<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|  | INTF5    | An error occurred during the system test.                    | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner [85]</a> .<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|  | INTF7    | An error occurred during the system test.                    | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner [85]</a> .<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |

| Message in the display  |        | Error/cause                               | Description/measure  |
|---|--------|---|--|
| Icon  | Text   |   |  |
|    | INTF8  | An error occurred during the system test. | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [85].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|    | INTF9  | An error occurred during the system test. | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [85].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|    | INTF10 | An error occurred during the system test. | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [85].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|    | INTF11 | An error occurred during the system test. | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [85].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|  | INTF12 | An error occurred during the system test. | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [85].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|  | INTF13 | An error occurred during the system test. | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [85].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|  | INTF14 | An error occurred during the system test. | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [85].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|  | INTF15 | An error occurred during the system test. | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [85].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|  | INTF16 | An error occurred during the system test. | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [85].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|  | INTF17 | An error occurred during the system test. | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [85].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |










| Message in the display  |         | Error/cause                                   | Description/measure  |
|---|---------|---|--|
| Icon  | Text    |   |  |
|  | INTF18  | An error occurred during the system test.     | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [85].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz.     |
|  | INTF20  | An error occurred during the system test.     | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [85].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz.     |
|  | OSSD1F3 | Earth fault has occurred on OSSD1.            | Check the EDM state and the <a href="#">wiring of the OSSDs</a> [48].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |
|  | OSSDF1  | An error has occurred when testing the OSSD1. | Check the EDM state and the <a href="#">wiring of the OSSDs</a> [48].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz. |

### 10.3.2 Warnings




| Message in the display  |               | Error/cause   | Description/measure   |
|---|---------------|---|---|
| Icon  | Text          |   |   |
|  | BOOTF         | An error has occurred when starting the system.   | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [85].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz.  |
|  | INTF6         | An error occurred during the system test.   | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [85].<br>If the error persists, please contact Pilz.  |
|  | EXTTEMP       | The ambient temperature is outside the temperature range indicated in the <a href="#">Technical details</a> [91]. | Ensure that the ambient temperature is in the temperature range specified in the <a href="#">Technical details</a> [91].                                  |
|  | OVERTEMP      | The ambient temperature is outside the temperature range indicated in the <a href="#">Technical details</a> [91]. | Ensure that the ambient temperature is in the temperature range specified in the <a href="#">Technical details</a> [91].                                  |
|  | HIGH REFL-BKG | The reflection of the background is too strong.   | Reduce the background reflection or increase the safety distance (see <a href="#">Distance to intense light sources and to reflective surfaces</a> [37]). |

### 10.3.3 Information

| Message in the display   |              | Error/cause  | Description/measure  |
|--|--------------|--|--|
| Icon   | Text         |  |  |
|   | CLEANW2      | The front panel of the safety laser scanner is contaminated and it must be cleaned to ensure normal operation. | <a href="#">Clean front panel</a>  |
|   | DLDNC        | A new configuration is downloaded.   |  |
|   | DLDNF        | A new firmware version is downloaded.  |  |
|   | ITLOCK1      | OSSD must be restarted   | Perform a <a href="#">reset of the safety laser scanner</a> [  85].                       |
|  | WAITING CONF | The safety laser scanner waits for a configuration (e.g. after restoring a configuration).                     | Configure the safety laser scanner (see <a href="#">Configuration of zones</a> [  70]). |

### 10.4 Text messages in the display

With the buttons under the display of PSEN sc M 3/5 series you can navigate in the message in the display.

|   |   |
|---|---|
|  | Confirm message in the display and open the next menu level or exit the last menu level |
|  | Scroll down   |
|  | Scroll up   |

The LC display shows information and navigates the menu with the sections Information, Setting and Exit.

#### Information

| Menu item | Menu second level | Meaning  |
|-----------|-------------------|--|
| Hardware  |                   | Device-specific displays                               |
|           | Device name       | The name of PSEN sc M 3/5 series is displayed.         |
|           | Product name      | The product type of PSEN sc M 3/5 series is displayed. |
|           | Order number      | The order number of PSEN sc M 3/5 series is displayed. |

| Menu item     | Menu second level   | Meaning   |
|---------------|---------------------|---|
|               | Serial number       | The serial number of PSEN sc M 3/5 series is displayed.                                 |
|               | Firmware version    | The firmware version of PSEN sc M 3/5 series is displayed.                              |
|               | Device Lifetime (h) | The current operating time of PSEN sc M 3/5 series in hours is displayed                |
| Configuration |                     | Configuration-specific displays   |
|               | Configuration name  | The name is displayed under which the configuration was saved in PSENscan Configurator. |
|               | Check sum           | The check sum is displayed that was created when saving the configuration.              |
|               | Last saved date     | Date of last modification of the project  |
|               | IP address          | The first IP address of the PSEN sc M 3/5 series is displayed.                          |
|               | MAC address         | The MAC address of the PSEN sc M 3/5 series is displayed.                               |

### Setting

| Menu item        | Menu second level | Meaning  |
|------------------|-------------------|--|
| Display settings |                   |  |
|                  | Rotate            | The display is rotated.                                |
| Reset PSENscan   |                   | Confirming starts a reset of the PSEN sc M 3/5 series. |

### Exit

Exit menu in the display.

## 10.5 Restore configuration

### Prerequisites

- ▶ The memory module is installed correctly.
- ▶ The pin assignment must be compatible with the data in the memory module.

One of the following conditions must be met.

- ▶ The MIB files in PSEN sc M and in the memory module are different.
- ▶ The topologies in PSEN sc M and in the memory module are different.
- ▶ The serial numbers saved in PSEN sc M and in the memory module are different.

### Procedure:

1. Switch the safety laser scanner on.

When the safety laser scanner is already switched on, switch it off and then on again.

The system checks whether the conditions are met. When the conditions are met, restoring of the configuration is started.

2. Depending on the type of difference between memory module and PSEN sc M the restoring of the configuration varies.

Serial numbers differ: On the display of the master unit, CFG NO MATCHING is shown. Continue by selecting the data for the restore.

Topology or MIB files vary: On the display of the master unit WAITING CONF is shown. Continue the configuration in PSEnscan Configurator.

3. Use the buttons on the display of the master unit to select the data to be used for restore.

Display master unit:

**Restore cfg:** The configurations in the memory module are used. Confirm the selection with **Confirm** and the configuration is copied from the memory module into PSEN sc M. Continue checking the configuration.

**cfg from GUI:** The configuration created newly in the PSEnscan Configurator is used. Confirm your selection with **Confirm** and continue with Create new configuration in PSEnscan Configurator.

4. Display master unit: **Confirm / Cancel**

Display slave unit: CHECK MASTER

Confirm your entry with **Confirm**

5. Checking the configuration

Display master unit: RESTORE FAILED. Could not copy the configuration successfully. Continue by selecting the data for the restore.

Display master unit: RUN TEST MODE

On the display of the master unit, select **Enter Test**. Test operation starts. Continue with accept or reject configuration.

6. Accept or reject configuration

Test operation is complete.

Select **Validate conf** to accept the configuration. The safety laser scanner is ready for operation again.

Select **Reject conf** to reject the configuration. Continue by selecting the data for the restore.

7. Create new configuration in PSEnscan Configurator

Display master unit: WAITING CONF

Display slave unit: CHECK MASTER

Configure the safety laser scanner in PSEnscan Configurator.

## 10.6 Reset

The Reset function can be used to set the safety laser scanner back to normal operation, when the safety laser scanner has changed to an error state because of a non-critical error.

**Procedure:**

Hold the reset pushbutton down for at least 500 ms.

# 11 Safety checks, maintenance and repair

## 11.1 Cleaning

The front panel and the underside of the metal cover on the upper side of the safety laser scanner need to be cleaned regularly. The frequency depends on the environmental conditions.



**WARNING!**

**Loss of the safety function due to the use of improper cleaning agents**

Improper cleaning agents can damage the front screen and lead to malfunctions.

- Use only the cleaning agents specified.

A scratched front panel can lead to errors of the safety laser scanner.

Contact Pilz and exchange the PSEN sc head when the front panel is scratched.

| Contamination                | Cleaning   |
|------------------------------|--|
| Finger marks                 | Dampen PSEN sc cloth with a mild cleaning agent or PSEN sc cleaner (see <a href="#">Order references [99]</a> ) and clean the front panel in one go without rubbing  |
| Sticking particles           | Dampen PSEN sc cloth with a mild cleaning agent or PSEN sc cleaner (see <a href="#">order reference [99]</a> ) and clean the front panel in one go without rubbing   |
| Loose, non-chafing particles | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Vacuum or gently blow away the particles without touching</li> <li>▶ Remove particles using PSEN sc cloth in one go without rubbing</li> </ul>  |
| Loose, chafing particles     | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Vacuum or gently blow away the particles without touching</li> <li>2. Remove particles using PSEN sc cloth in one go without rubbing</li> </ol>  |
| Oil drops                    | Dampen PSEN sc cloth with a mild cleaning agent or PSEN sc cleaner (see <a href="#">order reference [99]</a> ) and clean the front panel in one go without rubbing   |
| Statically charged particles | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Vacuum particles without touching</li> <li>2. Dampen PSEN sc cloth with a mild cleaning agent or PSEN sc cleaner (see <a href="#">order reference [99]</a>) and clean the front panel in one go without rubbing</li> </ol> |

## 11.2 Checks

### 11.2.1 Regular check

Regular checks can bring to light changes to the plant/machine, safeguards and ambient conditions.

Pilz recommends that the safety laser scanner be checked every six months.


▶ Check the safety laser scanner's front panel.


– Scratched front panel: Change the safety laser scanner.

– Dirty front panel: [Clean the front panel](#)  86].

In a particularly dirty environment, front panel cleanliness should be checked more frequently.

▶ Check the tightness of the safety laser scanner.

All screws must be tightened to the torque specified in the [Technical details](#)  91].

▶ Check the safety function of the safety laser scanner (see [Check the safety function of the safety laser scanner](#)  75]).

### 11.2.2 Check after plant/machine modification

Check the safety laser scanner each time the plant/machine is modified. Changing the safety laser scanner or swapping components of the safety laser scanner should also be regarded as a modification.

You **must** comply with the requirements of the applicable national regulations.



#### INFORMATION

This inspection may only be carried out by qualified personnel.

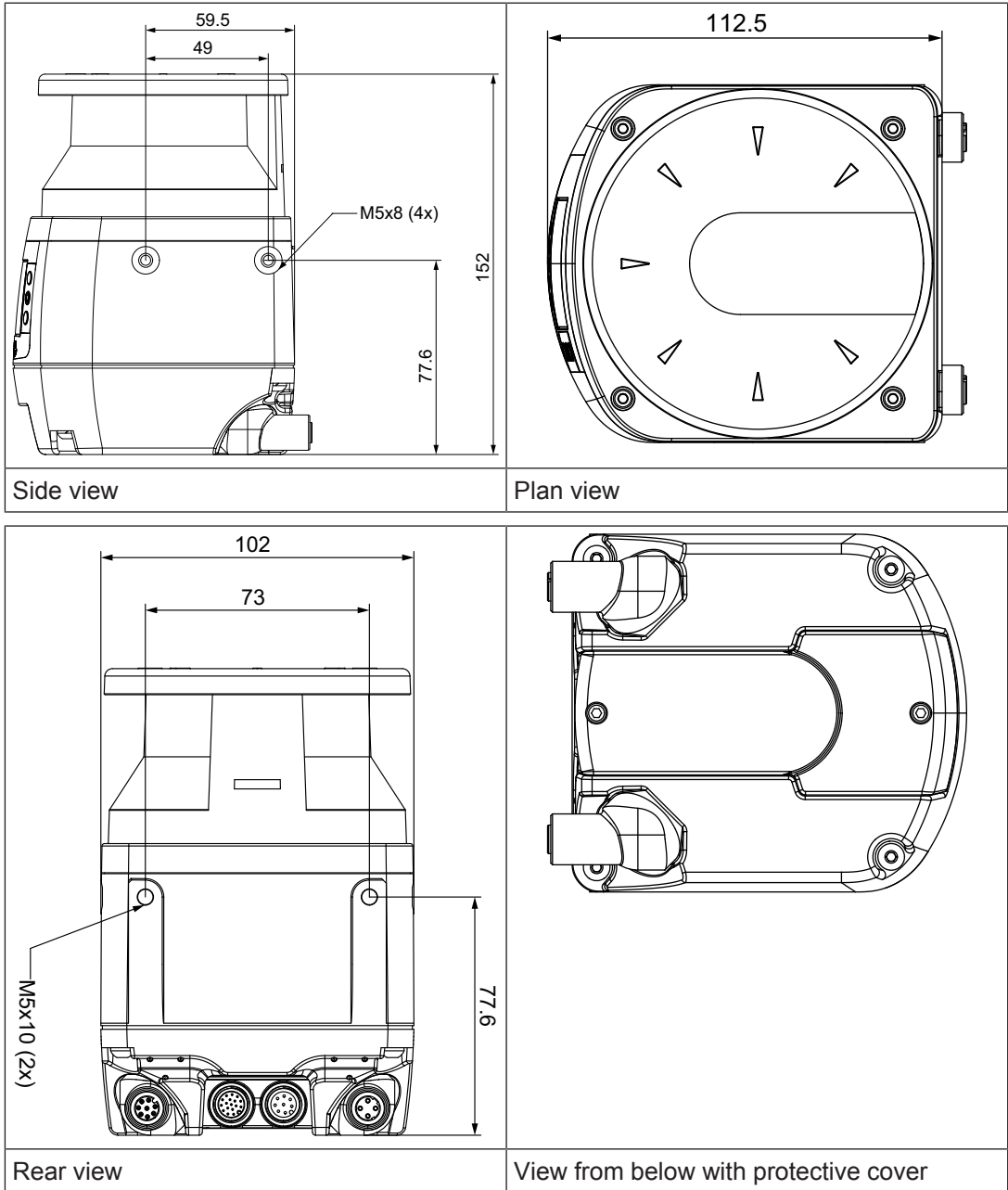
The Appendix contains a [Checklist](#)  101] which should help you perform the safety check.

## 11.3 Maintenance

Other than cleaning the front panel, the safety laser scanner requires no other form of maintenance.

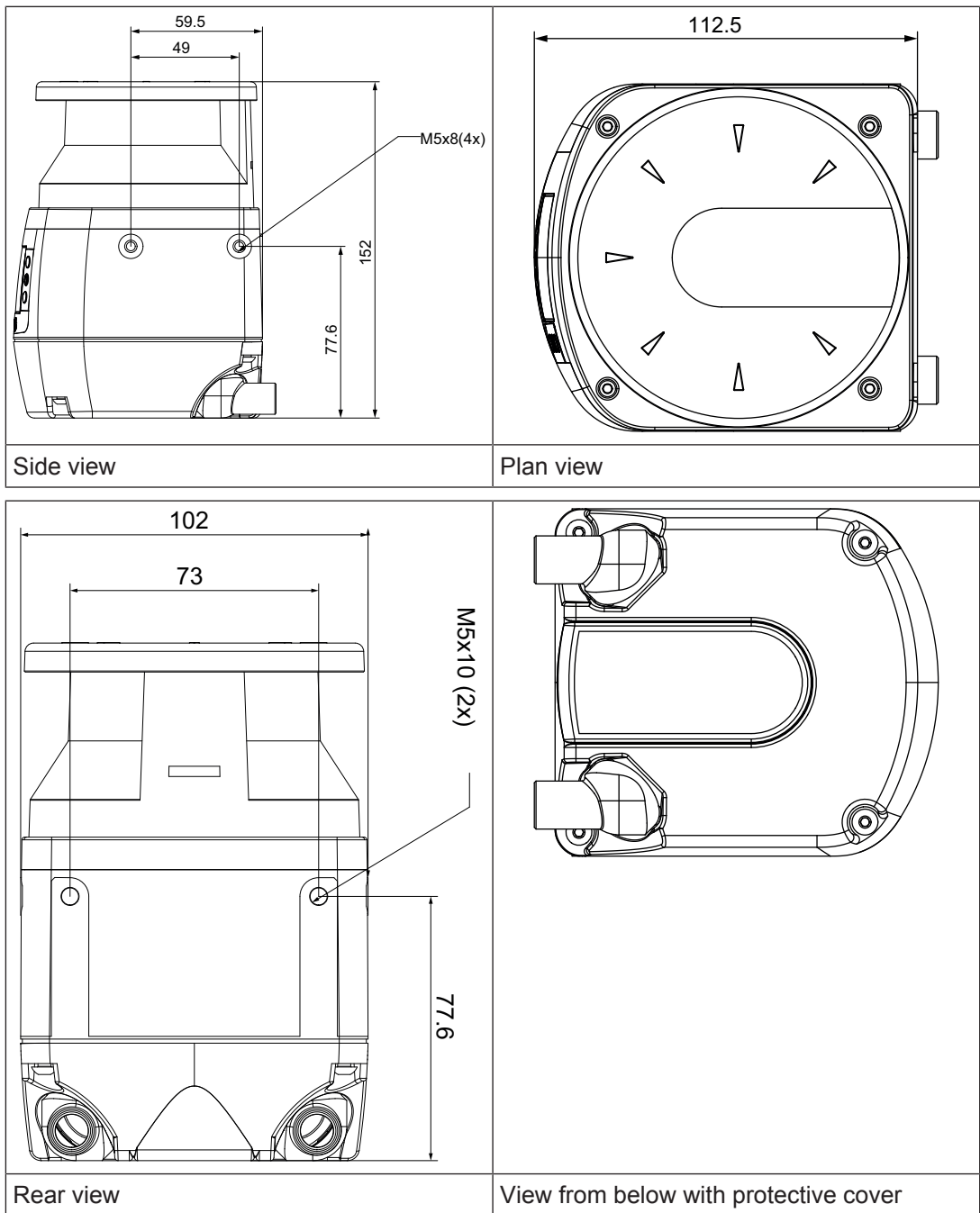
# 12 Dimensions

## Master unit

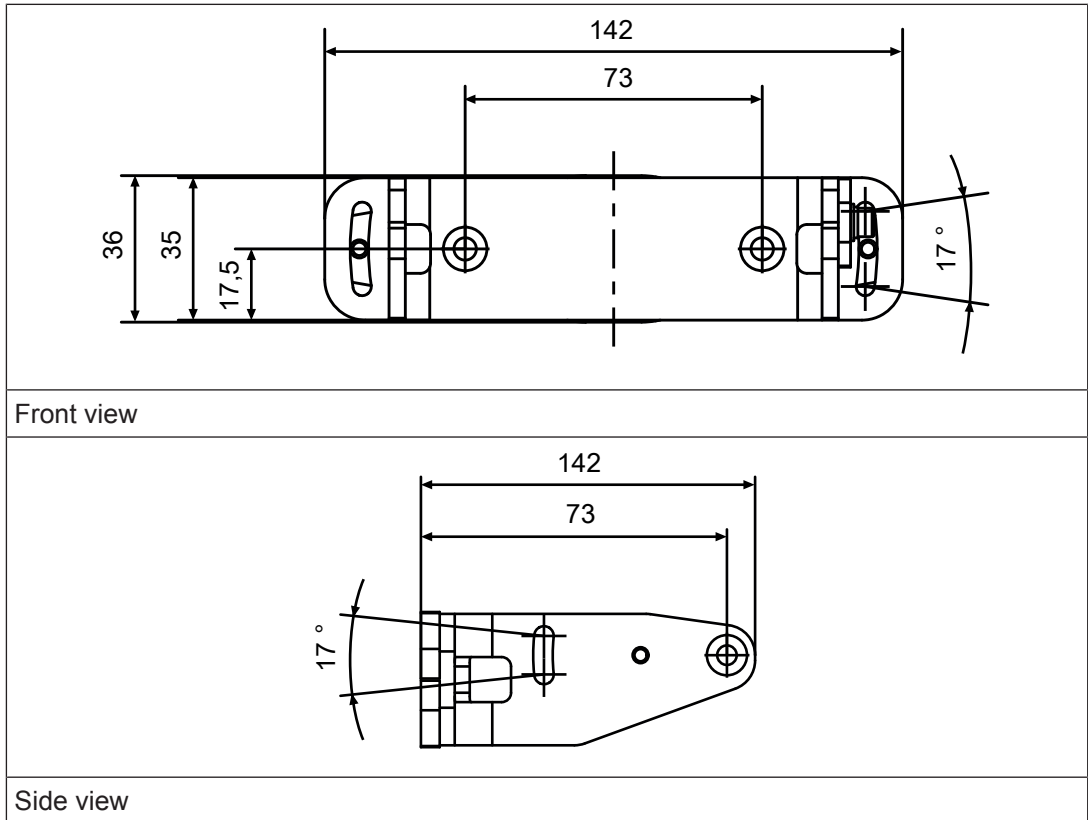




**Slave unit**



PSEN sc bracket PR



## 13 Technical details order no. 6D000016-6D000017

| <b>General</b>                                  | <b>6D000016</b>       | <b>6D000017</b>       |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Certifications                                  | CE, TÜV, cULus Listed | CE, TÜV, cULus Listed |
| ESPE type                                       | 3                     | 3                     |
| Product type                                    | Master                | Master                |
| Sensor's mode of operation                      | Optical               | Optical               |
| Resolutions                                     | 40 mm, 70 mm          | 40 mm, 70 mm          |
| Number of zone sets that can be switched        | 10                    | 10                    |
| Operating range                                 |                       |                       |
| Warning zone at 70 mm resolution                | 0,05 - 40 m           | 0,05 - 40 m           |
| Warning zone at 40 mm resolution                | 0,05 - 22 m           | 0,05 - 22 m           |
| Safety zone at 70 mm resolution                 | 0,05 - 3 m            | 0,05 - 5,5 m          |
| Safety zone at 40 mm resolution                 | 0,05 - 3 m            | 0,05 - 3 m            |
| Number of simultaneously monitored safety zones | 1                     | 1                     |
| Number of simultaneously monitored zones        | 2                     | 2                     |
| Number of zone configurations                   | 10                    | 10                    |
| <b>Electrical data</b>                          | <b>6D000016</b>       | <b>6D000017</b>       |
| Supply voltage                                  |                       |                       |
| Voltage   | 24 V                  | 24 V                  |
| Kind  | DC                    | DC                    |
| Voltage tolerance                               | -20 %/+25 %           | -20 %/+25 %           |
| Output of external power supply (DC)            | 8 W                   | 8 W                   |
| Max. output power                               | 27 W                  | 27 W                  |
| Residual ripple DC                              | 5 %                   | 5 %                   |
| Max. inductive load per output                  | 2 H                   | 2 H                   |
| Protection class                                | 3                     | 3                     |
| <b>Optical data</b>                             | <b>6D000016</b>       | <b>6D000017</b>       |
| Diameter light spot on front plate              | 8 mm                  | 8 mm                  |
| Used wavelength range                           | 905 nm                | 905 nm                |
| Laser class (DIN EN 60825-1)                    | 1                     | 1                     |
| Scan area                                       | 275°                  | 275°                  |
| Max. opening angle scanner                      | 0,12°                 | 0,12°                 |
| Angle resolution                                | 0,1°                  | 0,1°                  |
| Max. number multiple evaluation                 | 16                    | 16                    |
| Detectable remission area                       | 1,8 - 1.000 %         | 1,8 - 1.000 %         |
| Pulse duration                                  | 3 ns                  | 3 ns                  |
| Typical output power laser                      | 8 mW                  | 8 mW                  |
| <b>Measuring circuit</b>                        | <b>6D000016</b>       | <b>6D000017</b>       |
| Input resistance                                | 12 kOhm               | 12 kOhm               |

| <b>Configurable inputs/outputs (inputs or auxiliary outputs)</b> |                      |                      |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
|  | <b>6D000016</b>      | <b>6D000017</b>      |
| Number   | 1                    | 1                    |
| <b>Inputs</b>  |                      |                      |
|  | <b>6D000016</b>      | <b>6D000017</b>      |
| Number   | 4                    | 4                    |
| Signal level at "0"  | < 5 V                | < 5 V                |
| Signal level at "1"  | > 12 V               | > 12 V               |
| Voltage at inputs  | 24 V                 | 24 V                 |
| Current per input  | 2 mA                 | 2 mA                 |
| <b>Semiconductor outputs</b>                                     |                      |                      |
|  | <b>6D000016</b>      | <b>6D000017</b>      |
| OSSD safety outputs  | 2                    | 2                    |
| Residual current at "0" signal                                   | < 700 µA             | < 700 µA             |
| Output voltage at "1" signal                                     | 2 V                  | 2 V                  |
| Output voltage at "0" signal                                     | 0 V                  | 0 V                  |
| Max. output current at rated voltage                             | 250 mA               | 250 mA               |
| Max. capacitive load   | 2,2 µF               | 2,2 µF               |
| <b>Ethernet interface</b>  |                      |                      |
|  | <b>6D000016</b>      | <b>6D000017</b>      |
| Number   | 1                    | 1                    |
| Connection type  | M12x1, 4-pin, D-code | M12x1, 4-pin, D-code |
| Transmission rate  | 100 MBit/s           | 100 MBit/s           |
| <b>Times</b>   |                      |                      |
|  | <b>6D000016</b>      | <b>6D000017</b>      |
| Test pulse duration, safety outputs                              | 300 µs               | 300 µs               |
| Switch-on delay  |                      |                      |
| Typ. switch-on delay   | 40 s                 | 40 s                 |
| Increased response time per measurement cycle                    | 30 ms                | 30 ms                |
| Response time t1   | 62 ms                | 62 ms                |
| Rotation time  | 30 ms                | 30 ms                |
| <b>Environmental data</b>  |                      |                      |
|  | <b>6D000016</b>      | <b>6D000017</b>      |
| Ambient temperature  |                      |                      |
| Temperature range  | 0 - 50 °C            | 0 - 50 °C            |
| Storage temperature  |                      |                      |
| Temperature range  | -20 - 70 °C          | -20 - 70 °C          |
| Climatic suitability   |                      |                      |
| Humidity   | max. 95 %            | max. 95 %            |
| Condensation during operation                                    | Not permitted        | Not permitted        |
| Vibration  |                      |                      |
| In accordance with the standard                                  | EN 60068-2-6         | EN 60068-2-6         |
| Frequency  | 10 - 55 Hz           | 10 - 55 Hz           |
| Amplitude  | 0,35 mm              | 0,35 mm              |

| <b>Environmental data</b>   | <b>6D000016</b>  | <b>6D000017</b>  |
|---|--|--|
| Shock stress  |  |  |
| In accordance with the standard   | <b>EN 60068-2-27</b>   | <b>EN 60068-2-27</b>   |
| Number of shocks  | <b>1000</b>  | <b>1000</b>  |
| Acceleration  | <b>10g</b>   | <b>10g</b>   |
| Duration  | <b>16 ms</b>   | <b>16 ms</b>   |
| Protection type   |  |  |
| Housing   | <b>IP65</b>  | <b>IP65</b>  |
| Deviation from ideal flatness of the scan field at max. operating range | <b>50 mm</b>   | <b>50 mm</b>   |
| <b>Mechanical data</b>  | <b>6D000016</b>  | <b>6D000017</b>  |
| Distance scanning plane to top edge                                     | <b>37,7 mm</b>   | <b>37,7 mm</b>   |
| Distance mirror rotational axis to the rear                             | <b>52,5 mm</b>   | <b>52,5 mm</b>   |
| Connection type   | <b>M12, 12-pin male connector, M12, 8-pin male connector</b> | <b>M12, 12-pin male connector, M12, 8-pin male connector</b> |
| Material  |  |  |
| Housing   | <b>Aluminium</b>   | <b>Aluminium</b>   |
| Top   | <b>PC</b>  | <b>PC</b>  |
| Front screen  | <b>PMMA</b>  | <b>PMMA</b>  |
| Max. torque setting   |  |  |
| Fixing screw  | <b>3 Nm</b>  | <b>3 Nm</b>  |
| Adjusting screw for angle of inclination                                | <b>2,5 Nm</b>  | <b>2,5 Nm</b>  |
| PSEN sc Memory  | <b>1 Nm</b>  | <b>1 Nm</b>  |
| Dimensions  |  |  |
| Height  | <b>152 mm</b>  | <b>152 mm</b>  |
| Width   | <b>102 mm</b>  | <b>102 mm</b>  |
| Depth   | <b>112,5 mm</b>  | <b>112,5 mm</b>  |
| Weight  | <b>1.530 g</b>   | <b>1.530 g</b>   |

Where standards are undated, the 2018-01 latest editions shall apply.

## 14 Technical details order no. 6D000020-6D000021

| <b>General</b>                                  | <b>6D000020</b>       | <b>6D000021</b>       |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Certifications                                  | CE, TÜV, cULus Listed | CE, TÜV, cULus Listed |
| ESPE type                                       | 3                     | 3                     |
| Product type                                    | Slave                 | Slave                 |
| Sensor's mode of operation                      | Optical               | Optical               |
| Resolutions                                     | 40 mm, 70 mm          | 40 mm, 70 mm          |
| Number of zone sets that can be switched        | 10                    | 10                    |
| Operating range                                 |                       |                       |
| Warning zone at 70 mm resolution                | 0,05 - 40 m           | 0,05 - 40 m           |
| Warning zone at 40 mm resolution                | 0,05 - 22 m           | 0,05 - 22 m           |
| Safety zone at 70 mm resolution                 | 0,05 - 3 m            | 0,05 - 5,5 m          |
| Safety zone at 40 mm resolution                 | 0,05 - 3 m            | 0,05 - 3 m            |
| Number of simultaneously monitored safety zones | 1                     | 1                     |
| Number of simultaneously monitored zones        | 2                     | 2                     |
| Number of zone configurations                   | 10                    | 10                    |
| <b>Electrical data</b>                          | <b>6D000020</b>       | <b>6D000021</b>       |
| Supply voltage                                  |                       |                       |
| Voltage   | 24 V                  | 24 V                  |
| Kind  | DC                    | DC                    |
| Voltage tolerance                               | -20 %/+25 %           | -20 %/+25 %           |
| Output of external power supply (DC)            | 8 W                   | 8 W                   |
| Max. output power                               | 27 W                  | 27 W                  |
| Residual ripple DC                              | 5 %                   | 5 %                   |
| Max. inductive load per output                  | 2 H                   | 2 H                   |
| Protection class                                | 3                     | 3                     |
| <b>Optical data</b>                             | <b>6D000020</b>       | <b>6D000021</b>       |
| Diameter light spot on front plate              | 8 mm                  | 8 mm                  |
| Used wavelength range                           | 905 nm                | 905 nm                |
| Laser class (DIN EN 60825-1)                    | 1                     | 1                     |
| Scan area                                       | 275°                  | 275°                  |
| Max. opening angle scanner                      | 0,12°                 | 0,12°                 |
| Angle resolution                                | 0,1°                  | 0,1°                  |
| Max. number multiple evaluation                 | 16                    | 16                    |
| Detectable remission area                       | 1,8 - 1.000 %         | 1,8 - 1.000 %         |
| Pulse duration                                  | 3 ns                  | 3 ns                  |
| Typical output power laser                      | 8 mW                  | 8 mW                  |
| <b>Measuring circuit</b>                        | <b>6D000020</b>       | <b>6D000021</b>       |
| Input resistance                                | 12 kOhm               | 12 kOhm               |

| <b>Configurable inputs/outputs (inputs or auxiliary outputs)</b> |                      |                      |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
|  | <b>6D000020</b>      | <b>6D000021</b>      |
| Number   | 1                    | 1                    |
| <b>Inputs</b>  |                      |                      |
|  | <b>6D000020</b>      | <b>6D000021</b>      |
| Number   | 4                    | 4                    |
| Signal level at "0"  | < 5 V                | < 5 V                |
| Signal level at "1"  | > 12 V               | > 12 V               |
| Voltage at inputs  | 24 V                 | 24 V                 |
| Current per input  | 2 mA                 | 2 mA                 |
| <b>Semiconductor outputs</b>                                     |                      |                      |
|  | <b>6D000020</b>      | <b>6D000021</b>      |
| OSSD safety outputs  | 2                    | 2                    |
| Residual current at "0" signal                                   | < 700 $\mu$ A        | < 700 $\mu$ A        |
| Output voltage at "1" signal                                     | 2 V                  | 2 V                  |
| Output voltage at "0" signal                                     | 0 V                  | 0 V                  |
| Max. output current at rated voltage                             | 250 mA               | 250 mA               |
| Max. capacitive load   | 2,2 $\mu$ F          | 2,2 $\mu$ F          |
| <b>Ethernet interface</b>  |                      |                      |
|  | <b>6D000020</b>      | <b>6D000021</b>      |
| Number   | 1                    | 1                    |
| Connection type  | M12x1, 4-pin, D-code | M12x1, 4-pin, D-code |
| Transmission rate  | 100 MBit/s           | 100 MBit/s           |
| <b>Times</b>   |                      |                      |
|  | <b>6D000020</b>      | <b>6D000021</b>      |
| Test pulse duration, safety outputs                              | 300 $\mu$ s          | 300 $\mu$ s          |
| Switch-on delay  |                      |                      |
| Typ. switch-on delay   | 40 s                 | 40 s                 |
| Increased response time per measurement cycle                    | 30 ms                | 30 ms                |
| Response time t1   | 62 ms                | 62 ms                |
| Rotation time  | 30 ms                | 30 ms                |
| <b>Environmental data</b>  |                      |                      |
|  | <b>6D000020</b>      | <b>6D000021</b>      |
| Ambient temperature  |                      |                      |
| Temperature range  | 0 - 50 °C            | 0 - 50 °C            |
| Storage temperature  |                      |                      |
| Temperature range  | -20 - 70 °C          | -20 - 70 °C          |
| Climatic suitability   |                      |                      |
| Humidity   | max. 95 %            | max. 95 %            |
| Condensation during operation                                    | Not permitted        | Not permitted        |
| Vibration  |                      |                      |
| In accordance with the standard                                  | EN 60068-2-6         | EN 60068-2-6         |
| Frequency  | 10 - 55 Hz           | 10 - 55 Hz           |
| Amplitude  | 0,35 mm              | 0,35 mm              |

| <b>Environmental data</b>   | <b>6D000020</b>      | <b>6D000021</b>      |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Shock stress</b>   |                      |                      |
| In accordance with the standard   | <b>EN 60068-2-27</b> | <b>EN 60068-2-27</b> |
| Number of shocks  | <b>1000</b>          | <b>1000</b>          |
| Acceleration  | <b>10g</b>           | <b>10g</b>           |
| Duration  | <b>16 ms</b>         | <b>16 ms</b>         |
| <b>Protection type</b>  |                      |                      |
| Housing   | <b>IP65</b>          | <b>IP65</b>          |
| Deviation from ideal flatness of the scan field at max. operating range | <b>50 mm</b>         | <b>50 mm</b>         |
| <b>Mechanical data</b>  | <b>6D000020</b>      | <b>6D000021</b>      |
| Distance scanning plane to top edge                                     | <b>37,7 mm</b>       | <b>37,7 mm</b>       |
| Distance mirror rotational axis to the rear                             | <b>52,5 mm</b>       | <b>52,5 mm</b>       |
| <b>Material</b>   |                      |                      |
| Housing   | <b>Aluminium</b>     | <b>Aluminium</b>     |
| Top   | <b>PC</b>            | <b>PC</b>            |
| Front screen  | <b>PMMA</b>          | <b>PMMA</b>          |
| <b>Max. torque setting</b>  |                      |                      |
| Fixing screw  | <b>3 Nm</b>          | <b>3 Nm</b>          |
| Adjusting screw for angle of inclination                                | <b>2,5 Nm</b>        | <b>2,5 Nm</b>        |
| PSEN sc Memory  | <b>1 Nm</b>          | <b>1 Nm</b>          |
| <b>Dimensions</b>   |                      |                      |
| Height  | <b>152 mm</b>        | <b>152 mm</b>        |
| Width   | <b>102 mm</b>        | <b>102 mm</b>        |
| Depth   | <b>112,5 mm</b>      | <b>112,5 mm</b>      |
| Weight  | <b>1.530 g</b>       | <b>1.530 g</b>       |

Where standards are undated, the 2018-01 latest editions shall apply.



## 15 Safety characteristic data



### NOTICE

You must comply with the safety characteristic data in order to achieve the required safety level for your plant/machine.

| Operating mode | EN ISO 13849-1: 2015 | EN ISO 13849-1: 2015 | EN 62061 SIL CL | EN 62061 PFH <sub>D</sub> [1/h] | IEC 61511 SIL | IEC 61511 PFD | EN ISO 13849-1: 2015  |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|
|                | PL                   | Category             |                 |                                 |               |               | T <sub>M</sub> [year] |
| 2-ch. OSSD     | PL d                 | Cat. 3               | SIL CL 2        | 6,38E-08                        | SIL 2         | –             | 20                    |

Explanatory notes for the safety-related characteristic data:

- ▶ The SIL CL value in accordance with EN 62061 corresponds to the SIL value in accordance with EN 61508.
- ▶ T<sub>M</sub> is the maximum mission time in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1. The value also applies as the retest interval in accordance with EN 61508-6 and IEC 61511 and as the proof test interval and mission time in accordance with EN 62061.

All the units used within a safety function must be considered when calculating the safety characteristic data.



### INFORMATION

A safety function's SIL/PL values are **not** identical to the SIL/PL values of the units that are used and may be different. We recommend that you use the PAScal software tool to calculate the safety function's SIL/PL values.

## 16 Network data

| Interface      | Protocol    | Direction | Transport log | Port No. | Can be de-activated | Description             |
|----------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|----------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| User interface | proprietary | out       | UDP           | 2000     | No                  | Monitoring              |
| User interface | proprietary | in/out    | UDP           | 3000     | No                  | Receive command         |
| User interface | proprietary | in/out    | UDP           | 4088     | No                  | Find device in network  |
| User interface | proprietary | in/out    | UDP           | 12000    | No                  | Poll configuration data |

## 17 Order reference

### 17.1 System

| Product type           | Features  | Order no. |
|------------------------|---|-----------|
| PSEN sc M 3.0<br>08-12 | Safety laser scanner, range 3 m, master unit, M12, 8/12-pin   | 6D000016  |
| PSEN sc M 5.5<br>08-12 | Safety laser scanner, range 5.5 m, master unit, M12, 8/12-pin | 6D000017  |
| PSEN sc S 3.0<br>08-12 | Safety laser scanner, range 3 m, slave unit                   | 6D000020  |
| PSEN sc S 5.5<br>08-12 | Safety laser scanner, range 5.5 m, slave unit                 | 6D000021  |

### 17.2 Accessories

#### Installation materials

| Product type                | Features   | Order no.  |
|-----------------------------|--|------------|
| PSEN sc bracket P<br>R      | Mounting bracket for setting the tilt of the angle of inclination and the roll angle | 6D 000 002 |
| PSEN sc bracket P           | Mounting bracket for setting the tilt of the angle of inclination                    | 6D 000 003 |
| PSEN sc bracket C           | Mounting bracket for corner mounting   | 6D 000 011 |
| PSEN sc bracket F           | Mounting bracket for floor mounting  | 6D 000 010 |
| PSEN sc bracket H           | Accessory for protection of the head part  | 6D 000 004 |
| PSEN sc memory<br>M12 08-12 | Memory module 8- and 12-pin, M12   | 6D 000 006 |
| PSEN sc cleaner             | Antistatic cleaning agent  | 6D 000 008 |
| PSEN sc cloth               | Cleaning cloth   | 6D 000 009 |

#### Cable

| Product type                       | Features | Connector X1                          | Connector X2 | Connector X3 | Order no. |
|------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| PSEN cable axial<br>M12 8-pole 3m  | 3 m      | M12, 8-pin female connector, straight |              |              | 540 319   |
| PSEN cable axial<br>M12 8-pole 5m  | 5 m      | M12, 8-pin female connector, straight |              |              | 540 320   |
| PSEN cable axial<br>M12 8-pole 10m | 10 m     | M12, 8-pin female connector, straight |              |              | 540 321   |
| PSEN cable axial<br>M12 8-pole 30m | 30 m     | M12, 8-pin female connector, straight |              |              | 540 326   |

| Product type               | Features | Connector X1                           | Connector X2                        | Connector X3 | Order no. |
|----------------------------|----------|--|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| PSEN cable M12-12sf 2m     | 2 m      | M12, 12-pin female connector, straight |                                     |              | 570 350   |
| PSEN cable M12-12sf 3m     | 3 m      | M12, 12-pin female connector, straight |                                     |              | 570 351   |
| PSEN cable M12-12sf 5m     | 5 m      | M12, 12-pin female connector, straight |                                     |              | 570 352   |
| PSEN cable M12-12sf 10m    | 10 m     | M12, 12-pin female connector, straight |                                     |              | 570 353   |
| PSEN cable M12-12sf 20m    | 20 m     | M12, 12-pin female connector, straight |                                     |              | 570 354   |
| PSEN cable M12-12sf 30m    | 30 m     | M12, 12-pin female connector, straight |                                     |              | 570 355   |
| PSEN cable M12-12sf 50m    | 50 m     | M12, 12-pin female connector, straight |                                     |              | 570 356   |
| PSEN op Ethernet cable 3m  | 3 m      | M12, 4-pin male connector, straight    | 4-pin RJ45 male connector, straight |              | 631 072   |
| PSEN op Ethernet cable 10m | 10 m     | M12, 4-pin male connector, straight    | 4-pin RJ45 male connector, straight |              | 631 073   |

# 18 Appendix

## 18.1 Check list

The check list below is intended as an aid in for the following work on a safety laser scanner of the PSEN sc M 3/5 series:

- ▶ During commissioning,
- ▶ recommissioning, and
- ▶ running the specified regular check.

Note that the check list is not intended to replace the plant-specific safety analysis required for commissioning/recommissioning, nor the resulting inspections and actions.



### INFORMATION

Commissioning, recommissioning and regular inspection may only be carried out by qualified personnel.

We recommend that you keep the completed check list and store it with the machine documentation for reference.

| Action   | OK | Not OK | Notes |
|--|----|--------|-------|
| <p><b>Check the safety category/standards</b></p> <p>Does the safety category of the safety laser scanner match the safety category required for the plant/machine?</p> <p>Have the standards applicable for the plant/machine been considered?</p>        |    |        |       |
| <p><b>Check ambient conditions for safety laser scanner</b></p> <p>Have the environmental conditions been met (see <a href="#">Ambient conditions</a> [📖 37])?</p> <p>Have the technical details been met for all the safety laser scanner components?</p> |    |        |       |
| <p><b>Check access points to the danger zone</b></p> <p>Are all access points to the danger zone safeguarded either by safety laser scanners or by other safeguards?</p>   |    |        |       |

| Action   | OK | Not OK | Notes |
|--|----|--------|-------|
| <p><b>Check minimum distance to danger zone</b></p> <p>Has the minimum distance been calculated in accordance with the applicable standards?</p> <p>Has the calculated minimum distance been maintained at all points?</p>   |    |        |       |
| <p><b>Check safety zone</b></p> <p>Has the ability to creep underneath the safety zone undetected been excluded?</p>   |    |        |       |
| <p><b>Check safety laser scanner</b></p> <p>Make sure that there are no objects in front of the safety laser scanner (e.g. trailing cables, crossbeams, struts, covers, etc.).</p> <p>Make sure that there are no transparent materials between the monitored safety zone and the safety laser scanner (such as the glass panel).</p> <p>Are all the mechanical connections on the safety laser scanner attached correctly?</p> <p>Are all the electrical connections to the safety laser scanner wired correctly?</p> |    |        |       |
| <p><b>Check the effectiveness of the safety laser scanner during the hazardous movement</b></p> <p>Is the safety laser scanner effective throughout the whole of the hazardous movement of the plant/machine?</p>  |    |        |       |
| <p><b>Check the output circuitry of the programmable safety and control system</b></p> <p>Have OSSDs been incorporated as required for the desired safety category?</p> <p>Are the switching elements that are connected to the OSSDs (valves, contactors, etc.) monitored with feedback loops?</p> <p>Does the wiring of the OSSDs match the circuit diagram?</p>   |    |        |       |

| Action  | OK | Not OK | Notes |
|---|----|--------|-------|
| <b>Check the protective function of the safety laser scanner</b><br>Violate the safety zone at various points:<br>The hazardous movement must be shut down. |    |        |       |
| <b>Switch off the safety laser scanner</b><br>Is the hazardous movement stopped immediately when you switch off?  |    |        |       |

## 19 Identification

The safety laser scanner's year and month of manufacture is encoded within its serial number.

The serial number is a 9-digit code.

X YY M #####

### Legend

X Internal designation (any letter)

YY Year of manufacture

16 = 2016

17 = 2017

18 = 2018

19 = 2019

...

30 = 2030

M Month of manufacture

A = January

G = July

B = February

H = August

C = March

I = September

D = April

L = October

E = May

M = November

F = June

N = December

##### Consecutive number within the month



## 20 **EC declaration of conformity**

This product/these products meet the requirements of the directive 2006/42/EC for machinery of the European Parliament and of the Council. The complete EC Declaration of Conformity is available on the Internet at [www.pilz.com/downloads](http://www.pilz.com/downloads).

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